CITY OF **DENISON, TX**

300 WEST MAIN | DENISON, TX 75020 WWW.CITYOFDENISON.COM | 903.465.2720

2023

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

City of Denison, Texas

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Prepared by

Bobby Atteberry Interim City Manager

Renee' Waggoner Assistant City Manager

Laurie Alsabbagh Director of Finance



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City of Denison

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March 15, 2024

Honorable Mayor, City Council, And Residents of Denison

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Denison, Texas for the year ended September 30, 2023, is submitted herewith.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that is established for this purpose. Since the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

BrooksWatson & Co. have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Denison's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2023. The independent auditor's report is located in the beginning of the financial section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements.

GENERAL INFORMATION – CITY OF DENISON

The City of Denison is located in Grayson County just four miles from the Red River and Texas/Oklahoma border. The City was founded on September 23, 1872, and incorporated on March 7, 1873.

The City Council is comprised of a Mayor and six council members and is responsible for enacting ordinances, resolutions, and regulations governing the City, as well as appointing the members of various statutory and advisory boards, the City Manager, City Attorney, and a Municipal Judge. The City Manager is the chief administrative officer of the government and is responsible for the enforcement of laws and ordinances, the appointment and supervision of the executive directors, and heads of departments, and the performance of functions within the municipal organization.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Grayson County is the 35th largest of 254 counties in Texas with a population of just over 137,008. Sherman is the county seat and largest city of Grayson county while Denison, which meets the northern border, is the next largest. Denison is home to approximately 26,800 residents in an area covering more than 29 square miles. Major industry for the area includes health care, insurance claim processing, farming, livestock, food processing and distribution, higher education, and manufacturing.

Given Denison's pro-business attitude, the City continued to move forward in a positive direction during 2023. Denison is clearly focused on the quality of life for all of its residents.

Business Highlights:

- Cantina Lime held their grand opening and ribbon cutting on October 5, 2022.
- 34 Chophouse and Landon Winery, both in Downtown Denison on Main Street, held their preview Grand Opening on October 8, 2022.
- QuikTrip opened its first convenience store in Denison on November 17, 2022. The fuel and food center is 4,800 square feet and features 10 gasoline pumps.
- Heritage Butchery & Barbecue opened their butchery and market in November of 2022.
- North Texas Soft Wash held their ribbon cutting at their location at 48 Davy Lane, Suite D on November 22, 2022.
- MC Loan Signing Agents located at 313 W Woodard St. had their ribbon cutting on December 16, 2022.
- Sweet Lil Repeat had their ribbon cutting ceremony on December 16, 2022. Their consignment boutique is located at 307 W Main Street.
- Bubba Thompson Texoma Real Estate Group, eXp Realty had their ribbon cutting on December 6, 2022, at 519 W Main Street, Suite 101.
- Golden Wellness Boutique held their ribbon cutting at 121 W Main Street on January 12, 2023.
- Top Paw Pet Grooming opened their doors at 714 W Chestnut in July of 2023.
- Fyr Flower located at 130 W Main Street held their grand opening and ribbon cutting July 11, 2023.
- The grand opening of Ace Hardware was August 2, 2023.
- Uniquely Posh Giftery at 226 W Main Street, Suite 101 in downtown Denison had their ribbon cutting on September 8, 2023.
- Jake Shockley State Farm Insurance Agent held his ribbon cutting on September 15, 2023, for his new location at 5101 Gateway Blvd, Suite 107.
- Ethos Coffee located inside Katy Depot opened their doors in September of 2023.
- Pro Auto Glass & Window Tinting had their ribbon cutting at their location in downtown Denison at 316 N Houston Ave on September 21, 2023.
- Wise Wolf Gold and Silver Exchange located inside Main Street Mall at 500 W Main Street celebrated their ribbon cutting in September 2023.

Other Highlights:

 The City has negotiated multiple tax abatement agreements. These agreements have a long term benefit of creating more earning power, sales taxes, and overall standard of living for the community.

- November 2022, the Denison Parks and Recreation Department was selected as an awards recipient
 for two Texas Recreation and Park Society (TRAPS) awards. Tyler Bark received the honor for the
 Horizons Award (recognizing an outstanding professional with less than 5 years of experience in
 either parks or recreation) and Chip Egger was recognized as the Park Professional of the Year
 (recognizing outstanding contribution to the Parks industry).
- The Sesquicentennial Time Capsule Ceremony was held in Katy Depot on Thursday, December 15, 2022. Items were collected for the time capsule, people shared memories, and Mayor Janet Gott offered thoughts on Denison, its history, and the sesquicentennial year. The time capsule was buried in the Katy Depot Park and will be opened by future residents during the City's bicentennial year in 2072.
- In December of 2022, the City unveiled 4 sculptures along the Katy Trail. The sculptures were created by local artist Casni Studio and are all railroad-inspired due to Denison's history with the MKT railroad. More sculptures are expected to be revealed in late 2023.
- January 2023 saw the arrival of the first of 3 new ambulances for Denison Fire Rescue.
- In February 2023, the City of Denison announced that the Denison Public Library received the 2022 Achievement of Library Excellence Award from the Texas Municipal Library Directors Association (TMLDA), an affiliate of the Texas Municipal League. This is the 9th year in a row for Denison. Of the 542 public libraries in Texas, only 73 received this award in 2022.
- April of 2023 the City of Denison was selected to be one of the nine Texas cities featured in the third
 season of Amazon Prime Docuseries, The Story of Art in America. Film Director and Creator of
 the Series, Christelle Bois, said she sought out small Texas cities with a big artistic presence. The
 city will have a 30-minute episode to paint the picture of six different artists in Denison, featuring
 their murals, statues, architecture, and music.
- On Monday, May 15, 2023, the Denison City Council unanimously approved a development agreement for Preston Harbor, a 3,114-acre master planned community slated to include a resort hotel, retail, restaurants, an upscale marina, and about 7,500 homes from luxury single-family to apartments, condos, townhomes, and cottages. David Craig, the founder, president and CEO of Craig International and the master developer of Craig Ranch in McKinney, will lead the development team for Preston Harbor. The project now called Preston Harbor has been in the works for 20 years and has been known for most of that time as Schuler Development. The development will have nine miles of frontage on Lake Texoma. Many of the homes on the shore will be single-family and estate homes on lots ranging from a quarter-acre to an acre or more. The town center area will have a park that cascades down to a public dock and private-public marina with 400 to 600 boat slips. That part of the project will include restaurants overlooking the lake and other retail opportunities along with townhome and multifamily development.
- In July of 2023, the City of Denison received notice from the Insurance Services Office (ISO) that Denison Fire Rescue had received a Public Protection Classification (PPC) rating of I/IY for its latest public protection classification. The rating, informally known as an ISO rating, classifies a fire department's capabilities at preventing and fighting a fire. A Class I rating decreases the cost of casualty insurance for Denison residents and commercial businesses and is a powerful economic incentive for companies and industries that are considering a move to Denison. ISO is an advisory organization that collects and evaluates information about a community ability to extinguish building fires assigning a PPC rating between 1 and 10 which is then used by insurance companies to help establish fair premiums for homeowner and commercial fire insurance. A Class 1 rating represents an exemplary fire suppression program and generally results in lower fire

insurance premiums throughout the community. Currently more than 50,000 departments are rated through the ISO. Only 411 in the country and 82 in the state of Texas have the highest rating. The new rating will take effect starting on January 1, 2024.

- In March 2023, Denison Fire Rescue received the American College of Cardiology Partnership Award, recognizing response times that have saved many lives.
- In March of 2023 the new President Dwight D. Eisenhower mural located at the Owings Street overpass at the intersection of Lamar and Owings which leads to the entrance of the Eisenhower Birthplace State Historic Site was created by Connecticut-based artist ARCY. On one side of the mural is a representation of General Eisenhower giving a speech at Forest Park in 1946, on the other side of the mural President Eisenhower is seen holding a key to the City, which was presented to him in 1952, the year he was elected president.
- In March 2023 THLA, the Texas Hotel and Lodging Association named Denison their City of the Month. Denison was featured on their website and was included in their newsletter and social media channels.
- On July 31, 2023, Denison was featured in a Texas Monthly's *Small-town Travel* series which explores the culture and history of destinations in Texas. The article stated that Denison is a cozy, not too crowded getaway in North Texas and our wineries, stylish bed-and-breakfast, and restored train depot make Denison a great weekend getaway.
- Denison welcomed hometown hero, Ambassador Chesley "Sully" Sullenberger on September 16, 2023. The day was filled with heartfelt tributes, and opportunities to connect with the remarkable man who captured the nation's heart with his extraordinary action with landing on the Hudson River. The day began with a homecoming parade on Main Street from the 700 block to Heritage Park. Following the parade, members of the public gathered at Heritage Park for a mural ribbon cutting dedicated to Ambassador Sullenger's remarkable "Miracle on the Hudson" flight and his unwavering commitment to aviation safety. Ambassador Sullenberger then visited Perrin Air Force Base Museum to sign copies of his inspiring memoir.
- In September of 2023, Denison Main Street was announced as a 2024 Great American Main Street Award (GAMSA) Semifinalist. This prestigious award is the nation's top award recognizing communities for their excellence in comprehensive preservation-based commercial district revitalization. A jury of professionals and leaders in the fields of community and economic development and historic preservation convened to review a nationwide pool of applicants. After thoughtful deliberation, the jury unanimously selected eight semifinalists that demonstrate exemplary use of the Main Street ApproachTM to lead community-based transformation strategies in their downtowns. The 2024 Great American Main Street Award winners will be announced at the opening plenary of the 2024 Main Street Now Conference in Birmingham, Alabama, on May 6, 2024.
- A total of 194 new single-family housing permits and 68 new duplex housing permits were issued from October 2022 to September 2023.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

- Phase One Ribbon Cutting for Designing Downtown Denison (D3) was held right in front of City Hall at 300 W Main on Monday, August 7, 2023.
- Phase Two of Denison's Main Street is in the works. The City approved \$1.2 million in bonds to fund the design of Phase Two of the Designing Downtown Denison project, also known as D3.
 Phase Two will pick up at the 300 and 400 hundred blocks, which includes the remodeling of

- Heritage Park. Funding is for design only, with the construction of Phase Two still under discussion. Estimates of completion of Phase Two could be as early as 2026.
- Construction began December 2022 on the S. 7th Avenue, E. Hull Street, E. Murray Street, and W. Johnson Street projects which involve the construction of approximately 4,400 linear feet of 8-inch and 4-inch diameter PVC water line. The project also includes replacing approximately 3,075 linear feet of 6-inch diameter sanitary sewer line; reconstruction of approximately 2,100 linear feet of 29-feet and 27-feet wide asphalt road with concrete curb & gutter; reconstruction of 1,850 linear feet of 18-feet and 31-feet wide asphalt roadway.
- Duck Creek Interceptor Emergency Replacement Construction began in January of 2023 for emergency sewer line replacement and upsizing from the Duck Creek Lift Station to Hwy 75 crossing. Estimate of completion is spring of 2024.
- Lake Texoma Raw Water Pump Station and Transmission Line. Construction began in January of 2023 on the intake structure and pipeline to add additional conveyance capacity from Lake Texoma to Lake Randell. Estimate of completion will be fall of 2025.
- Waterloo Lake Sewer Line Reconstruction. Phase 1 of this project began January 2023 and is expected to be completed in early 2024. This project includes but is not limited to replacement of approximately 7,400 linear feet of existing 8" and 12" gravity sewer pipe with approximately 9,332 linear feet of proposed 12" and 18" gravity sewer pipe, respectively, beginning near Viking Street northwest of Crawford Street and Lillis Lane to east of Waterloo Lake. The project also includes replacement of approximately 1,425 linear feet of lateral gravity sewer lines ranging from 8" to 12", pavement improvements, 18" storm drain installation, and abandonment of existing manholes and gravity pipe. Part of this project includes improving the parking lot at Waterloo Lake with a concrete pad for the kayak rental station, rip rap along the creek bank, and grading improvements.
- The E. Bullock Street project involves the construction of approximately 575 linear feet of 8-inch and 6-inch diameter PVC waterline. The project also includes the construction of 538 linear feet of 8-inch diameter sanitary sewer line; reconstruction of 506 linear feet of 31-foot-wide asphalt road with concrete curb & gutter. The project is expected to be completed in 14 months.
- The Loy Lake Road Reconstruction began in early 2023 and is anticipated to take about 20 months. The project includes reconstruction of Loy Lake from the US-75 service road to north of Odell Avenue, including approximately 3,600 feet of 37-foot undivided reinforced concrete pavement with curb and gutter, sidewalk on each side of the roadway, storm sewer, water, and sanitary sewer construction, a round-a-bout at Loy Lake Road and Coffin with all new road striping and signage. The project also includes a concrete path extending the sidewalk from the service road to Loy Lake Park. The goal of this project is to Mitigate stormwater issues in surrounding neighborhoods, improve utility service to existing residents and businesses, replace obsolete and/or damaged infrastructure.
- FM 84 Waterline Improvements project includes but is not limited to upsizing a portion of the existing waterline from Hwy 75 to Lil' Old Road. The City is replacing about 9,000 feet of 8" waterline with 12" waterline including new hydrants, new services, and other improvements. Timeline: Construction will begin in November 2023 and is estimated to be completed March 2024. The goal of the project is improved services for existing customers and additional capacity for future customers.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Accounting Procedures and Budgetary Controls

The City's accounting records for general government are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with revenues being recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received, and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the City's water and sewer utility and other proprietary activities are maintained on an accrual basis.

The budgetary process begins each year with the preparation of both current and proposed year revenue estimates by the City's financial management staff, and expenditure estimates by each City division. Budgets are reviewed by the City Manager. The City Manager makes final decisions and submits a recommended budget to the City Council.

As part of each year's budget development process, divisions are required to update expenditure estimates for the current fiscal year. These estimates are reviewed by the Assistant City Manager, the City Manager, and the City Council concurrent with review of the proposed budget. The level of control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget) is the division level. The City Council approves all budget amendments.

Tax Rates

All eligible property within the City is subject to assessment, levy, and collection by the City of a continuing, direct ad valorem tax sufficient to provide for the payment of principal and interest on outstanding bonds within the limits prescribed by law, and the payment of maintenance and operation costs as approved by the City Council. The tax rates adopted by the City Council are shown below:

Budget Year	Tax Rate	Taxable Value	<u>Collections</u>
2018-2019	\$0.633377	1,573,456,675	9,354,694
2019-2020	\$0.652034	1,754,054,513	10,589,079
2020-2021	\$0.652034	1,908,178,096	11,544,648
2021-2022	\$0.652034	2,075,368,996	12,509,237
2022-2023	\$0.652034	2,594,661,245	15,573,481

OTHER INFORMATION

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to City of Denison for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This was the twelfth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

Many people are responsible for the preparation of this report, and for the maintenance of records upon which it is based. Appreciation is expressed to the City employees throughout the organization, especially those employees of the Accounting Division who were instrumental in the successful completion of this report.

Our appreciation is also extended to the Mayor and members of the City Council for providing the resources necessary to maintain the integrity of the City's financial affairs.

Respectfully submitted,

Bobby Atteberry

INTERIM CITY MANAGER

Renee' Waggoner

Roue Wayone

ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Denison Texas

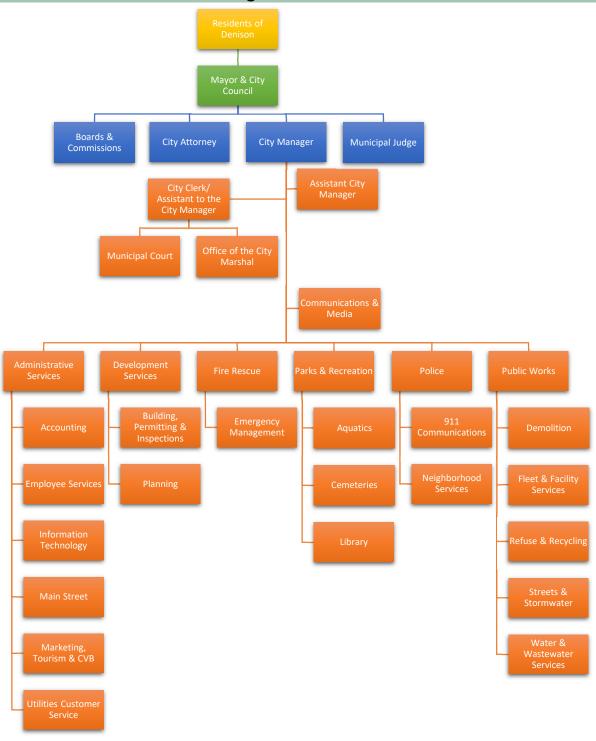
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Denison 2022/2023 Organizational Chart



ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

September 30, 2023

City Council

Janet Gott Mayor

Michael Courtright Council Member Place 1
James Thorne Council Member Place 2
Josh Massey Council Member Place 3

Robert Crawley Council Member Place 4/Mayor Pro Tem

Aaron Thomas Council Member Place 5
Brian Hander Council Member Place 6

Appointed Officials

Bobby Atteberry Interim City Manager Renee' Waggoner Assistant City Manager

Michael Gudgel Police Chief Kenneth Jacks Fire Chief

Christine Wallentine Assistant to the City Manager/City Clerk

Ronnie Bates Public Works Director







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Denison, Texas:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Denison, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Denison, Texas, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City of Denison, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair

presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Denison Business and Industrial Corporation, component unit of the City, which represents 87%, 82%, and 98%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Denison Business and Industrial Corporation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of Matter

Restatements

As discussed in Note V.J. to the financial statements, the City restated beginning net position for governmental activities in order to correct capital asset balances in the prior year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Component Unit Yearend

As discussed in Note I.B to the financial statements, the discretely presented component unit, Denison Community Investment Corporation, maintains financial records ending December 31, 2022.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion, general fund budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liabilities and related ratios, and schedule of employer contributions to the pension plans, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

This accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such

information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory, statistical sections, and continuing disclosure section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 15, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BrooksWatson & Co.

Certified Public Accountants

Brook Watson & Co.

Houston, Texas

March 15, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2023

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A") is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the City of Denison's financial activities for the year ending September 30, 2023. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the City's activities, compares current-year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. GASB Statement No. 34 establishes the content of the minimum requirements for the MD&A. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

The annual financial report is presented as compliant with the financial reporting model in effect pursuant to GASB Statement No. 34. This financial reporting model requires governments to present certain basic financial statements as well as an MD&A and certain other Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The City's total combined net position was \$94,301,048 at September 30, 2023. Of this, \$13,314,917 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$32,413,226, a decrease of \$115,516. This decrease is primarily due to significantly greater public safety expenditures compared to the prior year.
- As of the end of the year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$11,363,069 or 29% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City had an overall increase in net position of \$7,991,110.
- The City's net pension liabilities totaled \$15,095,017 as of year end.

Overview of Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2023

Government-Wide Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The difference between the two is reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, such as the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the City.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public services, culture and recreation, and public works. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate Denison Business and Industrial Corporation, Denison Community Investment Corporation, and the Denison Public Library Endowment Fund, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the City of Denison. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Denison uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal reporting requirements. The categories of City funds are governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of*

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2023

spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Denison maintains thirty-two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and general bond fund, which are considered major funds, and the aggregate nonmajor funds.

The City of Denison adopted budgets for all governmental funds with the exception of Community Development Operating, Mr. & Mrs. Jones Memorial Trust, Project Participation, and Hotel Occupancy Tax funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water distribution, wastewater collection/treatment, and water construction operations. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City maintains two fiduciary funds. The police seizure fund is a custodial fund that accounts for assets seized by the police department in which the City holds in a custodial capacity. The sister city fund is a custodial fund that accounts for assets donated to a local nonprofit, which the City holds in a custodial capacity.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2023

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI that GASB Statement No. 34 requires includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund and schedule of funding progress for Texas Municipal Retirement System and the Firemen's Relief and Retirement fund. RSI can be found after the basic financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and discretely presented component units are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. For the City of Denison, assets and deferred outflows exceed liabilities and deferred inflows by \$94,301,048 as of September 30, 2023, in the primary government.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$73,398,482, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, city hall, police station, streets, and drainage systems, as well as the public works facilities), less any debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Long-term assets for both governmental and business-type activities increased over the prior year primarily as a result of increased investment in ongoing city projects.

Total current and other assets for the primary government increased by 14,350,446 or 18% primarily due to greater interest-bearing accounts and the realization of higher interest rates. In addition to, more cash on hand due to the new bond issuances in the current year.

Total deferred outflows for governmental activities increased by \$6,254,827 or over 100%. Total deferred inflows for governmental activities decreased by \$7,149,297 or 98%. Both changes are strictly due to actuarial changes in the City's pension balances over the course of the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2023

Total capital assets for the primary government increased by \$44,642,490 or 31% due to water and sewer infrastructure improvements, in addition to new vehicles and equipment purchased during the current year.

Total long-term liabilities for the primary government increased by \$49,446,888 or 42% which is directly related to new bond issuances and the City recognizing a greater pension liability in the current year.

Statement of Net Position:

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

				2023						2022			
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-Type			G	overnmental	Business-Type		tal Business-Type		
		Activities		Activities	_	Total		Activities		Activities		Total	
Current and													
other assets	\$	44,239,311	\$	51,674,411	9	\$ 95,913,722	\$	44,381,119	\$	37,182,157	\$	81,563,276	
Capital assets, net		75,074,045		111,972,065		187,046,110		70,352,544		72,051,076		142,403,620	
Net pension asset		-		=	_	-		2,097,759		591,281		2,689,040	
Total Assets		119,313,356		163,646,476	_	282,959,832		116,831,422		109,824,514		226,655,936	
Deferred Outflows													
of Resources		7,905,121		1,496,788	_	9,401,909	_	1,650,294	_	284,571	_	1,934,865	
Other liabilities		11,449,768		19,506,014		30,955,782		9,706,890		6,712,608		16,419,498	
Long-term liabilities		55,014,974		111,966,135	_	166,981,109		45,811,994		71,722,227		117,534,221	
Total Liabilities		66,464,742		131,472,149	_	197,936,891		55,518,884		78,434,835		133,953,719	
Deferred Inflows of													
Resources		123,802		-	_	123,802	_	7,273,099		1,054,045	_	8,327,144	
Net Position:													
Net investment in													
capital assets		44,569,881		28,828,601		73,398,482		42,830,735		23,173,107		66,003,842	
Restricted		7,587,649		-		7,587,649		10,233,014		591,281		10,824,295	
Unrestricted		8,472,403		4,842,514		13,314,917		2,625,984		6,855,817		9,481,801	
Total Net Position	\$	60,629,933	\$	33,671,115	9	\$ 94,301,048	\$	55,689,733	\$	30,620,205	\$	86,309,938	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2023

Statement of Activities:

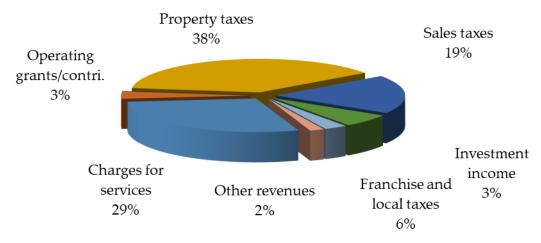
The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

	For the Yea	r Ended Septemb	er 30, 2023	For the Year Ended September 30, 2022				
			Total			Total		
	Governmental	Business-Type	Primary	Governmental	Business-Type	Primary		
	Activities	Activities	Government	Activities	Activities	Government		
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 12,587,840	\$ 18,968,067	\$ 31,555,907	\$ 10,209,298	\$ 16,903,891	\$ 27,113,189		
Operating grants/contri.	1,525,739	204,482	1,730,221	949,989	-	949,989		
Capital grants/contri.	19,192	-	19,192	3,913,306	-	3,913,306		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	16,696,399	-	16,696,399	13,263,057	-	13,263,057		
Sales taxes	8,140,375	-	8,140,375	7,924,179	-	7,924,179		
Franchise and local taxes	2,757,728	-	2,757,728	2,419,078	-	2,419,078		
Investment income	1,257,389	2,068,107	3,325,496	147,480	229,802	377,282		
Other revenues	795,431	-	795,431	1,013,301		1,013,301		
Total Revenues	43,780,093	21,240,656	65,020,749	39,839,688	17,133,693	56,973,381		
Expenses								
General government	9,116,744	-	9,116,744	6,417,612	-	6,417,612		
Public safety	17,421,835	=	17,421,835	13,218,099	-	13,218,099		
Community services	6,748,665	-	6,748,665	6,815,721	-	6,815,721		
Public works	7,400,109	-	7,400,109	6,227,422	-	6,227,422		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,174,944	3,577,361	4,752,305	1,061,659	1,907,004	2,968,663		
Water & sewer		11,589,981	11,589,981		10,155,249	10,155,249		
Total Expenses	41,862,297	15,167,342	57,029,639	33,740,513	12,062,253	45,802,766		
Change in Net Position								
Before Transfers	1,917,796	6,073,314	7,991,110	6,099,175	5,071,440	11,170,615		
Transfers	3,022,404	(3,022,404)		1,971,499	(1,971,499)	-		
Total	3,022,404	(3,022,404)	_	1,971,499	(1,971,499)			
Change in Net Position	4,940,200	3,050,910	7,991,110	8,070,674	3,099,941	11,170,615		
Beginning Net Position	55,689,733	30,620,205	86,309,938	47,619,059	27,520,264	75,139,323		
Ending Net Position	\$ 60,629,933	\$ 33,671,115	\$ 94,301,048	\$ 55,689,733	\$ 30,620,205	\$ 86,309,938		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2023

Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary tables are displayed below to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.

Governmental Activities - Revenues

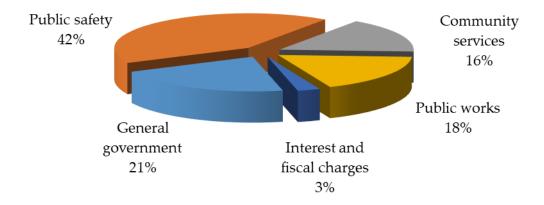


For the year ended September 30, 2023, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$43,780,093. Charges for services, property tax, and sales tax are the City's largest revenue sources. Charges for services increased by \$2,378,542 or 23%, which was due to greater garbage disposal, park maintenance fees and ambulance services, resulting from City growth over the course of the year. Operating grants and contributions increased by \$575,750 or 61% due to various contributions and a new grant for emergency rehabilitation program projects. Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$3,318,364 or 68% due primarily to nonrecurring federal relief grant received in the prior year. Property taxes increased by \$3,433,342 or 26% due to greater assessed property values in the current year as a result of growth and development throughout the City. Franchise and local taxes increased by \$338,650 or 14% primarily due to greater hotel/motel taxes, as a direct result of more tourism activities compared to the prior year. Investment income increased \$1,109,909 or over 100% due to the realization of higher interest rates and greater interest-bearing accounts held during the year. Other revenues decreased by \$217,870 or 22% as a result of a nonrecurring gain on sale of assets in the prior year. All other revenues remained relatively consistent with the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2023

This graph shows the governmental function expenses of the City:

Governmental Activities - Expenses

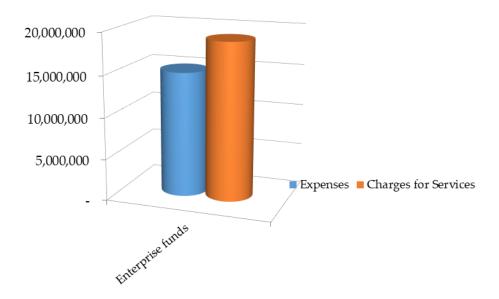


For the year ended September 30, 2023, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$41,862,297. This represents an increase of \$8,121,784 or 24% from the prior year. The City's largest functional expense is public safety of \$17,421,835 and increased by \$4,203,736 or 32%. This increase is primarily a result of current year adjustment to the pension liability and compensated absence balances, in addition to an increase in salaries and wages, as well as an increase in IT-related expenses in the current year. General government expenses increased by \$2,699,132 or 42% primarily due to greater personnel costs, resulting from hiring additional employees and increases in salaries in the current year. In addition, the City incurred greater professional and legal fees in the current year. Public works expenses increased by \$1,172,687 or 19% primarily due to greater personnel costs, resulting from increase in salaries and hiring additional employees. In addition to greater fuel costs for vehicles and equipment, vehicle maintenance, recycling costs, and building maintenance. All other expenses remained relatively consistent with the previous year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2023

Business-type activities are shown comparing operating costs to revenues generated by related services.

Business-Type Activities - Revenues and Expenses



For the year ended September 30, 2023, charges for services by business-type activities totaled \$18,968,067. This is an increase of \$2,064,176 or 12%, from the previous year. The increase is primarily a result of greater water consumption compared to the prior year and increased sewer service rates charged to customers in the current year.

Total expenses increased by \$3,105,089 or 26% compared to the prior year. Interest and fiscal charges increased primarily due to greater interest paid resulting from new debt issuances and nonrecurring bond issuance costs recognized in the current year. Utility service expenses increase due to greater personnel costs, water purchases, drainage supplies, professional fees, and depreciation expenses in the current year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information of near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of the end of the year the general fund reflected a total fund balance of \$12,443,886. Of this, \$98,168 is nonspendable inventories, \$4,572 is committed to cemetery, \$104,861 is committed for contingency,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2023

and \$873,216 is restricted for capital improvements. Unassigned fund balance totaled \$11,363,069 as of year end.

General fund balance increased by \$908,526 primarily due to receiving greater sales taxes and charges for services revenues than anticipated. In addition, the City incurred significantly less expenditures than what was appropriated. Property tax increased by \$2,553,861 when compared to the prior year due to greater assessed property values. Charges for services increased by \$2,436,533 when compared to the prior year due to greater garbage disposal and ambulance services.

The general interest and sinking fund reflected a total fund balance of \$2,130,979, an increase of \$1,144,521. The increase is primarily a result of funds received from the DDA Note Receivable, in addition to greater transfers in from other funds.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There was a total positive budget variance of \$7,142,300 in the general fund. This is a combination of a positive revenue variance of \$2,728,412, a positive expenditure variance \$4,369,697, and positive variance in other financing sources of \$44,191.

The original general fund budget deficit of \$168,989 was amended during the year to a final budgeted deficit of \$6,233,774. Significant amendments made to expenditures included an increase in the city manager/administration and public safety – fire and police departments, and public works.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of the end of the year, the City's governmental activities funds had invested \$75,074,045 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is included with the governmental capital assets as required by GASB Statement No. 34. The City's business-type activities funds had invested \$111,972,065 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation.

Major capital asset events during the current year include the following additions:

- Land improvements to Mulberry Bridge and Jones Park totaling \$67,727.
- Improvements to the library building for \$48,763.
- Building maintenance totaling \$52,326.
- Purchased a firetruck for \$774,000.
- Purchased a dump truck for \$157,000.
- Purchased four new vehicles for the fire department totaling \$563,145.
- Purchased new radio infrastructure for \$763,906.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2023

- Purchased equipment for the fire department totaling \$200,185.
- Purchased a Bobcat Compact Track Loader for \$81,578.
- Purchased six generators for \$364,950.
- Purchased four dumpsters for \$143,078.
- Purchased a blower and turbine pump for the water treatment plant totaling \$109,498.
- Purchased two Dri-Prime Pumps for \$111,841.
- Purchased a Gorman Rupp Pump for \$44,000.
- Purchased a cargo trailer for \$33,196.
- Purchased an elevated tank for \$78,237.
- Made improvements to the Theresa Water Line for \$5,240,345.
- Purchased an Iron Ore Creek Interceptor for \$4,298,678.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in note IV. D to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current year, the City had total bonds, notes payable, and other long-term debt outstanding of \$158,125,613. During the year, the City made payments on long-term debt totaling \$8,197,243. Additions to long-term debt include Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022C, totaling \$1,140,000 in governmental activities and Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023, totaling \$39,520,000 in business-type activities. The City entered into multiple lease agreements totaling \$2,827,118 for governmental activities and \$728,912 for business-type activities. The City entered into two subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITAs) totaling \$28,511 for governmental activities and \$85,534 for business-type activities. The City's credit rating remained unchanged over the course of the year. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in note IV. G to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Mayor and City Council are committed to maintaining and improving the overall wellbeing of the City of Denison and improving services provided to their public citizens. The City is budgeting for growth in the upcoming year.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Denison's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Finance Director, 300 West Main Street, P.O. Box 347, Denison, Texas 75021.



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Page 1 of 2) September 30, 2023

				,						
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-Type			•	Component		
		Activities		Activities		Total		Units		
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,395,866	\$	24,378,249	\$	50,774,115	\$	6,619,250		
Investments		405,630		401,808		807,438		2,264,894		
Restricted assets - cash		6,769,333		23,849,696		30,619,029		18,531		
Restricted assets - investments		-		-		-		655,749		
Receivables, net		4,152,382		2,817,729		6,970,111		516,615		
Inventory		98,168		160,716		258,884		-		
Internal balances		(66,213)		66,213		-		-		
Intergovernmental receivable		-		-		-		965,895		
Current portion of grant receivables		793,519		-		793,519		-		
Notes receivable - current		255,000		-		255,000		147,896		
Interest in net position of recipient org.		212,107		-		212,107		-		
Total Current Assets		39,015,792		51,674,411		90,690,203		11,188,830		
Notes receivable - long-term		4,430,000		-		4,430,000		1,002,904		
Long-term grant receivables		793,519		-		793,519		-		
Capital assets:										
Non-depreciable		19,069,651		49,514,613		68,584,264		6,019,261		
Net depreciable capital assets		56,004,394		62,457,452		118,461,846		339,294		
Total Noncurrent Assets		80,297,564		111,972,065		192,269,629		7,361,459		
Total Assets		119,313,356		163,646,476		282,959,832		18,550,289		
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Pension outflows - TMRS		4,679,996		1,473,418		6,153,414		-		
Pension outflows - firefighter's pension		3,225,125		-		3,225,125		-		
Deferred charge on bond refunding		-		23,370		23,370		-		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		7,905,121		1,496,788		9,401,909		-		
			. —		. ——		. —			

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Page 2 of 2)

September 30, 2023

Primary (Government
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	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable and				
accrued liabilities	4,159,135	13,016,966	17,176,101	42,192
Escrow payable	-	-	-	18,530
Accrued interest payable	143,952	890,841	1,034,793	303,969
Compensated absences - current	1,534,400	283,022	1,817,422	7,811
Intergovernmental payable - current	965,849	-	965,849	-
Long-term debt - current	4,646,432	4,637,369	9,283,801	346,630
Total Current Liabilities	11,449,768	19,506,014	30,955,782	719,132
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Net pension liab TMRS	5,966,971	1,878,602	7,845,573	-
Net pension liab firefighter's pension	7,249,444	-	7,249,444	-
Compensated absences - noncurrent	2,847,702	196,578	3,044,280	70,296
Long-term debt - noncurrent	38,950,857	109,890,955	148,841,812	4,524,845
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	55,014,974	111,966,135	166,981,109	4,595,141
Total Liabilities	66,464,742	131,472,149	197,936,891	5,314,273
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pension inflows -firefighter's pension	123,802	-	123,802	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	123,802	-	123,802	-
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	44,569,881	28,828,601	73,398,482	1,183,111
Restricted for:				
Capital improvements	929,604	-	929,604	-
Debt service	1,787,060	-	1,787,060	13,222
Municipal court	98,379	-	98,379	-
Public safety	111,881	-	111,881	-
Library	1,997,508	-	1,997,508	-
Federal relief grants	2,663,217	-	2,663,217	-
Unrestricted	8,472,403	4,842,514	13,314,917	12,039,683
Total Net Position	\$ 60,629,933	\$ 33,671,115	\$ 94,301,048	\$ 13,236,016



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Program Revenues

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			;;	:	4			
			Operating	Capital	P	l'rimary Government	ıt	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 9,116,744	\$ 250,721	\$ 7,944	•	(8,858,079)	•	(8,858,079)	•
Public safety	17,421,835	2,994,313	130,808	19,192	(14,277,522)	1	(14,277,522)	ı
Community services	6,748,665	2,239,177	829,035	1	(3,680,453)	1	(3,680,453)	ı
Public works	7,400,109	7,103,629	557,952	1	261,472	1	261,472	ı
Interest and fiscal charges	1,174,944	ı	ı	1	(1,174,944)	1	(1,174,944)	ı
Total Governmental Activities	41,862,297	12,587,840	1,525,739	19,192	(27,729,526)	1	(27,729,526)	1
Business-Type Activities								
Water & Sewer	15,167,342	18,968,067	204,482	1	1	4,005,207	4,005,207	ı
Total Business-Type Activities	15,167,342	18,968,067	204,482	1	1	4,005,207	4,005,207	ı
Total Primary Government	\$ 57,029,639	\$ 31,555,907	\$ 1,730,221	19,192	\$ (27,729,526)	\$ 4,005,207	\$ (23,724,319)	-
Component units:								
Business and Industrial Corporation	1,331,931	361,759	186,790	•	1	1	1	(783,382)
Denison Public Library Endowment Fund	nd 54,868	ı	10,224	•	1	1	1	(44,644)
Denison Community Investment Corp.	14,784	ı	1	•	1	1	1	(14,784)
Total Component Units	\$ 1,401,583	\$ 361,759	\$ 197,014	-	·	-	\$	\$ (842,810)
			General Revenues:	8:				
			Taxes					
			Property taxes		16,696,399	1	16,696,399	ı
			Sales taxes		8,140,375	1	8,140,375	2,713,519
			Franchise and local taxes	local taxes	2,757,728	1	2,757,728	ı
			Investment income (losses)	me (losses)	1,257,389	2,068,107	3,325,496	(901,852)
			Other revenues		795,431	1	795,431	45,991
			Transfers		3,022,404	(3,022,404)	1	1
		Total		General Revenues and Transfers	32,669,726	(954,297)	31,715,429	1,857,658
			Change	Change in Net Position	4,940,200	3,050,910	7,991,110	1,014,848
			Beginning Net Position	tion	55,689,733	30,620,205	86,309,938	12,221,168
See Notes to Financial Statements.			End	Ending Net Position	\$ 60,629,933	\$ 33,671,115	\$ 94,301,048	\$ 13,236,016

BALANCE SHEET (Page 1 of 2) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2023

			General]	Nonmajor		Total
			Interest &	Go	overnmental	Go	overnmental
		General	 Sinking		Funds		Funds
<u>Assets</u>							_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,148,496	\$ -	\$	15,247,370	\$	26,395,866
Investments		405,630	-		-		405,630
Restricted assets - cash		873,216	2,130,969		3,765,148		6,769,333
Receivables, net		5,494,217	4,776,021		154,182		10,424,420
Due from other funds		9,801	-		-		9,801
Inventory		98,168	-		-		98,168
Interest in net position of recipient org.		-	-		212,107		212,107
Total Assets	\$	18,029,528	\$ 6,906,990	\$	19,378,807	\$	44,315,325
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable and accrued liab.	\$	2,694,703	\$ -	\$	1,464,432	\$	4,159,135
Due to other funds		-	-		76,014		76,014
Total Liabilities		2,694,703	-		1,540,446		4,235,149
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		600,669	91,011		-		691,680
Unavailable revenue - fines and forfeiture	es.	68,840	-		-		68,840
Unavailable revenue - grants		1,587,038	-		-		1,587,038
Unavailable revenue - intergovt. receivabl	le	-	4,685,000		-		4,685,000
Unavailable revenue - contract services		634,392	-		-		634,392
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,890,939	4,776,011		-		7,666,950

BALANCE SHEET (Page 2 of 2) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2023

		General nterest &		Nonmajor overnmental	G	Total overnmental
	General	Sinking	Gu	Funds	G	Funds
Fund Balances	 	 <u> </u>				
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	98,168	-		-		98,168
Restricted for:						
Debt service	-	-		1,787,060		1,787,060
Capital improvements	873,216	2,130,979		8,498,457		11,502,652
Municipal court	-	-		98,379		98,379
Public safety	-	-		111,881		111,881
Community services	-	-		1,997,508		1,997,508
Federal relief grants	-	-		2,663,217		2,663,217
Committed to:						
Parks	-	-		1,118,119		1,118,119
Cemetery	4,572	-		-		4,572
Contingency	104,861	-		-		104,861
General government	-	-		31,183		31,183
Capital projects	-	-		1,330,251		1,330,251
Assigned to:						
Capital projects	-	-		212,107		212,107
Unassigned	11,363,069	-		(9,801)		11,353,268
Total Fund Balances	12,443,886	2,130,979		17,838,361		32,413,226
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	 _					
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 18,029,528	\$ 6,906,990	\$	19,378,807	\$	44,315,325



RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2023

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 32,413,226
Adjustments for the Statement of Net Position:	
Long-term assets used in governmental activities are not current financial	
resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.	
Capital assets - non-depreciable	19,069,651
Capital assets - net depreciable	56,004,394
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources, represent a consumption (acquisition) of	
net assets that applies to a future period(s) and is not recognized as an outflow	
(inflow) of resouces (expenditure/revenue) until then.	
Pension outflows -TMRS	4,679,996
Pension outflows - firefighter's pension fund	3,225,125
Pension inflows - firefighter's pension fund	(123,802)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.	
Unavailable revenue items	1,394,912
Intergovernmental receivable - BICD	4,685,000
Grant receivables	1,587,038
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and deferred charges, are not reported as	
liabilities in the governmental funds.	
Accrued interest	(143,952)
Compensated absences	(4,382,102)
Intergovermental payable - BICD	(965,849)
Bond premium	(2,240,596)
Bonds, notes and other payables	(41,356,693)
Net pension liability- TMRS	(5,966,971)
Net pension liability - firefighter's pension fund	(7,249,444)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 60,629,933

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

P	General		General			General Interest & Sinking		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues	ф	12.072.662	ф	1 024 511	ď	1 050 555	ď	17 577 040			
Property tax	\$	12,873,662	\$	1,834,511	\$	1,858,775	\$	16,566,948			
Sales tax		8,140,375		-		1 077 200		8,140,375			
Franchise and local taxes		1,680,440		-		1,077,288		2,757,728			
License and permits		967,994		256 100		1 207 020		967,994			
Intergovernmental		601,320		356,100		1,396,030		2,353,450			
Charges for services		10,097,231		-		651,206		10,748,437			
Fines and forfeitures		413,067		-		31,411		444,478			
Investment income		384,146		85,627		787,616		1,257,389			
Contributions and donations		150,000		-		554		150,554			
Other revenue		278,270		-		516,607		794,877			
Total Revenues		35,586,505	-	2,276,238		6,319,487		44,182,230			
Expenditures											
Current:		5 0 4 5 6 4 5				4 000 000		0.854.048			
General government		7,947,215		-		1,803,802		9,751,017			
Public safety		14,210,707		-		236,143		14,446,850			
Community services		6,519,511		-		258,690		6,778,201			
Public works		7,005,196		-		508,017		7,513,213			
Capital outlay		2,081,629		-		5,068,425		7,150,054			
Debt Service:											
Principal		1,809,391		2,419,429		305,265		4,534,085			
Interest and fiscal charges		237,590		1,117,209		62,419		1,417,218			
Total Expenditures		39,811,239		3,536,638		8,242,761		51,590,638			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,224,734)		(1,260,400)		(1,923,274)		(7,408,408)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in		3,332,239		2,404,921		1,585,894		7,323,054			
Transfers (out)		(1,329,467)		-		(2,971,183)		(4,300,650)			
Lease liabilities		2,827,118		-		-		2,827,118			
Subscription liabilities		28,511		-		-		28,511			
Sale of assets		274,859		-		-		274,859			
Bond issuance		-		-		1,140,000		1,140,000			
Total Other Financing		_									
Sources (Uses)		5,133,260		2,404,921		(245,289)		7,292,892			
Net Change in Fund Balances		908,526		1,144,521		(2,168,563)		(115,516)			
Beginning fund balances		11,535,360		986,458		20,006,924		32,528,742			
Ending Fund Balances	\$	12,443,886	\$	2,130,979	\$	17,838,361	\$	32,413,226			

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(115,516)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay		7,823,386
Depreciation expense		(2,749,233)
Net effect of capital asset transfers and disposals		(352,652)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Unavailable revenues		556,382
Grant revenue		(793,519)
Net balance of funds due to DDA		1,194,189
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental fund	s.	
Compensated absences		(1,261,699)
Pension expense - TMRS		(555,282)
Pension expense - Firemen's pension		413,414
Accrued interest		81,402
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, certificates of obligation)		
provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the	<u>)</u>	
principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental	l	
funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental	l	
funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when they are first	;	
issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	,	
This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and		

Change in Net Position of Corresponded Activities	ď	4.040.200
Principal payments		4,534,085
Subscription liability issuance "SBITA"		(28,511)
Lease related issuances		(2,827,118)
Issuance of debt		(1,140,000)
Amortization of premium		160,872

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 4,940,200

related items.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Page 1 of 2) PROPRIETARY FUND

September 30, 2023

	Utility Fund
Assets	
<u>Current Assets</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,378,249
Investments	401,808
Receivables, net	2,817,729
Due from other funds	66,213
Inventory	160,716
Restricted assets - cash	23,849,696
Total Current Assets	51,674,411
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable	49,514,613
Net depreciable capital assets	62,457,452
Total Noncurrent Assets	111,972,065
Total Assets	163,646,476
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
Pension contributions	270,229
Pension difference in experience	68,855
Pension investment earnings	1,134,334
Deferred charge on bond refunding	23,370
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,496,788

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Page 2 of 2) PROPRIETARY FUND

September 30, 2023

		Utility Fund
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 13,016,966
Customer deposits		677,816
Accrued interest		890,841
Compensated absences - current		283,022
Long-term liabilities due within one year		4,637,369
	Total Current Liabilities	19,506,014
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Compensated absences - noncurrent		196,578
Long-term liabilities in more than one year		109,890,955
Net pension liability		1,878,602
	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	111,966,135
	Total Liabilities	131,472,149
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		28,828,601
Unrestricted		4,842,514
	Total Net Position	\$ 33,671,115

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Utility Fund
Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 18,895,500
Other revenue	 72,567
Total Operating Revenues	 18,968,067
Operating Expenses	
Personnel services	4,845,852
Supplies and materials	1,634,981
Contractual services	1,795,847
Repairs and maintenance	1,458,526
Depreciation	1,981,781
Total Operating Expenses	11,716,987
Operating Income	7,251,080
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Intergovernmental	204,482
Investment income	2,068,107
Gain (loss) on sale of capital asset	127,006
Bond issuance expense	(448,417)
Interest expense	 (3,128,944)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(1,177,766)
Income Before Transfers	6,073,314
Transfers (out)	(3,022,404)
Total Transfers	(3,022,404)
Change in Net Position	3,050,910
Beginning net position	 30,620,205
Ending Net Position	\$ 33,671,115

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND (Page 1 of 2) For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Utility Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		runu
Receipts from customers	\$	18,570,381
Payments to suppliers and service providers	Ψ	(4,889,354)
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits		(4,525,163)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		9,155,864
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Transfers (out)		(3,022,404)
Net Cash (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(3,022,404)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Capital purchases		(30,026,411)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		307,916
Proceeds from bond issuance		42,748,107
Intergovernmental revenues from BICD		204,482
Bond issuance costs paid		(448,417)
Principal paid on debt		(3,663,158)
Interest paid on debt		(3,229,518)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		5,893,001
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest on investments		2,068,107
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		404,116
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		2,472,223
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		14,498,684
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		33,729,261
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	48,227,945

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND (Page 2 of 2) For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Utility Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income		Tullu
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income	\$	7,251,080
Adjustments to reconcile operating		
income to net cash provided:		
Depreciation		1,981,781
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		
(Increase) Decrease in:		
Accounts receivable		(401,479)
Inventory		3,793
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Pension contributions		(24,816)
Actual experience vs. assumption		(102,292)
Increase (Decrease) in:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		36,222
Compensated absences		85,520
Net pension liability		2,469,883
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Pension investment returns		(2,154,942)
Difference in experience		11,114
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	9,155,864
Schedule of Non-Cash Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	
Change in capital related accrued liabilities	\$	11,242,823
Acquisition of right-to-use assets		814,446
Total	\$	12,057,269

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2023

		ustodial Funds
<u>Assets</u>	.	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	75,552
Total Asse	ets	75,552
Net Position		
Restricted for organizations		
and other governments		75,552
Total Net Position	on \$	75,552

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

		ustodial Funds
Additions		
Contributions	_	\$ 28,803
	Total Additions	28,803
<u>Deductions</u>		
Intergovernmental		41,479
	Total Deductions	41,479
	Change in Net Position	(12,676)
Beginning net position		88,228
	Ending Net Position	\$ 75,552
	·	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Denison, Texas (the "City") is governed by an elected mayor and a six-member council and provides the following services to the citizens of the City as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), public works and transportation, parks and recreation, water and sewer utilities, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting Entity

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. For financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The criteria used are as follows:

Financial Accountability – The primary government is deemed to be financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Additionally, the primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government or a jointly appointed board.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Discretely Presented Component Units

Business and Industrial Corporation of Denison

The Business and Industrial Corporation of Denison (the "BICD") is a nonprofit corporation established on April 1, 1996, for the economic development activities of the City. Although legally separate from the City, BICD is governed by a Board of Directors appointed by the City Council. BCID is a single-purpose, governmental activity funded by one-half percent sales tax levied on taxable sales within the City of Denison. The nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the corporation is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Records are maintained on an October 1st through September 30th fiscal year. BICD issues separate financial statements that are available from the BCID administrative offices located at 311 W. Woodard, Denison, Texas. In addition, the fiscal year 2023 financials were audited by a separate audit firm, McClanahan & Homes.

Denison Community Investment Corporation

The Denison Community Investment Corporation (the "DCIC") is a nonprofit corporation established on June 17, 1988, for the economic development activities of the City. Although legally separate from the City, DCIC is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the City Council. DCIC is a single-purpose, business-type activity. The nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the corporation is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Records are maintained on a calendar year basis, ending December 31, 2022. DCIC issues separate financial statements that are available from the DCIC administrative offices located at 123 W. Main, Denison, Texas.

Denison Public Library Endowment Fund

The Denison Public Library Endowment Fund (the "Fund") is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit corporation established on January 17, 1986, for the purpose of maintaining, development, and promoting the Denison Public Library. A Board of Trustees appointed by the City Council governs the Fund. The nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the corporation is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Records are maintained on an October 1st through September 30th fiscal year. The fund does not issue separate financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Blended Component Units

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone

The City created the Tax Increment Financing Reinvestment Zone Fund (the "TIRZ") to encourage and accelerate planned development of a certain contiguous geographic area within its jurisdiction and extra-territorial jurisdiction. Of the five-member Board of Directors four are appointed by the Denison City Council and one member shall be appointed by the County Commissioners Court of Grayson. Any future debt obligations issued and backed by the TIRZ are to be repaid from property tax levies, based on the incremental increase in the real property values from the base year.

The TIRZ Board of Directors acts primarily in an advisory role to the City Council, who exercise the ultimate financial control over the recommendations of the TIRZ board, including its budget and expenditures. The financial information of the TIRZ is blended as a governmental fund into the primary government. Separate financial statements are not prepared.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Jones Memorial Library Trust

The Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Jones Memorial Library Trust (the "Trust") is a private foundation established on October 16, 1962, for the purpose of purchasing books and providing capital improvements for the Denison Public Library. The Denison Public Library is the sole recipient and beneficiary of the Trust. The Trust's accounting records are maintained by the Simmons Bank (Trustee) located at 2820 West FM 120, Denison, Texas. As the trust is managed by the City it has been reported as a blended component unit.

Joint Venture

Texoma Area Solid Waste Authority

Joint Ventures are legal entities or other organizations that result from a contractual arrangement that are owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control. The participants retain either an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility. The City's only joint venture is described as follows:

Texoma Area Solid Waste Authority ("TASWA") was created by the City and other local governments in Cook and Grayson counties in May 2000 to develop and operate a municipal landfill for benefit of local governments and their constituents. The City's Mayor serves as one of five-member of TASWA's Board of Directors; however, the City has no significant influence over TASWA's administration or operation. Furthermore, the City does not hold an equity interest in TASWA.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Jointly-Governed Entity

Greater Texoma Utility Authority

Jointly-governed entities are legal entities that are jointly controlled, but the controlling parties do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility. Greater Texoma Utility Authority ("GTUA") was created to assist local governments with the financing and construction of water, sewer, and solid waste facilities. The City Council appoints three members of GTUA's nine-member Board of Directors; however, the City has no significant influence over GTUA's administration or operations.

GTUA operates the Dipping Springs Landfill under contract with the cities of Denison and Sherman. During the year, the City paid GTUA \$12,533 for landfill post-closure costs.

GTUA issues separate audited financial statements that are available from GTUA's administrative offices located at 5100 Airport Drive, Denison, Texas.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary funds.

As discussed earlier, the government has three discretely presented component units which are shown in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category; governmental and proprietary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed.

General Fund

The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales and franchise taxes, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general government, public safety, public service, culture and recreation, and public works.

General Interest and Sinking Fund

The general bond fund is used to set aside funds for payment of debt services for the City.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. All assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, expenses, and transfers relating to the government's business activities are accounted for through proprietary funds. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of materials, contracts, personnel, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Proprietary fund types follow GAAP prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The proprietary fund types used by the City include enterprise funds.

The government reports the following major enterprise fund:

Utility Fund

This fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the water production and distribution system, water collection and treatment systems. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Additionally, the City reports for the following fund types:

Debt Service Fund

The City accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payments of principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt paid primarily from taxes levied by the City. The fund balance of the debt service fund is restricted exclusively for debt service expenditures.

Special Revenue Funds

The City accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes in a special revenue fund.

Fiduciary Funds

The police seizure fund accounts for assets seized by the police department in which the City holds in a custodial capacity. The sister city fund accounts for assets donated to a local nonprofit which the City holds in a custodial capacity.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary, pension and other postemployment benefit trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Custodial funds use the economic resources measurement focus but utilize the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows, and Fund Equity or Net Position

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund types consider temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, the City reports all investments at fair value, except for "money market investments" and "2a7-like pools." Money market investments, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations, are reported at amortized costs. Investment positions in external investment pools that are operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, such as TexSTAR, are reported using the pools' share price.

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, of the Texas Governmental Code. In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts Statewide investment pools

2. Fair Value

The City has applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

3. Receivables and Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. If the transactions are between the primary government and its component unit, these receivables and payables are classified as "due to/from component unit/primary government." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in the applicable governmental fund to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of any allowance for uncollectible amounts.

4. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. Penalties are calculated after February 1 up to the date collected by the government at the rate of 6% for the first month and increased 1% per month up to a total of 12%. Interest is calculated after February 1 at the rate of 1% per month up to the date collected by the government. Under state law, property taxes levied on real property constitute a lien on the real property which cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the State Legislature. The lien expires at the end of twenty years. Taxes levied on personal property can be deemed uncollectible by the City.

5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when they are utilized rather than when purchased, (i.e., the consumption method). The inventories are reported at cost using the first-in/first-out method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods (prepaid expenditures) are recognized as expenditures when utilized.

6. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of governmental and enterprise fund cash and investments are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants, legal restrictions, or restrictions in place by outside parties.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government, as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art an similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Interest costs incurred in connection with construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years.

	Estimated
Asset Description	Useful Years
Infrastructure	10-100
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20-40
Vehicles	5-15
Machinery & Equipment	7-20

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows / inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government only has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred pension contributions which are required to convert the fiscal year contributions to the calendar year 2023 and the deferred investment earnings which represent investment return over/under expectation. Both are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government records deferred inflows for the difference in expected and actual actuarial gains and losses of the pension liability. This item is only recorded on the full accrual basis. In addition, the government records a deferred inflow, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, fines and forfeitures and ambulance fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

9. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

10. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

11. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing body (council) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund. A summary of the City's fund balance policy as adopted by the Council follows: The City shall maintain an unassigned fund balance between sixty and ninety days of general fund expenditures, and between sixty and ninety days of utility fund expenditures. The City will also contribute 5% of sales tax receipts to a "rainy-day" fund for general fund purposes, and 5% of utility sales to a "capital project" fund for business activity related capital needs. The City is currently in compliance with these policies.

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and the Denison Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund and additions to/deductions from the Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by pension funds. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The City uses the General Fund and Utility Fund to liquidate pension liabilities.

13. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consist of unpaid, accumulated vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Vested or accumulated vacation leave and compensated leave of government-wide and proprietary funds are recognized as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

The maximum accrual of vacation leave is 240 hours for all non-civil service employees, civil service fire and police administration employees, and shift police civil service employees. Fire shift civil service employees may accrue vacation leave up to a maximum of 360 hours.

All civil service police and fire personnel accrue sick leave in accordance with Local Government Code 143. All non-civil service personnel who meet the definition of retirement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

under the Texas Municipal Retirement System at time of separation will receive a lump sum payment of accrued, but unused sick leave not to exceed 720 hours.

It is the City's policy to liquidate compensated absences with future revenues rather than with currently available expendable resources. Accordingly, the City's governmental funds recognize accrued compensated absences when it is paid.

14. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements until due. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount and payments of principal and interest reported as expenditures. In the governmental fund types, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion due and payable from expendable available financial resources.

Long-term debt and other obligations, financed by proprietary funds, are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds. For proprietary fund types, bond premiums, discounts and deferred charges are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Assets acquired under the terms of leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the general fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

15. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

16. Leases

Lessee: The City is a lessee for noncancellable leases of building and equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the full-accrual financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The leased asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included
 in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase
 option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor: The City is a lessor for a noncancellable lease. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance-total governmental funds* and *net position-governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental states that, "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities."

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for the general, general bond, special revenue, and utility funds. The City adopted budgets for all governmental special revenue funds with the exception of Community Development Operating, Mr. & Mrs. Jones Memorial Trust, and Opioid Remediation funds. The original budget is adopted by the City Council prior to the beginning of the year. The legal

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

level of control as defined by the City Charter is the division level for the general fund. For all other fund budgets, the legal level of control is the fund level. No funds can be transferred or added to a budgeted item without Council approval. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year. Several supplemental budget appropriations were made during the year.

A. Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

As of September 30, 2023, expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control as follows:

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Fund: Total expenditures:	\$ 574,174
Denison Public Library fund:	
Total expenditures:	\$ 7,391
Fire Training fund:	
Public safety	\$ 3,814
Special Events fund:	
Public works	\$ 17,934
Fire Training:	
Public safety	\$ 3,814
Homeland Security Grant fund:	
Total expenditures	\$ 2,067
Canine fund:	
Transfers (out)	\$ 1,583
Police Training fund:	
Total expenditures	\$ 1,254
TASWA Reserve Fund:	
Total expenditures	\$ 103,873
Project Participation Fund:	
Capital outlay	8,914

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund:

Transfers (out) \$

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The community development operating fund had a deficit fund balance of \$9,801 as of September 30, 2023. This deficit will be replenished in the subsequent periods.

238,412

Waighted

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2023, the primary government had the following investments:

		Weighted Average Maturity
Investment Type	Value	(Years)
Certificates of deposit	\$ 807,438	0.25
External investment pools	35,754,827	0.08
Total value	\$ 36,562,265	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.08

As of September 30, 2023, the component units had the following investments:

Denison Business and Industrial Corporation

		weighted
		Average Maturity
Investment Type	 Value	(Years)
Certificates of deposit	\$ 2,024,894	N/A
Total value	\$ 2,024,894	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

As of September 30, 2023, the component units had the following investments:

Denison Community Investment Corporation

		Weighted
		Average Maturity
Investment Type	Value	(Years)
Certificates of deposit*	\$ 240,000	0.46
Total value	\$ 240,000	
Portfolio weighted average maturity	 	0.46

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Weighted

Denison Public Library Endowment Fund

		Average Maturity
Investment Type	Value	(Years)
Bonds	\$ 273,978	2.18
Stocks	373,786	0.00
Alternatives fund	7,985	0.00
Total value	\$ 655,749	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.85

^{*}Note: As of December 31, 2022

Interest rate risk In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average of maturity not to exceed five years; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations; monitoring credit ratings of portfolio position to assure compliance with rating requirements imposed by the Public Funds Investment Act; and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities or similar government investment pools.

Credit risk The City's investment policy limits investments to obligations of the United States, State of Texas, or their agencies and instrumentalities with an investment quality rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent, by a nationally recognized investment rating firm. Other obligations must be unconditionally guaranteed (either express or implied) by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or the issuing U.S. agency and investment pools with an investment quality not less than AAA or AAAm, or equivalent, by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

Custodial credit risk – deposits In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be insured or fully collateralized by U.S. government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

deposits. As of September 30, 2023, the market values of pledged securities and FDIC exceeded bank balances.

Custodial credit risk – investments For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeeping securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, are executed by delivery versus payment to ensure that securities are deposited in the City's safekeeping account prior to the release of funds.

TexSTAR

TexSTAR has been established for governmental entities pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code and operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexSTAR's governing body is a five-member Board consisting of three representatives of participants and one member designated by each of the co-administrators. The Board holds legal title to all money, investments, and assets and has the authority to employ personnel, contract for services, and engage in other administrative activities necessary or convenient to accomplish the objectives of TexSTAR. Board oversight of TexSTAR is maintained through daily, weekly, and monthly reporting requirements. TexSTAR is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The City's fair value position is stated at the value of the position upon withdrawal. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

B. Fair Value Measurement

The primary government and discretely presented component units categorize its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The primary government and discretely presented component units' assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the component unit's fair value measurements at September 30, 2023:

	Fa	ir Value	Lev	el 1 Inputs	Level	2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs	
Bonds	\$	273,978	\$	273,978	\$	-	\$	-
Stocks		373,786		373,786		-		-
Alternatives		7,985		7,985		_		
Total Assets at fair value	\$	655,749	\$	655,749	\$	-	\$	-

C. Receivables

1. The following comprise receivable balances of the primary government at year end:

			General	1	Nonmajor		
			Interest &	Go	vernmental		
		General	 Sinking		Funds	 Utility	Total
Property taxes	\$	624,993	\$ 95,587	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 720,580
Sales tax		1,418,210	-		-	-	1,418,210
Franchise taxes		56,302	-		-	-	56,302
Hotel taxes		-	-		69,611	-	69,611
Fines		932,835	-		-	-	932,835
Ambulance		1,562,839	-		_	_	1,562,839
Accounts		1,018,135	-		84,756	2,825,028	3,927,919
Grant receivable		1,587,038	-		_	_	1,587,038
Notes receivable - D	DA	-	4,685,000		-	-	4,685,000
Allowance		(1,706,135)	(4,566)		(185)	 (7,299)	 (1,718,185)
	\$	5,494,217	\$ 4,776,021	\$	154,182	\$ 2,817,729	\$ 13,242,149

2. Receivables - BICD

The accounts receivable of the discretely presented component unit, BICD, represent amounts due from the grant receivable balance of \$965,895, in addition to the sales tax receivable allocated from the City of Denison upon receipt by the City of its payment from the State. At year end, the August and September sales tax payments were outstanding, amounting to \$20,300.

D. Notes Receivable

1. The City's discretely presented component unit, Denison Community Investment Corporation ("DCIC"), issues notes receivable to local businesses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

As of December 31, 2022 (the most recently available date), the outstanding note receivable balances were as follows:

						Amounts
	Interest	Beginning		Refunds/	Ending	Due within
Description	Rate	Balance	Additions	Collections	Balance	One Year
RMJ Likarish - 331 W. Woodard	4.00%	\$ 77,262	\$ -	\$ (11,238)	\$ 66,024	\$ 11,696
Nitia, Inc	4.00%	34,686	-	(16,796)	17,890	17,480
Parker - Ivahoe Ale House	5.00%	123,957	-	-	123,957	2,807
Parker - Ivahoe Ale House (add'l loan)	5.00%	19,548	-	-	19,548	443
Gaytan Restaurants	4.00%	48,110	-	(14,257)	33,853	12,540
Sport City Café, LLC	4.00%	86,932	-	(12,509)	74,423	13,017
Bohemian Taco, LLC	4.00%	84,425	-	(7,044)	77,381	7,984
Railyard Incubator, LLC	5.00%	348,860	-	(34,364)	314,496	35,942
Likarish Enterprises, Inc.	4.00%	232,737	-	(21,455)	211,282	22,329
Split Window Production, LLC	4.00%	114,139	-	(10,296)	103,843	10,715
Silvia Rios	4.00%	97 <i>,</i> 955	-	(7,672)	90,283	9,437
Denison Chamber of Commerce	3.00%		20,000	(2,180)	17,820	3,506
Total Notes Receivable		\$ 1,268,611	\$ 20,000	\$ (137,811)	\$ 1,150,800	\$ 147,896

All notes issued by DCIC are fully secured by either real estate property or personal property, such as machinery and equipment which all have uniform commercial code filings with the state.

2. The City entered into an agreement with a discretely presented component unit, the BICD. The City agreed to issue bonds to assist the BICD in the demolition of property. The BICD agreed to pay the full debt service of the \$4,600,000 Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022B. In addition, because the BICD needed a new sewer line constructed, and the City had not planned to start that project for another couple of years, the BICD agreed to pay the first three years of the \$250,000 Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022A, used to fund the sewer line replacement.

As of September 30, 2023, the City has a note receivable balance of \$4,685,000 in the government-wide statements, which represents the total principal due for the series 2022B issued Certificates of Obligation, for the use of the BICD demolition project. The principal balance less the amount of demolition and bond issuance costs paid through yearend has been reflected as a fully deferred receivable at the governmental fund level. As of September 30, 2023, the balance due from the BICD is \$3,719,51 and is reflected as a deferred inflow in the balance sheet for governmental funds. The difference between the note receivable and deferred inflow represents the net amount due to the BICD for demolition costs, plus earned interest on held accounts of \$46,968, amounting to a total of \$965,849 as of yearend.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

E. Grant Receivable

On November 16, 2015, the City entered into a public/private partnership agreement to develop and build a sports complex and related facilities, with the Texoma Health Foundation (THF). The City agreed to contribute approximately \$8 million to the project. THF is to contribute \$7,935,192 over 10 years starting in 2016. Payments are split equally in the amount of \$793,519. The payments commenced in January of 2016 and terminate in January of 2025. The City received the seventh payment of \$793,519 during the year, leaving a remaining receivable balance of \$1,587,038.

F. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year end was as follows:

	Beginning				Ι	Decreases/	Ending
		Balances		Increases	Reclassifications		Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	5,219,380	\$	25,000	\$	-	\$ 5,244,380
Construction in progress		12,597,693		2,559,466		(1,331,888)	13,825,271
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	17,817,073		2,584,466		(1,331,888)	19,069,651
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		30,787,590		196,641		1,331,888	32,316,119
Infrastructure		33,760,135		-		-	33,760,135
Right-to-use assets		1,416,428		1,952,085		(199,155)	3,169,358
Equipment		21,491,454		3,090,194		(857,262)	23,724,386
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	87,455,607		5,238,920		275,471	92,969,998
Less accumulated depreciation							
Buildings and improvements		(7,036,000)		(746,909)		-	(7,782,909)
Infrastructure		(16,735,908)		(464,958)		629,196	(16,571,670)
Right-to-use assets		(205,444)		(318,131)		74,569	(449,006)
Equipment		(10,942,784)		(1,219,235)		-	(12,162,019)
Total accumulated depreciation		(34,920,136)		(2,749,233)		703,765	(36,965,604)
Net capital assets being depreciated		52,535,471		2,489,687		979,236	56,004,394
Total Capital Assets	\$	70,352,544	\$	5,074,153	\$	(352,652)	\$ 75,074,045

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 468,274
Public safety	799,119
Public works	1,454,435
Community services	 27,405
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 2,749,233

A summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year end was as follows:

	Beginning		Decreases/	Ending		
	Balances	Increases	Reclassifications	Balances		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		_				
Land	\$ 543,719	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 543,719		
Construction in progress	18,035,300	40,559,435	(9,623,841)	48,970,894		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	18,579,019	40,559,435	(9,623,841)	49,514,613		
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	26,269,865	27,824	-	26,297,689		
Infrastructure	43,081,960	-	9,545,603	52,627,563		
Right-to-use assets	390,005	814,446	(216,008)	988,443		
Machinery and equipment	17,591,569	681,975	(115,170)	18,158,374		
Total capital assets being depreciated	87,333,399	1,524,245	9,214,425	98,072,069		
Less accumulated depreciation						
Buildings and improvements	(9,650,358	(549,743)	-	(10,200,101)		
Infrastructure	(15,601,618	(583,462)	153,826	(16,031,254)		
Right-to-use assets	(53,922	(154,604)	74,680	(133,846)		
Machinery and equipment	(8,555,444	(693,972)	-	(9,249,416)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(33,861,342	(1,981,781)	228,506	(35,614,617)		
Net capital assets being depreciated	53,472,057	(457,536)	9,442,931	62,457,452		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 72,051,076	\$ 40,101,899	\$ (180,910)	\$ 111,972,065		

Depreciation was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,981,781
Sewer	691,610
Water	\$ 1,290,171

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

A summary of changes in component unit activities capital assets for the year end was as follows:

	Beginning				Decreases/	Ending	
]	Balances		Increases		lassifications	Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,699,343	\$	38,865	\$	(206,526)	\$ 1,531,682
Construction in progress		2,728,301		1,759,278		-	4,487,579
Total capital assets not being depreciated		4,427,644		1,798,143		(206,526)	 6,019,261
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		4,488,456		-		(4,243,975)	244,481
Infrastructure		186,608		-		-	186,608
Right to use assets		62,172		-		-	62,172
Machinery and equipment		29,741		-		-	29,741
Total capital assets being depreciated		4,766,977		-		(4,243,975)	523,002
Less accumulated depreciation							
Buildings and improvements		(1,914,825)		(106,978)		1,927,152	(94,651)
Infrastructure		(36,077)		(1,866)		-	(37,943)
Right to use assets		(15,543)		(15,543)		-	(31,086)
Machinery and equipment		(15,305)		(4,723)		-	(20,028)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,981,750)		(129,110)		1,927,152	(183,708)
Net capital assets being depreciated		2,785,227		(129,110)		(2,316,823)	 339,294
Total Capital Assets	\$	7,212,871	\$	1,669,033	\$	(2,523,349)	\$ 6,358,555

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

G. Other Long-term Liabilities

Compensated absences represent the estimated liability for employees' accrued compensatory time and vacation leave for which employees are entitled to be paid upon termination. The following summarizes the changes in the compensated absences balances of the primary government during the year. In general, the City uses the general and utility funds to liquidate governmental and business-type activities compensated absences, respectively.

									Amounts
	E	Beginning					Ending	\mathbf{D}	ue Within
		Balance	1	Additions	I	Reductions	Balance	(One Year
Governmental Activities:								_	
Compensated Absences	\$	3,120,403	\$	2,311,001	\$	(1,049,302)	\$ 4,382,102	\$	1,534,400
Total Governmental Activities	\$	3,120,403	\$	2,311,001	\$	(1,049,302)	\$ 4,382,102	\$	1,534,400
Other Long-term Liabilities Due in	Мо	re than One	Yea	r			\$ 2,847,702		
Business-Type Activities:									
Compensated Absences	\$	394,080	\$	323,540	\$	(238,020)	\$ 479,600	\$	283,022
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	394,080	\$	323,540	\$	(238,020)	\$ 479,600	\$	283,022
Other Long-term Liabilities Due in	Мо	re than One	Yea	r			\$ 196,578		

The following is a summary of changes in the City's discretely presented component unit's, Denison Business and Industrial Corporation, compensated absences for the year ended September 30, 2023. The liability for compensated absences is fully liquidated by the general fund.

									Aı	nounts
	Ве	ginning]	Ending	Du	e Within
	E	Balance	Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Component Unit Activities:							•			
Compensated Absences	\$	71,585	\$	13,502	\$	(6,980)	\$	78,107	\$	7,811
Total Component Unit Activities	\$	71,585	\$	13,502	\$	(6,980)	\$	78,107	\$	7,811
Other Long-Term Liabilities Due in Mo	re Th	an One Yea	ar				\$	70,296		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended. In general, the City uses the debt service and general funds to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

0		Beginning Balance		Additions	F	Reductions	Ending Balance	D	Amounts Oue within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Bonds, notes and other payables:									
General obligation bonds	\$	995,600	\$	-	\$	(323,000)	\$ 672,600	\$	330,600
Certificates of obligation		33,793,716		1,140,000		(2,228,694)	32,705,022		2,356,351
Less deferred amounts:									
For issuance premiums		2,401,468		-		(160,872)	2,240,596		-
Note payable		709,000		-		(173,000)	536,000		175,000
		37,899,784		1,140,000		(2,885,566)	36,154,218		2,861,951
Other liabilities:									
Lease liabilities		6,396,833		2,827,118		(1,799,466)	7,424,485		1,775,392
Subscription liabilities		-		28,511		(9,925)	18,586		9,089
Total Governmental Activities	\$	44,296,617	\$	3,995,629	\$	(4,694,957)	\$ 43,597,289	\$	4,646,432
Long-term liabilities due in more	than	one year					\$ 38,950,857		
Business-Type Activities:									
Bonds, notes and other									
payables:									
General obligation bonds	\$	5,489,400	\$	_	\$	(837,000)	\$ 4,652,400	\$	864,400
Certificates of obligation		62,626,289		39,520,000		(2,436,306)	99,709,983		3,503,649
Less deferred amounts:						,			
For issuance discount		(9,122)		_		1,303	(7,819)		-
For issuance premiums		6,393,329		3,228,107		(497,466)	9,123,970		-
•		74,499,896	_	42,748,107		(3,769,469)	113,478,534		4,368,049
Other liabilities:									
Lease liabilities		625,196		728,912		(360,077)	994,031		242,054
Subscription liabilities		-		85,534		(29,775)	55,759		27,266
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	75,125,092	\$	43,477,019	\$	(4,159,321)	\$ 114,528,324	\$	4,637,369
Long-term liabilities due in more	than	one year		<u></u>		<u></u>	\$ 109,890,955		

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. In addition, leases are secured by the underlying asset. In the event of default, the lender may demand immediate payment or take possession of the asset.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

	G	overnmental Activities			Total	
General Obligation Bonds:						
\$3,442,800 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013,						
due in installments through 2025, interest at 2.75%	\$	672,600	\$	212,400	\$ 885,000	
\$3,060,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019,						
due in installments through 2028, interest at 3% to 5%		-		1,685,000	1,685,000	
\$4,045,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020,						
due in installments through 2029, interest at 1.81%		-		2,755,000	2,755,000	
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	672,600	\$	4,652,400	\$ 5,325,000	
Certificates of Obligation:						
\$6,665,000 Comb Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation,						
Series 2012, due in annual installments through 2028,						
interest at 3%	\$	-	\$	2,345,000	\$ 2,345,000	
\$6,335,000 Comb Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation,						
Series 2015, due in annual installments through 2035,						
interest at 3-4%		-		4,475,000	4,475,000	
\$2,240,000 Comb Tax and Rev. Certificates of Obligation,						
Series 2013, due in annual installments through 2033,						
interest at 2.75%		1,290,000		-	1,290,000	
\$7,475,000 Comb Tax and Rev. Certificates of Obligation,						
Series 2016B, due in annual installments through 2026,						
interest at 1.89%		2,400,000		-	2,400,000	
\$1,725,000 Comb Tax and Rev. Certificates of Obligation,						
Series 2016A, due in annual installments through 2036,						
interest at 3-5%		-		1,290,000	1,290,000	
\$2,855,000 Combination Tax & Limited Surplus Revenue						
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2017B, through 2027, int. at 2.16%		1,220,000		-	1,220,000	
\$2,240,000 Comb Tax and Rev. Certificates of Obligation,						
Series 2017A, through 2037, interest at 3%		2,252,693		-	2,252,693	
\$1,000,000 Comb Tax & Limited Surplus Rev. Certificates of						
Obligation, Series 2018A, due through 2028, interest at 2.89%		540,000		-	540,000	
\$3,925,000 Combination Tax & Revenue Cerificates of Obligation,						
Series 2017B, through 2037, interest at 3%				3,002,310	 3,002,310	
Subtotal	\$	7,702,693	\$	11,112,310	\$ 18,815,003	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

	Governme: Activitie		usiness- Type Activities	Total
Certificates of Obligation (Continued):				-
\$7,255,000 Comb Tax & Limited Surplus Rev. Certificates of				
Obligation, Series 2018, due through 2038, int. at 3.12% to 5.54%		-	5,940,000	5,940,000
\$5,255,000 Comb Tax & Limited Surplus Rev. Cert. of Obligation,				
Series 2019, due through 2039, interest at 3% to 4%		-	4,605,000	4,605,000
\$2,450,000 Comb Tax & Limited Surplus Revenue Certificates of				
Obligation, Series 2020A, due through 2030, interest at 1.86%	1,760	.000	-	1,760,000
\$6,300,000 Comb Tax and Rev. Cert. of Obligation, Series 2020B,				
due in annual installments through 2040, interest at 3% to 5%	5,638	.300	-	5,638,300
\$3,935,000 Comb Tax and Rev. Cert. of Obligation, Series 2020B,				
due in annual installments through 2040, interest at 3% to 5%		-	3,521,700	3,521,700
\$11,800,000 Comb. Tax & Rev. Cert. of Obligation, Series 2021B,				
due in annual installments through 2040, interest at 3% to 4.879%		-	9,710,000	9,710,000
\$15,940,000 Comb. Tax & Rev. Cert. of Obligation, Series 2021A,				
due in annual installments through 2040, interest at 2% to 5.372%	12,079	.029	3,580,973	15,660,002
\$4,600,000 Comb Tax & Limited Surplus Rev. Cert. of Obligation,				
Series 2022B, due through 2042, interest at 2.84% to 4.86%	4,490	.000	-	4,490,000
\$22,165,000 Comb Tax & Limited Surplus Rev. Cert. of Obligation,				
Series 2022A, due through 2042, interest at 3.5% to 5.0%		-	21,720,000	21,720,000
\$1,140,000 Comb Tax & Limited Suprlus Rev. Cert. of Obligation				
Series 2022C, due through 2032, interest at 4.01%	1,035	.000	-	1,035,000
\$39,250,000 Comb Tax & Limited Surplus Rev. Cert. of Obligation				
Series 2023, due through 2043, interest at 4% to 5%			39,520,000	39,520,000
Total Certificates of Obligation	\$ 32,705	.022 \$	99,709,983	\$ 132,415,005
Less deferred amounts:				
Discounts and premiums	\$ 2,240	.596 \$	9,116,151	\$ 11,356,747
Notes Payable:				
\$1,550,000 Section 108 HUD loan, due in annual installments				
through 2026, interest is variable	536,	.000	-	536,000
Total Notes Payable	\$ 536,	,000 \$	-	\$ 536,000
Lease liabilities	7,424	485	994,031	8,418,516
Subscription liabilities	18,	.586	55,759	74,345
Total Debt	\$ 43,597	.289 \$	114,528,324	\$ 158,125,613

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds outstanding at year ending were as follows:

General Obligation Bonds

Year ending	(Governmen	tal Activities		Business-Type Activities				Total			
September 30,	I	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2024	\$	330,600	\$	23,541	\$	864,400	\$	122,672	\$	1,195,000	\$	146,213
2025		342,000		11,970		878,000		102,301		1,220,000		114,271
2026		-		-		785,000		82,206		785,000		82,206
2027		-		-		810,000		57,334		810,000		57,334
2028		-		-		835,000		31,327		835,000		31,327
2029		-		-		480,000		4,390		480,000		4,390
	\$	672,600	\$	35,511	\$	4,652,400	\$	400,230	\$	5,325,000	\$	435,741

The annual requirements to amortize certificates of obligations outstanding at year ending were as follows:

Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation

Year ending		Governmen	nental Activities		Business-Type Activities				Total			
September 30,	P	rincipal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal			Interest
2024	\$	2,356,351	\$	983,905	\$	3,503,649	\$	4,626,548	\$	5,860,000	\$	5,610,453
2025		2,677,123		918,128		4,322,877		3,864,729		7,000,000		4,782,857
2026		2,752,992		847,078		4,507,009		3,683,929		7,260,001		4,531,007
2027		1,994,650		<i>777,</i> 514		4,685,349		3,501,569		6,679,999		4,279,083
2028 - 2032		8,724,071		2,910,414		24,550,929		14,405,571		33,275,000		17,315,985
2033 -2037		7,993,054		1,499,095		28,646,950		8,793,881		36,640,004		10,292,976
2038 - 2042		6,206,781		396,064		26,488,220		3,136,238		32,695,001		3,532,302
2043						3,005,000		63,856		3,005,000		63,856
	\$ 3	32,705,022	\$	8,332,198	\$	99,709,983	\$	42,076,321	\$	132,415,005	\$	50,408,519

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

The annual requirements to amortize lease liabilities outstanding at year ending were as follows:

Lease Liabilities

Year ending	g Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities				Total					
September 30,		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest		
2024	\$	1,775,392	\$ 227,843	\$	242,054	\$	32,515	\$	2,017,446	\$	260,358	
2025		1,503,876	178,309		233,407		24,282		1,737,283		202,591	
2026		1,429,172	129,890		241,710		15,980		1,670,882		145,870	
2027		1,103,225	84,017		174,923		1,408		1,278,148		85,425	
2028		760,887	49,345		101,937		-		862,824		49,345	
2029-2033		851,933	74,067		-		-		851,933		74,067	
	\$	7,424,485	\$ 743,471	\$	994,031	\$	74,185	\$	8,418,516	\$	817,656	

The City entered into leases to finance the use of vehicles and office equipment. The property is classified as right to use asset with a total carrying value as of yearend for governmental activities and business-type activities of \$7,635,078 and \$982,563, respectively.

Subscription Liabilities

Year ending		Governmer	ıtal A	al Activities Busine			ess-Type Activities			Total			
September 30,	P	rincipal	I	nterest	P	rincipal	I	nterest	P	rincipal]	Interest	
2024	\$	9,089	\$	836	\$	27,266	\$	32,515	\$	36,355	\$	33,351	
2025		9,497		427		28,493		24,282		37,990		24,709	
	\$	18,586	\$	1,263	\$	55,759	\$	56,797	\$	74,345	\$	58,060	

The City entered into a licensing software agreement. The property is classified as right-to-use asset with a total carrying value as of year end for governmental activities and business activities of \$19,007 and \$57,023, respectively.

The annual requirements to amortize notes payable outstanding at year ending were as follows:

Notes Payable

Year ending		Governme	ctivities		
September 30,	F	Principal	I	nterest	 Total
2024	\$	175,000	\$	14,776	\$ 189,776
2025		178,000		10,107	188,107
2026		183,000		5,234	 188,234
	\$	536,000	\$	30,117	\$ 566,117

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

The following is a summary of changes in the City's discretely presented component unit's, Denison Business and Industrial Corporation, long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2023.

	I	Beginning						Ending		Amounts ue within
		Balance	A	Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year
Component Unit Activities				,						
Notes payable	\$	5,079,000	\$	-	\$	(239,000)	\$	4,840,000	\$	331,000
Lease liabilities		46,893		-		(15,418)		31,475		15,630
Total Component Unit Activities	\$	5,125,893	\$	-	\$	(254,418)	\$	4,871,475	\$	346,630
Long-term liabilities due in more	than	one year					\$	4,524,845		

Notes Payable

Year ending	 Componen				
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2024	\$ 331,000	\$ 307,303	\$ 638,303		
2025	344,000	296,371	640,371		
2026	170,000	183,265	353,265		
2027	180,000	177,155	357,155		
Thereafter	 3,815,000	1,506,545	 5,321,545		
	\$ 4,840,000	\$ 2,470,639	\$ 7,310,639		

Lease Liabilities

Year ending		Componen	Activities		
September 30,	P	rincipal	Ir	iterest	 Total
2024	\$	15,630	\$	332	\$ 15,962
2025		15,845		117	 15,962
	\$	31,475	\$	449	\$ 31,924

In 2019, the BICD entered into a six-year lease agreement as lessee for the use of office space. An initial lease liability of \$62,172 was recorded. As of yearend, the value of the lease liability was \$31,475. BICD is required to make principal and interest payments of \$1,330. The interest rate was determined to be 1.364%. The property is classified as a right-to-use asset with a total carrying value of \$31,086.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Costs

The Cities of Sherman and Denison contracted with the Greater Texoma Utility Authority ("GTUA") for use of the Dripping Springs landfill. The City owns the permitted area but GTUA is responsible for the operation and maintenance. This landfill was considered full at September 30, 1993, for financial reporting purposes. State and Federal laws and regulations require the City of Denison to place a final cover on its Dripping Springs landfill site and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for up to thirty years after closure. The City is financially obligated for a portion of these costs related to gas and ground water monitoring. These costs were paid in full in the prior year.

H. Deferred Charges on Refunding

A deferred charge resulting from the issuance of the 2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds has been recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and is being amortized to interest expense over the term of the refunded debt. The current year balance for business-type activities totaled \$23,370. Current year amortization for business-type activities was \$4,674.

I. Intergovernmental Payable

The following summarizes the intergovernmental payable balance due from the City to the Denison Business and Industrial Corporation as of the year ended September 30, 2023.

I	Beginning Balance	A	dditions	F	Reductions		Ending Balance	D	Amounts ue within One Year
						-			
\$	2,325,038	\$	-	\$	(1,359,189)	\$	965,849	\$	965,849
\$	2,325,038	\$	-	\$	(1,359,189)	\$	965,849	\$	965,849
	\$ \$	\$ 2,325,038	Balance Ac \$ 2,325,038 \$	Balance Additions \$ 2,325,038 \$ -	Balance Additions R \$ 2,325,038 \$ - \$	Balance Additions Reductions \$ 2,325,038 \$ - \$ (1,359,189)	Balance Additions Reductions \$ 2,325,038 \$ - \$ (1,359,189) \$	Balance Additions Reductions Balance \$ 2,325,038 \$ - \$ (1,359,189) \$ 965,849	Beginning BalanceAdditionsReductionsEnding BalanceD C\$ 2,325,038\$ -\$ (1,359,189)\$ 965,849\$

J. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between the primary government funds during the 2023 year were as follows:

		Transfer In:						
		General Nonmajor						
Transfer Out:	General	I&S	Govt	Total				
Utility fund	\$ 2,507,903	\$ 259,501	\$ 255,000	\$ 3,022,404				
General	-	-	1,329,467	1,329,467				
Nonmajor govt.	824,336	2,145,420	1,427	2,971,183				
Total	\$ 3,332,239	\$ 2,404,921	\$ 1,585,894	\$ 7,323,054				

During the year, transfers are primarily used to allocate administrative and overhead costs between funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

The compositions of interfund balances as of year end were as follows:

	Due to	other funds
Due from other funds	(Pay	able Fund):
(Receiving Fund):	N	onmajor
General Fund	\$	9,801
Utility Fund		66,213
To	tal \$	76,014

The purpose of interfund receivables and payables is to loan cash between funds. All due to/from balances are expected to be settled within the next year.

K. Restricted Fund Balance

The City records restricted fund balance on amounts with externally imposed restrictions (e.g., through debt covenants or by grantors) or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Total restricted fund balance for the governmental funds was \$18,160,697. Of which, \$210,260 is restricted by enabling legislation.

V. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates along with over 2,800 other entities in the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pools. The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The City has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool outside of the payment of insurance premiums. The City has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors.

C. Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the City could result. The City does anticipate that it will have an arbitrage liability and performs annual calculations to estimate this potential liability. The City will also engage an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with Internal Revenue Service's rules and regulations, if indicated.

D. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Texas Municipal Retirement System

1. Plan Description

The City of Denison, Texas participates as one of 919 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

2. Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	<u>Plan Year 2021</u>	Plan Year 2022
Employee deposit rate	7%	7%
Matching ratio (city to	2 to 1	2 to 1
employee)		
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility		
(expressed as age / years of	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
service)		
Updated service credit	100% Repeating Transfers	100% Repeating Transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	30% of CPI	30% of CPI

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	208
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	216
Active employees	<u>249</u>
Total	<u>673</u>

3. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Employees for the City of Denison, Texas were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Denison, Texas were 11.34% and 10.65% in calendar years 2022 and 2023, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2023, were \$1,565,555, and were equal to the required contributions.

4. Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year Overall payroll growth 2.75% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2023 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real
		Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global Public Equity	35.0%	7.7%
Core Fixed Income	6.0%	4.9%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	8.7%
Other Public/Private Markets	12.0%	8.1%
Real Estate	12.0%	5.8%
Hedge Funds	5.0%	6.9%
Private Equity	10.0%	11.8%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) – (b)		
Balance at 12/31/21	\$ 73,735,098	\$	76,424,138	\$	(2,689,040)	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	2,090,047		-		2,090,047	
Interest	4,892,998		-		4,892,998	
Difference between expected and						
actual experience	503,742		-		503,742	
Changes of assumptions	-		-		-	
Contributions – employer	-		1,554,862		(1,554,862)	
Contributions – employee	-		958,737		(958,737)	
Net investment income	-		(5,570,756)		5,570,756	
Benefit payments, including						
refunds of emp. contributions	(4,582,511)		(4,582,511)		-	
Administrative expense	-		(48,275)		48,275	
Other changes	-		57,606		(57,606)	
Net changes	2,904,276		(7,630,337)		10,534,613	
Balance at 12/31/22	\$ 76,639,374	\$	68,793,801	\$	7,845,573	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease	Cu	rrent Single Rate	1% Increase	
 5.75%	Assumption 6.75%			7.75%
\$ 17,623,529	\$	7,845,573	\$	(211,597)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.tmrs.com.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

5. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense for this plan of \$2,321,553.

At September 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	rred Outflows
	O	f Resources
Differences between expected and actual	al	
economic experience	\$	287,560
Difference between projected and		
investment earnings		4,737,300
Contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date		1,128,554
Total	\$	6,153,414

The City reported \$1,128,554 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2023	\$ 270,978
2024	1,321,626
2025	1,286,379
2026	2,145,877
2027	-
Thereafter	 _
	\$ 5,024,860

Denison Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund

6. Plan Description

The Board of Trustees of the Fund is the administrator of the Fund, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Fund is an independent entity for financial reporting purposes. The City of Denison, Texas is the only contributing employer. The members of the Fund also contribute to the Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

The Fund is established under the authority of the Texas Local Fire Fighters' Retirement Act ("TLFFRA"). The Fund is administered by a Board of Trustees which is made up of three members elected from and by the Fund members, two representatives of the City of Denison, Texas, and two citizen members.

The Fund covers current and former fire fighters of the City of Denison, Texas, as well as certain beneficiaries of current and former fire fighters. The Fund is open to new entrants. An actuarial valuation of the Fund is performed every two years.

7. Benefits Provided

Effective January 1, 2020, the City of Denison contributes 18 percent of each Fund member's total pay (including regular, longevity, overtime pay and pay received during a period of sick leave or vacation, but excluding lump sum distributions for unused sick leave or vacation). Fund members contribute to the fund at a rate of 13.25 percent of pay. Fund members receive a credit for service for the period during which they pay into, and keep on deposit in the fund, the contributions required by the Fund. Retirement, death, disability, and termination benefits are calculated based upon a member's average salary for the 24 consecutive months that produce the highest average.

All active fire fighters of the City of Denison, Texas are members of the Denison Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund.

The City contributed 100% toward the required postemployment benefit cost for current and two preceding years.

Service Retirement Benefits

A member is eligible for service retirement benefits upon completion of 20 years of service and attainment of age 50. A member who retires under the service retirement provisions of the Fund will receive a monthly benefit equal to the sum of (a) and (b), below, where: (a) Equals 2.65 percent of the member's highest 24-month average salary, multiplied by the member's years of credited service not in excess of 20, and (b) Equals 3.00 percent of the member's highest 24-month average salary multiplied by the member's years of credited service in excess of 20.

The maximum service retirement benefit is \$5,150 per month.

Service retirement benefits are payable for the member's lifetime. In the event the member's death precedes that of his spouse, three-fourths of the member's pension will be continued to the member's spouse for the spouse's lifetime. Monthly benefits to a widowed spouse upon remarriage will continue subject to the other terms of the Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Disability Benefits

An active member who becomes disabled before the date he qualifies for service retirement will receive a monthly disability benefit equal to 50 percent of the member's average monthly compensation. However, if a member is eligible for a service retirement benefit, he will receive the service retirement benefit to which he is entitled instead of the disability benefit. The maximum disability benefit is \$5,150 per month.

If a member begins drawing disability benefits prior to age 50, but after the date he has completed 20 years of service, monthly disability benefits will end at age 50. Starting at age 50, the member will receive the amount of monthly termination benefit, described below, which the member has accumulated as of the date his service is terminated due to disability.

Disability benefits are payable in the same form as service retirement benefits. However, disability benefits stop if the member recovers to the point that he no longer meets the definition of disability under the Fund.

Governmental Accounting Standards

In June 2012, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, which amended GASB Statement No. 27 effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. GASB 68 says that the total pension liability should be determined by (a) an actuarial valuation as of the measurement date or (b) the use of update procedures to roll forward to the measurement date from an actuarial valuation as of a date no more than 30 months and one day earlier than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. For this report, the roll forward procedure is what we used to develop the December 31, 2022 total pension liability from the total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation. Therefore, there are no differences between expected and actual experience for the Fund year ending December 31, 2022 since the theoretical actual demographic experience for that year was assumed to be the same as the expected experience.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	55
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	8
Active employees	<u>50</u>
Total	<u>113</u>

8. Contributions

Beginning January 1, 2020, the City increased its rate to 18%. The City's contributions to the fund for the year ended September 30, 2023, were \$811,957, and were equal to the required contributions.

9. Net Pension Liability

The city's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021 and rolled forward to December 31, 2022.

Total pension liability	\$ 27,322,134
Plan fiduciary net position	 20,072,690
City's net pension liability	\$ 7,249,444
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total pension liability	73.50%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Ac	tuariai cost inethou
---	----------------------

Amortization method Open period, level percentage of pay

Asset valuation method The fair value of assets plus 20% of the unrecognized

gains & losses from each of the past four years. The resulting value is further limited to be no less than 80% and no greater than 110% of the fair value of

assets.

Discount rate 7.50% per annum, compounded annually

Compensation increases 2.75% general annual compensation increase plus

1.89% per year for pay increases due to promotion

and longevity over a 30-year career

Increases in total payroll 2.50% aggregate payroll growth

Marital status

a. Proportion married Males: 100%, Females: 100%

b. Difference in ages Actual age difference are used for married members.

Unmarried members are assumed to be married at retirement, Males are assumed to be two years older

than their spouses.

Contribution rates Rates in effect are assumed to remain constant for

future years

Mortality rates PubS-2010 (public safety) total dataset mortality

tables for employees and for retirees (sex distinct), projected for mortality improvement generationally

using the projection scale MP-2019.

Termination rates <u>Age</u> <u>Termination Rate</u>

25	4.97%
35	2.49%
45	0.62%
55	0.00%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Disability	Rates	developed	from	1985	Society	of	Actuaries
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Disability Table Study using Class 1 male rates with a 90-day elimination period. Specimen rates are:

<u>Age</u>	<u>Termination Rate</u>
25	0.111%
35	0.152%
45	0.335%
55	0.858%

Assumed death benefit to children Each member is assumed to have two children. The

> first child is assumed to have been born when the member was age 25. The second child is assumed to be two years younger. It is also assumed that benefits will be paid when each child reaches the age of 18.

Assumed contribution rates

a. Members 13.25% of compensation 18.00% of compensation b. City

Assumed form of payment Members are assumed to receive a joint and 75%

contingent service retirement benefit, which is the

only form of service retirement benefit in the plan.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. No projection of cash flows was used to determine the discount rate because the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation showed that expected contributions would pay the normal cost and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) in 11 years. Because of the 11-year amortization period of the UAAL, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is expected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.5% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments as the discount rate to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2023 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Cash and cash equivalents	0.7%	0.00%
Fixed income securities	2.2%	1.45%
Closed-end mutual funds	10.9%	1.45%
Equities	83.5%	5.95%
Real Estate	<u>2.7%</u>	<u>3.45%</u>
Total	100.0%	5.25%

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	7	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)		
Balance at 9/30/2022	\$	26,725,580	\$	24,957,398	\$	1,768,182	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		535,217		-		535,217	
Interest		1,972,877		-		1,972,877	
Change in benefit provisions		-		-		-	
Difference between expected and							
actual experience		-		-		_	
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-	
Contributions – employer		-		791,048		(791,048)	
Contributions – employee		-		582,299		(582,299)	
Net investment income		-		(4,299,891)		4,299,891	
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of emp. contributions		(1,911,540)		(1,911,540)		_	
Administrative expense				(46,624)		46,624	
Other changes		-		-		-	
Net changes		596,554		(4,884,708)		5,481,262	
Balance at 9/30/2023	\$	27,322,134	\$	20,072,690	\$	7,249,444	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were to be calculated using the discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease	Cur	rent Single Rate	1	% Increase
6.50%		Assumption 7.50%		8.50%
\$ 10,652,631	\$	7,249,444	\$	4,430,425

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued financial report. That report may be obtained from the finance department of the City.

10. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense for this plan of \$430,447.

At September 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows of	(Inflows) of	
	Resources		Resources
Difference between projected and investment earnings	\$ 2,527,776	\$	-
Changes in actuarial assumptions	105,538		-
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	-		(123,802)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	591,811		-
Total	\$ 3,225,125	\$	(123,802)

The City reported \$591,811 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	
2024	\$ (50,497)
2025	617,454
2026	683,262
2027	1,259,293
2028	-
Thereafter	 _
	\$ 2,509,512

E. <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

The City has established a deferred compensation plan (the 457 plan) in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Section 457. The 457 plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. The benefits of the plan are not available to employees until termination, retirement, or unforeseeable emergency. Benefits are available to employee's beneficiaries in case of death.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the 457 plan, all property rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the City (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan) subject only to the claims of the City's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of the general creditors of the City in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

It is the opinion of the City that the City has no liability for investment losses under the 457 plan, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The City believes that it is unlikely that it will use the 457 plan assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

The City's deferred compensation plan is administered by a private corporation under contract with the City. Participant contributions totaled \$32,531 for the year ended September 30, 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

F. Commitments and Contingencies

Texoma Area Solid Waste Authority

The City has an unconditional obligation to pay its proportionate share of TASWA's bond debt service and annual operating and maintenance expenditures. The City pays its proportionate share of this obligation to TASWA through tipping fees. The City's budgeted commitment to TASWA for fiscal year 2023 is \$1,030,000. Payments made by the City during the year totaled \$1,058,338.

Guarantee

The City has executed a guarantee to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ") on behalf of TASWA. In the event TASWA fails to perform any closure, post-closure, or corrective actions required by TCEQ, the City shall (i) perform such closure, post-closure, or corrective actions, (ii) pay a third party to perform such closure, post-closure or corrective actions, or (iii) establish a fully-funded trust pursuant to Texas law to remedy the failure at the TASWA facility.

If the City expends funds under this guarantee, the City would be unconditionally entitled to reimbursement from TASWA according to the terms of the Landfill Contract. Estimated costs guaranteed by the City are \$8,370,771 for closure and \$2,372,197 for post-closure. The landfill is estimated to be 22% full and has an estimated remaining useful life of 61.8 years. These estimates are evaluated annually and are subject to change due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulation.

Greater Texoma Utility Authority

The City has entered into various contracts with the Greater Texoma Utility Authority ("Authority"), whereby the Authority provides water services to the City. As part of the contractual agreements, the Authority issues debt for the benefit of the City, the proceeds of which are used to finance construction of water and sewer facilities and infrastructure within the City. Although this debt is not that of the City, the City is contractually obligated for the repayment of principal and interest on the debt through a pledging of water revenues.

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the City paid \$291,049 to the Authority in accordance with these contracts. Future payments under these contracts average approximately \$289,987 per year for the next 7 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

A summary of the remaining debt service as of September 30, 2023 is as follows:

Year	Ending
------	--------

Tear Lituing					
September 30,	 Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$ 249,480	\$	43,240	\$	292,720
2025	255,960		38,021		293,981
2026	262,440		32,411		294,851
2027	268,920		26,424		295,344
2028	275,400		20,070		295,470
2029	281,880		13,358		295,238
2030	255,960		6,348		262,308
Total	\$ 1,850,040	\$	179,872	\$	2,029,912

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of September 30, 2023. At year end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Governmental Funds

	Project		Construction		
	Budget in Progress		in Progress	Remaining	
Project	Appropriation	(Spent to Date)		Commitment	
Lynn Vessels Construction	\$ 4,742,193	\$	2,040,997	\$	2,701,196
Huitt Zollars	596,690		336,421		260,269
Chris Lambka and Associates	235,200		174,048		61,152
Garver	104,961		22,060		82,901
CEC Engineering	51,322		41,538		9,784
Total Construction in Progress	\$ 5,730,366	\$	2,615,064	\$	3,115,302

Proprietary Funds

		Project Construction					
		Budget		in Progress		Remaining	
Project	Appropriation		(Spent to Date)		Commitment		
Plummer & Associates	\$	1,561,425	\$	1,392,759	\$	168,666	
Plummer & Associates		5,228,412		997,551		4,230,861	
Plummer & Associates		5,868,800		1,461,928		4,406,872	
WesTech		80,615		-		80,615	
Motorola		2,000,000		2,000,000		-	
Archer Western		39,534,728		9,216,183		30,318,545	
Birkhoff, Hendricks, Carter		2,500,000		2,317,211		182,789	
Archer Western		2,892,826		1,959,721		933,105	
Archer Western		6,369,000		5,940,372		428,628	
SYB Construction		10,829,280		7,021,685		3,807,595	
Plummer & Associates		985,983		453,141		532,842	
Plummer & Associates		150,000		79,364		70,636	
H&H		232,039		-		232,039	
Plummer & Associates		375,879		295,326		80,553	
HydroPro Solutions		177,985		142,177		35,808	
Garver		52,936		-		52,936	
Dickerson Construction Co.		290,961		290,961		-	
RJN Group		452,625		-		452,625	
DDM		9,385,992		4,423,122		4,962,870	
Total Construction in Progress	\$	88,969,486	\$	37,991,501	\$	50,977,985	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

G. Additional Water and Sewer Information

The following information is included at the request of the Texas Water Development Board for the year under audit.

Water Accountability Report:

Gallons Pumped 1,949,830,000
Gallons Billed 1,790.256.401
Other gallons processed * 221,750

The City of Denison secures its water supply and sewer services from the Greater Texoma Utility Authority ("Authority"), a district authorized by the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 59; created by the Texas Legislature, Article 8280-141; and authorized to act by the confirming vote of the majority of the qualified voters in each of the cities comprising the District. The District has police, taxation and eminent domain powers and is authorized to issue revenue and/or tax bonds upon approval by the Attorney General of the State of Texas and functions as a political subdivision of the State of Texas independent of the City. The District is governed by a 9-member board ("Board"). The Board has full power and discretion to establish its budget and to set rates for the services it provides by contracts with its member cities and customers. The Board is empowered by statute and contract, or otherwise permitted by law, to discontinue a facility or service in order to prevent an abuse or to enforce payment of an unpaid charge, fee or rental due to the Authority. Because of these factors, the Authority is not included in the City's basic financial statements.

The City does not have meters on all water pumping stations to be able to accurately measure the total number of gallons pumped. Therefore, the above numbers do not accurately reflect the actual gallons pumped versus the total gallons billed.

^{*}Emergency water main repairs, installation of water main, repair service main, replace water main, water leak, and fire hydrant flushing.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

H. Tax Abatement Disclosures

The City of Denison negotiates tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. The City has four property tax abatement agreements with two separate entities, a sales tax abatement with one entity, and hotel tax abatements with one entity as of September 30, 2023:

<u>Purpose</u>	Abatement	Percentage of Taxes Abated during	Amount of Taxes Abated during the
	Туре	the Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
Hotel receives hotel tax abatements for constructing and operating a hotel and conference center facility within the City.	Hotel Tax	40%	170,243
Developer receives ad valorem tax rebate for constructing single family structures within the City.	Property Tax	100%	6,846
Property owner/developer receives rebate of ten times the amount of increased city property taxes assessed and paid.	Property Tax	100%	69,411
Developer receives ad valorem rebate for constructing multi family structures within the City.	Property Tax	100%	82,156
Entertainment venue receives ad valorem tax rebate for constructing and operating facility within the City.	Property Tax	100%	61,916
Travel Center venue receives ad valorem tax rebate for constructing and operating facility within the City.	Property Tax	100%	13,347
Entertainment venue receives sales tax rebate for constructing and operating facility within the City.	Sales Tax	100%	13,873
Total		\$ 417,792	

Each agreement was negotiated under the property redevelopment and tax abatement act codified in chapter 312 of the Texas tax code which authorizes allowing localities to abate property taxes when the entity meets certain guidelines and criteria adopted by the governing body. The Tax Code provides that a tax abatement agreement may provide for the exemption of the real property in each year covered by the agreement only to the extent its increase in value for that year exceeds its value for the year in which the agreement is executed. Accordingly, only the increase in value may be abated. Moreover, the taxing unit could abate from one percent (1%) to one hundred percent (100%) the property taxes paid on the increase. A tax abatement agreement cannot exceed ten years in length.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2023

The City has not made any commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes. The City is not subject to any tax abatement agreements entered into by other governmental entities. The City has chosen to disclose information about its tax abatement agreements individually. It established a quantitative threshold of 100% percent of the total dollar amount of taxes abated during the year.

I. Related Party Transactions

Janet Gott is the City Mayor. Mrs. Gott is related to the owner of a landscaping company that was contracted to perform landscaping services for the City. The services provided totaled \$325,314 during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

J. Restatement

The City restated beginning net position for governmental activities to correct capital assets. The table below summarize the changes to net position as a result of these corrections.

	G	overnmental
		Activities
Prior year ending net position/		
fund balance, as reported	\$	55,475,659
To correct capital assets		214,074
Restated beginning net		
position/fund balance	\$	55,689,733

K. New Accounting Pronouncements

The City has adopted the provision of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, entitled subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITA"). Due to the implementation of GASB 96 in the current year, the City recorded right-to-use assets and subscription liabilities based on the present value of the payments for the related arrangements. The assets are included within capital assets, and depreciated straight-line over the term of the arrangement. The liabilities accrue interest at the implied rate estimated by the City, and are relieved with payments over the term of the arrangements.

L. Subsequent Events

There were no material events through March 15, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



REQUIRED SU	JPPLEMENT <i>A</i>	ARY INFORM	IATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

			,	Final			Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
D	Or	iginal Budget		Budget		Actual		Negative)
Revenues	ф	12 507 152	ф	12 022 502	Ф	10.072.662	φ	051 150
Property tax	\$	13,596,153	\$	12,022,503	\$	12,873,662	\$	851,159
Sales tax		7,560,000		7,560,000		8,140,375		580,375
Franchise and local taxes		1,659,000		1,659,000		1,680,440		21,440
License and permits		988,025		933,428		967,994		34,566
Intergovernmental		500,000		500,000		601,320		101,320
Charges for services		9,442,462		9,442,462		10,097,231		654,769
Fines and forfeitures		415,000		415,000		413,067		(1,933)
Investment income		25,700		25,700		384,146		358,446
Contirbutions and donations		-		-		150,000		150,000
Other revenue		300,000		300,000		278,270		(21,730)
Total Revenues		34,486,340		32,858,093		35,586,505		2,728,412
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Current:								
General government								
City manager and admin.		6,887,056		7,550,569		5,074,504		2,476,065
Finance		615,881		676,649		675,951		698
Human resources		392,313		392,313		375,588		16,725
Information technology		1,349,259		1,349,868		1,228,623		121,245
Main street		411,727		460,662		463,608		(2,946)
Community engagement		151,701		151,701		128,941		22,760
Total		9,807,937		10,581,762		7,947,215		2,634,547
Public safety								
Fire		7,018,682		7,485,034		7,410,008		75,026
Police		6,215,591		6,473,525		5,784,809		688,716
Dispatch		1,151,346		1,168,633		1,015,890		152,743
Total		14,385,619		15,127,192		14,210,707		916,485
Community services								
Municipal court		256,238		256,238		256,956		(718)
City marshal		132,538		142,502		125,630		16,872
Animal control		327,662		352,775		333,377		19,398
Cemetery		504,483		504,483		330,562		173,921
Code enforcement		490,283		522,533		491,671		30,862
Building inspections		501,187		514,796		476,145		38,651
Marketing and tourism		419,388		419,388		423,818		(4,430)
Parks and recreation		3,264,608		3,413,326		3,209,929		203,397
Library		891,039		891,039		871,423		19,616
Total		6,787,426		7,017,080		6,519,511		497,569
		, , , -		, ,		, .,		,

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (Page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

				Variance with
				Final Budget
		Final		Positive
	Original Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Public works				
Demolition/mowing	93,172	89,682	81,453	8,229
Garage	1,612,237	2,036,790	2,002,765	34,025
Streets	1,267,189	1,370,754	1,296,311	74,443
Solid waste	2,677,391	2,743,007	2,725,433	17,574
Planning	561,312	561,312	563,791	(2,479)
Building maintenance	283,091	342,335	335,443	6,892
Total	6,494,392	7,143,880	7,005,196	138,684
Capital outlay	-	2,081,629	2,081,629	-
Debt Service:				
Principal	1,229,882	1,936,041	1,809,391	126,650
Interest and fiscal charges	200,653	293,352	237,590	55,762
Total Expenditures	38,905,909	44,180,936	39,811,239	4,369,697
Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(4,419,569)	(11,322,843)	(4,224,734)	7,098,109
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	3,402,580	3,287,437	3,332,239	44,802
Transfers (out)	(1,215,000)	(1,332,508)	(1,329,467)	3,041
Proceeds from sale of assets	250,000	250,000	274,859	24,859
Lease liabilities	1,813,000	2,855,629	2,827,118	(28,511)
Subscription liabilities	<u>-</u> _	28,511	28,511	
Total Other Financing Sources				
(Uses)	4,250,580	5,089,069	5,133,260	44,191
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (168,989)	\$ (6,233,774)	908,526	\$ 7,142,300
Beginning fund balance			11,535,360	
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 12,443,886	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Years Ended

		12/31/2014		12/31/2015		12/31/2016		12/31/2017
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$	1,385,094	\$	1,471,283	\$	1,570,742	\$	1,592,801
Interest		3,806,514		3,948,676		4,004,811		4,138,491
Differences between expected and actual								
experience		(534,097)		(575,637)		(190,121)		(401,576)
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of		-		1,069,012		-		-
participant contributions		(2,391,085)		(2,948,365)		(3,136,017)		(3,695,995)
Net change in total pension liability		2,266,426		2,964,969		2,249,415		1,633,721
Total pension liability - beginning		54,881,770		57,148,196		60,113,165		62,362,580
Total pension liability - ending (a)		57,148,196		60,113,165		62,362,580		63,996,301
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	1,253,742	\$	1,241,360	\$	1,194,194	\$	1,307,587
Contributions - members		688,330		699,659		708,453		718,866
Net investment income		2,965,830		80,166		3,605,230		7,715,846
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
participant contributions		(2,391,085)		(2,948,365)		(3,136,017)		(3,695,995)
Administrative expenses		(30,966)		(48,830)		(40,721)		(39,994)
Other		(2,546)		(2,412)		(2,194)		(2,027)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,483,305		(978,422)		2,328,945		6,004,283
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		51,847,184		54,330,489		53,352,067		55,681,012
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	54,330,489	\$	53,352,067	\$	55,681,012	\$	61,685,295
Fund's net pension liability - ending (a) -								
(b)	\$	2,817,707	\$	6,761,098	\$	6,681,568	\$	2,311,006
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage								
of the total pension liability		95.07%		88.75%		89.29%		96.39%
Covered payroll	\$	9,833,286	\$	9,995,129	\$	10,120,762	\$	10,269,508
Fund's net pension liability as a	Ψ	7,000,200	Ψ	7,770,127	Ψ	10,120,102	Ψ	10,207,000
percentage of covered payroll		28.65%		67.64%		66.02%		22.50%
percentage of covered payron		20.03 /0		07.04/0		00.02 /0		44.50 /0

Notes to schedule:

1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten calendar years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.

	12/31/2018		12/31/2019		12/31/2020		12/31/2021		12/31/2022	1
										_
\$	1,698,110	\$	1,804,742	\$	1,825,942	\$	1,933,217	\$	2,090,047	
	4,259,941		4,420,063		4,591,717		4,740,786		4,892,998	
	15,566		(82,160)		(180,883)		(98,600)		503,742	
	-		283,838		-		-		-	
	(3,470,248)		(3,839,260)		(3,948,842)		(4,215,132)		(4,582,511)	
	2,503,369		2,587,223		2,287,934	_	2,360,271	_	2,904,276	-
	63,996,301		66,499,670	_	69,086,893	_	71,374,827		73,735,098	-
	66,499,670		69,086,893		71,374,827		73,735,098		76,639,374	-
						_		_		-
\$	1,410,223	\$	1,437,441	\$	1,481,217	\$	1,484,339	\$	1,554,862	
	775,143		827,133		852,675		892,646		958,737	
	(1,846,896)		9,040,300		5,000,171		9,023,310		(5,570,756)	
	(3,470,248)		(3,839,260)		(3,948,842)		(4,215,132)		(4,582,511)	
	(35,711)		(51,117)		(32,382)		(41,789)		(48,275)	
	(1,866)		(1,535)		(1,263)		286		57,606	
	(3,169,355)		7,412,962		3,351,576		7,143,660		(7,630,337)	-
	61,685,295		58,515,940		65,928,902		69,280,478		76,424,138	
\$	58,515,940	\$	65,928,902	\$	69,280,478	\$	76,424,138	\$	68,793,801	_
			_		_		_			_
\$	7,983,730	\$	3,157,991	\$	2,094,349	\$	(2,689,040)	\$	7,845,573	_
										_
	87.99%		95.43%		97.07%		103.65%		89.76%	
\$	11,005,252	\$	11,749,623	\$	12,181,068	\$	12,752,091	\$	13,696,244	
Ψ	11,000,202	Ψ	11,747,023	Ψ	12,101,000	Ψ	12,702,071	Ψ	10,070,244	
	72.54%		26.88%		17.19%		-21.09%		57.28%	

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Years Ended:

	9/30/2015	 9/30/2016		9/30/2017	 9/30/2018
Actuarially determined employer contributions	\$ 1,256,647	\$ 1,197,073	\$	1,276,138	\$ 1,366,662
Contributions in relation to the					
actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,256,647	\$ 1,197,073	\$	1,276,138	\$ 1,366,662
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Annual covered payroll	\$ 10,050,835	\$ 10,014,944	\$	10,309,965	\$ 10,729,319
Employer contributions as a percentage of			-		
covered payroll	12.50%	11.95%		12.38%	12.74%

¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten fiscal years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are

calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 23 years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of

benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2014 - 2018

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The

rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The

rates are projected on a fully generational

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

 9/30/2019	 9/30/2020	 9/30/2021	 9/30/2022	 9/30/2023	1
\$ 1,431,847	\$ 1,436,872	\$ 1,467,563	\$ 1,531,841	\$ 1,565,555	
\$ 1,431,847	\$ 1,436,872	\$ 1,467,563	\$ 1,531,841	\$ 1,565,555	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	•
\$ 11,631,121	\$ 11,813,936	\$ 12,460,598	\$ 13,414,008	\$ 14,450,375	- -
12.31%	12.16%	11.78%	11.42%	10.83%	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DENISON FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND

Years Ended:

		12/31/2014		12/31/2015		12/31/2016		12/31/2017
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$	519,493	\$	540,273	\$	561,884	\$	584,359
Interest		1,570,247		1,636,517		1,691,849		1,754,603
Changes in benefit terms		-		_		-		-
Differences between expected and								
actual experience		-		(322,524)		-		(246,506)
Changes of assumptions		-		249,916		-		(750,691)
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
participant contributions		(1,212,961)		(1,318,961)		(1,504,730)		(1,428,216)
Net change in total pension liability		876,779		785,221		749,003		(86,451)
Total pension liability - beginning		20,358,784		21,235,563		22,020,784		22,769,787
Total pension liability - ending (a)		21,235,563		22,020,784		22,769,787		22,683,336
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	487,188	\$	493,062	\$	500,182	\$	501,647
Contributions - members		389,748		398,318		400,158		401,067
Net investment income		1,368,721		(1,053,804)		1,139,415		2,568,080
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
participant contributions		(1,212,961)		(1,318,961)		(1,504,730)		(1,428,216)
Administrative expenses		(21,105)		(26,839)		(28,393)		(38,876)
Other		-		(2,003)		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,011,591		(1,510,227)		506,632		2,003,702
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		15,713,372		16,724,963		15,214,736		15,721,368
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	16,724,963	\$	15,214,736	\$	15,721,368	\$	17,725,070
Fund's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,510,600	\$	6,806,048	\$	7,048,419	\$	4,958,266
Disco di Ausianno de maritimo de								
Plan fiduciary net position as a		70 770/		69.09%		60.040/		70 1 40/
percentage of the total pension liability Covered payroll	\$	78.76% 3,247,920	¢	3,287,080	¢	69.04%	¢	78.14%
• •	Ф	3,247,920	\$	3,207,080	\$	3,334,547	\$	3,344,313
Fund's net position as a percentage of								
covered payroll		138.88%		207.05%		211.38%		148.26%

Notes to schedule:

1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten calendar years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.

12/31/2018		12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021	 12/31/2022	1
\$ 487,429	\$	504,489	\$ 484,543	\$ 497,868	\$ 535,217	
1,679,321		1,713,480	1,857,246	1,907,746	1,972,877	
-		-	1,227,295	-	-	
-		(693,239)	-	203,053	-	
-		966,083	-	27,219	-	
(1,559,639)		(1,897,085)	(1,665,468)	(1,698,097)	(1,911,540))
 607,111	_	593,728	1,903,616	937,789	 596,554	_
 22,683,336		23,290,447	 23,884,175	 25,787,791	 26,725,580	_
23,290,447		23,884,175	25,787,791	26,725,580	27,322,134	-
\$ 504,819	\$	529,465	\$ 674,130	\$ 655,168	\$ 791,048	
404,045		423,572	496,234	482,276	582,299	
(461,618)		4,623,990	1,367,729	4,492,329	(4,299,891))
(1,559,639)		(1,897,085)	(1,665,468)	(1,698,097)	(1,911,540)	
(24,075)		(43,403)	(17,749)	(54,295)	(46,624))
 	_	-	_	 _	 -	_
(1,136,468)		3,636,539	854,876	3,877,381	(4,884,708))
 17,725,070		16,588,602	 20,225,141	 21,080,017	 24,957,398	_
\$ 16,588,602	\$	20,225,141	\$ 21,080,017	\$ 24,957,398	\$ 20,072,690	_
\$ 6,701,845	\$	3,659,034	\$ 4,707,774	\$ 1,768,182	\$ 7,249,444	=
71.22%		84.68%	81.74%	93.38%	73.47%)
\$ 3,365,460	\$	3,529,767	\$ 3,745,167	\$ 3,639,819	\$ 4,394,711	
199.14%		103.66%	125.70%	48.58%	164.96%)

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN DENISON FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND

Years Ended:

	 9/30/2015	9/30/2016		9/30/2017	9/30/2018
Actuarially determined employer contributions	\$ 495,712	\$ 498,662	\$	504,920	\$ 500,846
Contributions in relation to the					
actuarially determined contribution	\$ 495,712	\$ 498,662	\$	504,920	\$ 500,846
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Annual covered payroll	\$ 3,304,750	\$ 3,324,413	\$	3,366,133	\$ 3,338,973
Employer contributions as a	 _		'	_	_
percentage of covered payroll	15.00%	15.00%		15.00%	15.00%

¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten fiscal years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are

determined by the contacted contribution rates.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Open

Remaining Amortization Period 11 years

Asset Valuation Method 5 Year smoothed market; 20% market value corridor

Inflation

Salary Increases 2.5% per year, plus promotion, step and longevity

increases that vary by service

Investment Rate of Return 7.5%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan

of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation.

Mortality PubS-2010 (public safety) total dataset mortality tables for employees and

for retirees (sex distinct), projected for mortality improvement

generationally using the projection scale MP-2019.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

9/30/2019	 9/30/2020	 9/30/2021	 9/30/2022	 9/30/2023 1
\$ 513,916	\$ 604,020	\$ 674,130	\$ 655,168	\$ 811,957
\$ 513,916	\$ 604,020	\$ 674,130	\$ 655,168	\$ 811,957
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 3,426,107	\$ 3,355,667	\$ 3,645,825	\$ 4,016,952	\$ 4,541,487
15.00%	18.00%	18.49%	16.31%	17.88%



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2023

		Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone				Street provements		Cemetery Pre-pay O&C
<u>Assets</u>				Dona		<u>provenients</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,392,087	\$	2,417,997	\$	5,794,080	\$	_
Restricted assets - cash	•	-	•	89,224	•	2,271,747	•	158,072
Receivables, net		_		_		-		1,933
Interest in net position of								,
recipient organization		_		_		_		_
Total Assets	\$	1,392,087	\$	2,507,221	\$	8,065,827	\$	160,005
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable								
and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	720,161	\$	533,219	\$	143,733
Due to other funds		66,213		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		66,213		720,161		533,219		143,733
Fund Balances								
Restricted for:								
Debt service		-		1,787,060		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		7,532,608		-
Municipal court		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-
Federal relief grants		-		-		-		-
Committed to:								
Parks		-		-		-		-
General government		-		-		-		16,272
Capital projects		1,325,874		-		-		-
Assigned to:								
Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-
Total (Deficit)Fund Balances		1,325,874		1,787,060		7,532,608		16,272
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,392,087	\$	2,507,221	\$	8,065,827	\$	160,005

	Special Parks & Events Recreation			TASWA Reserve		Dev	mmunity relopment perating		Denison Public Library	Mr. & Mrs. Jones Memorial Trust		
\$	16,576	\$	1,044,797	\$	1,239,024	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		- 82,638		-		-		171,238 -		-	
			,									
φ.	- 16.556	<u></u>	- 1 105 105	Φ.	1 220 024	Φ.		Φ.	- 151 220	Φ.	212,107	
\$	16,576	\$	1,127,435	\$	1,239,024	\$		\$	171,238	\$	212,107	
¢.	1.665	¢.	0.202	¢.		ф		ф	570	ф		
\$	1,665	\$	9,383	\$	_	\$	9,801	\$	572	\$	-	
	1,665		9,383				9,801		572			
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		1,239,024		-		170,666		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	_		1,118,052		_		-		-		-	
	14,911		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	_		-		-		-		-		212,107	
	-		_				(9,801)		-		-	
	14,911		1,118,052		1,239,024		(9,801)		170,666		212,107	
\$	16,576	\$	1,127,435	\$	1,239,024	\$		\$	171,238	\$	212,107	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2023

	Project ticipation	Federal orfeitures	Fire Equipment		Fire Training	
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted assets - cash	965,895	53,398		-		4,032
Receivables, net	-	-		-		-
Interest in net position of						
recipient organization	-	-		-		-
Total Assets	\$ 965,895	\$ 53,398	\$	-	\$	4,032
Liabilities						
Accounts payable						
and accrued liabilities	\$ 46	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds	-	-		-		-
Total Liabilities	46	-		-		-
Fund Balances						
Restricted for:						
Debt service	-	-		-		-
Capital projects	965,849	-		-		-
Municipal court	-	-		-		-
Public safety	-	53,398		-		4,032
Community services	-	-		-		-
Federal relief grants	-	-		-		-
Committed to:						
Parks	-	-		-		-
General government	-	-		-		-
Capital projects	-	-		-		-
Assigned to:						
Capital projects	-	-		-		-
Unassigned	-	-		-		-
Total Fund Balances	965,849	53,398		-		4,032
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 965,895	\$ 53,398	\$		\$	4,032

Canine		Homeland Security Grant		Police Equipment		HF ark	etiree edical	De	Park edication
\$	2,909 - -	\$	-	\$	20,349	\$ 67 -	\$ 221 - -	\$	57,590 -
\$	- 2,909	\$	- -	\$	20,349	\$ - 67	\$ - 221	\$	- 57,590
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_
			-			-			<u>-</u> -
	-		-		- -	- -	-		-
	- 2,909 -		- - -		20,349	- - -	- - 221		- - 57,590
	-		-		-	67	-		-
	-		-		-	-	-		-
	2,909		- - -		20,349	 67	221		57,590
\$	2,909	\$	-	\$	20,349	\$ 67	\$ 221	\$	57,590

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2023

	Law Enforcement Forfeitures	 Police Training	Municipal Court Security		unicipal Court chnology
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$	29,441	\$ 31,108
Restricted assets - cash	29,123	2,070		-	-
Receivables, net	-	-		-	-
Interest in net position of					
recipient organization	-	 			-
Total Assets	\$ 29,123	\$ 2,070	\$	29,441	\$ 31,108
Liabilities					
Accounts payable					
and accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 21
Due to other funds		 			 _
Total Liabilities		 			 21
Fund Balances					
Restricted for:					
Debt service	-	-		-	-
Capital improvements	-	-		-	-
Municipal court	-	-		29,441	31,087
Public safety	29,123	2,070		-	-
Community services	-	-		-	-
Federal relief grants	-	-		-	-
Committed to:					
Parks	-	-		-	-
General government	-	-		-	-
Capital projects	-	-		-	-
Assigned to:					
Capital projects	-	-		-	-
Unassigned	-	-		-	-
Total Fund Balances	29,123	2,070		29,441	31,087
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 29,123	\$ 2,070	\$	29,441	\$ 31,108

Pre	uancy & evention eversion		nicipal Jury	-	nprovemen Fund		Hotel ccupancy Tax		Federal Relief		Opiod Remediation		Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	37,110	\$	741	\$	4,377	\$	493,628	\$	2,617,671	\$	67,946	\$	15,247,370
	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,765,148
	-		-		-		69,611		-		-		154,182
	-		-		_		-		-		-		212,107
\$	37,110	\$	741	\$	4,377	\$	563,239	\$	2,617,671	\$	67,946	\$	19,378,807
\$		\$		\$		\$	33,232	\$	22,400	\$		\$	1,464,432
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	22,400	Ψ	_	Ψ	76,014
	-		-		_		33,232		22,400	· <u> </u>	-		1,540,446
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,787,060
	-		-		-		-		-		-		8,498,457
	37,110		741		-		-		-		-		98,379
	-		-		-		-		-		-		111,881
	-		-		-		530,007		2 505 271		-		1,997,508
	-		-		-		-		2,595,271		67,946		2,663,217
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,118,119
	-		-		-		-		-		-		31,183
	-		-		4,377		-		-		-		1,330,251
	-		-		-		-		-		-		212,107
	-		-		-		-		-		-		(9,801)
	37,110		741		4,377		530,007		2,595,271		67,946		17,838,361
\$	37,110	\$	741	\$	4,377	\$	563,239	\$	2,617,671	\$	67,946	\$	19,378,807

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone			General Bond		Street rovements	Cemetery Pre-pay O&C	
Revenues	Φ.	4 050 555	Φ.		Φ.			
Property tax	\$	1,858,775	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Franchise and local taxes		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		824,386		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		8,752
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Investment income		58,048		155,798		326,581		5,253
Contributions and donations		-		-		-		-
Other revenue				-				-
Total Revenues		1,916,823		980,184		326,581		14,005
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		_		_		_		_
Public safety		_		_		_		_
Community services		_		_		_		_
Public works		_		_		_		_
Capital outlay		568,869		2,332,278		767,307		_
Debt Service:		300,007		2,002,270		707,507		
Principal		132,265						
Interest and fiscal charges		12,200		40,575		_		_
S		713,334	_	2,372,853		767,307	-	
Total Expenditures		713,334	_	2,372,633		707,307		
Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		1,203,489		(1,392,669)		(440,726)		14,005
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		357		995,000		-
Transfers (out)		(529,556)		(1,616,221)		(62,030)		(8,752)
Bond issuance		-		1,140,000		-		-
Total Other Financing				_				
Sources (Uses)		(529,556)		(475,864)		932,970		(8,752)
Net Change in Fund Balances		673,933		(1,868,533)		492,244		5,253
Beginning fund balances		651,941	_	3,655,593		7,040,364		11,019
Ending (Deficit) Fund Balances	\$	1,325,874	\$	1,787,060	\$	7,532,608	\$	16,272

 Special Parks & Recreation			TASWA Reserve		Dev	mmunity relopment perating	Denison Public Library	Mr. & Mrs. Jones Memorial Trust		
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
_		-		- -		- 526,650	4,649		_	
-		612,454		-		30,000	-, -		-	
-		-		-		-	-		-	
-		36,035		34,857		-	5,887		-	
-		554		-		-	-		-	
202,620		48,936				192,306	 		-	
 202,620		697,979		34,857		748,956	 10,536		-	
156,706		-		61,502		528,648	78,441		-	
-		-		-		-	-		-	
-		77,428		-		-	-		-	
19,934 -		-		-		-	-		-	
						172.000				
-		-		-		173,000 19,306	-		(0.662)	
 176,640		77,428		61,502		720,954	 78,441		(9,662) (9,662)	
 170,040		77,420		01,502		720,754	 70,441		(7,002)	
25,980		620,551		(26,645)		28,002	(67,905)		9,662	
-		_		557,952		_	_		_	
-		(232,629)		(90,813)		-	-		-	
 		-					 		-	
_		(232,629)		467,139			 		-	
25,980		387,922		440,494		28,002	(67,905)		9,662	
(11,069)		730,130		798,530		(37,803)	238,571		202,445	
\$ 14,911	\$	1,118,052	\$	1,239,024	\$	(9,801)	\$ 170,666	\$	212,107	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Project Participation	Federal Forfeitures	Fire Equipment	Fire Training	
Revenues	<u> </u>				
Property tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Franchise and local taxes	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	-	-	921	3,800	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	
Investment income	40,782	1,014	-	125	
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	-	
Other revenue	-	-	-	-	
Total Revenues	40,782	1,014	921	3,925	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	2,319	-	5,814	
Community services	-	-	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	1,399,971	-	-	-	
Debt Service:					
Principal	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	
Total Expenditures	1,399,971	2,319		5,814	
Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(1,359,189)	(1,305)	921	(1,889)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	1,070	-	
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	(1,070)	
Bond issuance					
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)			1,070	(1,070)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,359,189)	(1,305)	1,991	(2,959)	
Beginning fund balances	2,325,038	54,703	(1,991)	6,991	
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 965,849	\$ 53,398	\$ -	\$ 4,032	

 Canine	Security nine Grant		Police quipment	THF Park		Retiree Medical		Park Dedication	
\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-	10.100		-		-		-
-		-	19,192		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		_
93	3	3	156		2		221		1,859
-		-	-		-		-		-
 1,981			-		-		-		-
2,074	3	3	19,348		2		221		1,859
1,833	2,06	- 7	-		-		-		-
-	2,00	-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		_		-		_
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
 -	2.06		-						
 1,833	2,06	<u> </u>							
241	(2,02	a)	19,348		2		221		1,859
 	(2,02	<u>') </u>	17,540						1,007
_		_	_		-		_		_
-		_	-		_ _		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
 	-			-					
 									_
241	(2,02	9)	19,348		2		221		1,859
2,668	2,02	9	1,001		65		-		55,731
\$ 2,909	\$	- \$	20,349	\$	67	\$	221	\$	57,590

Homeland

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Law Enforcement Forfeitures	Police Training	Municipal Court Security	Municipal Court Technology
Revenues				
Property tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise and local taxes	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	16,432	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	11,047	9,167
Investment income	912	120	994	966
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	-
Other revenue	-	4,707	-	-
Total Revenues	17,344	4,827	12,041	10,133
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	26,523	2,757	-	-
Community services	-	-	629	9,288
Public works	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	26,523	2,757	629	9,288
Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(9,179)	2,070	11,412	845
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	-	-	(4,500)	-
Bond issuance	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)			(4,500)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(9,179)	2,070	6,912	845
Beginning fund balances	38,302		22,529	30,242
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 29,123	\$ 2,070	\$ 29,441	\$ 31,087

Pr	ruancy & evention iversion	Municipal Jury	Improvemen Fund	Hotel Occupancy Tax		Federal Relief	Opiod Remediation		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,858,775
	-	-	-	1,077,288		-	-		1,077,288
	-	-	-	-		-	-		1,396,030
	-	-	-	-		-	_		651,206
	10,978	219	-	-		-	-		31,411
	1,096	22	141	16,646		98,081	1,889		787,616
	-	-	-	-		-	-		554
	-					-	66,057		516,607
	12,074	241	141	1,093,934		98,081	67,946		6,319,487
	-	-	-	-		978,505	-		1,803,802
	-	-	-	194,830		-	-		236,143
	-	-	-	-		171,345	-		258,690
	-	-	-	-		488,083	-		508,017
	-	-	-	-		-	-		5,068,425
	-	-	-	-		-	-		305,265
	-	-	-	-		-	-		62,419
	_	-		194,830	_	1,637,933			8,242,761
	12,074	241	141	899,104		(1,539,852)	67,946	·	(1,923,274)
	_	_	_	31,515		_	_		1,585,894
	_	_	-	(425,612)		-	_		(2,971,183)
				-					1,140,000
	_			(394,097)	. <u></u>	-			(245,289)
	12,074	241	141	505,007		(1,539,852)	67,946		(2,168,563)
	25,036	500	4,236	25,000		4,135,123	-		20,006,924
\$	37,110	\$ 741	\$ 4,377	\$ 530,007	\$	2,595,271	\$ 67,946	\$	17,838,361

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TAX INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original & Final Budget Actual				iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues		<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Property tax	\$ 2,09	6,746 \$	1,858,775	\$	(237,971)
Investment income		4,815	58,048		53,233
Total Revenues	2,10	1,561	1,916,823		(184,738)
Expenditures					
Capital outlay		-	568,869		(568,869)
Debt Service:					
Principal	13	2,265	132,265		-
Interest and fiscal charges	1	2,000	12,200		(200)
Total Expenditures	14	4,265	713,334		(569,069) *
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,95	7,296	1,203,489		(753,807)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers (out)	(52	4,451)	(529,556)		(5,105) *
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(52	4,451)	(529,556)		(5,105)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,43	2,845	673,933	\$	(758,912)
Beginning fund balances			651,941		
Ending Fund Balances		\$	1,325,874		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

^{*} Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL BOND FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original & Final Budget			Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	793,519	\$	824,386	\$	30,867
Investment income		4,000		155,798		151,798
Total Revenues		797,519		980,184		182,665
Expenditures Out the state of		2 21 4 201		2 222 270		000 000
Capital outlay		3,314,301		2,332,278		982,023
Debt Service:		4=2 40=		10		442.000
Interest and fiscal charges		153,405		40,575		112,830
Total Expenditures		3,467,706		2,372,853		1,094,853
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,670,187)		(1,392,669)		1,277,518
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		-		357		357
Transfers (out)		(1,616,221)		(1,616,221)		-
Bond issuance		-		1,140,000		1,140,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,616,221)		(475,864)		1,140,357
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(4,286,408)		(1,868,533)	\$	2,417,875
Beginning fund balances				3,655,593		
Ending Fund Balances			\$	1,787,060		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CEMETERY PRE-PAY O&C

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						iance with al Budget
	O	riginal &			I	Positive
	Fir	nal Budget	Actual		(N	legative)
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$	12,000	\$	8,752	\$	(3,248)
Investment income		550		5,253		4,703
Total Revenues		12,550	•	14,005		1,455
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		12,550		14,005		1,455
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers (out)		(12,000)		(8,752)		3,248
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(12,000)		(8,752)		3,248
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	550		5,253	\$	4,703
Beginning fund balances				11,019		
Ending Fund Balances			\$	16,272		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREET IMPROVEMENT

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

			Variance with Final Budget
	Original &		Positive
	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues			
Investment income	\$ 5,000	\$ 326,581	\$ 321,581
Total Revenues	5,000	326,581	321,581
<u>Expenditures</u>			
Capital outlay	7,980,973	767,307	7,213,666
Total Expenditures	7,980,973	767,307	7,213,666
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,975,973)	(440,726)	7,535,247
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	945,000	995,000	50,000
Transfers (out)	-	(62,030)	(62,030)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	945,000	932,970	(12,030)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (7,030,973)	492,244	\$ 7,523,217
Beginning fund balances		7,040,364	
Ending Fund Balances		\$ 7,532,608	

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DENISON PUBLIC LIBRARY

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						iance with al Budget	
	Original &				Positive (Negative)		
	Final Budget		Final Budget Actual				
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	91,500	\$	4,649	\$	(86,851)	
Investment income		1,000		5,887		4,887	
Total Revenues		92,500		10,536		(81,964)	
<u>Expenditures</u>							
Current:							
General government	-	21,050		78,441		(57,391) *	
Total Expenditures		21,050		78,441		(57,391)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers (out)		(50,000)		-		50,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(50,000)		-		50,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	21,450		(67,905)	\$	(89,355)	
Beginning fund balances				238,571			
Ending Fund Balances			\$	170,666			

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

^{*} Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FEDERAL FORFEITURES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						ance with al Budget
	Ori	ginal &			P	ositive
	Fina	l Budget	1	Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues						
Investment income	\$	50	\$	1,014	\$	964
Total Revenues	'	50		1,014		964
	'					
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public safety		19,053		2,319		16,734
Total Expenditures		19,053		2,319		16,734
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(19,003)		(1,305)		17,698
	'					
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(19,003)		(1,305)	\$	17,698
Beginning fund balances				54,703		
Ending Fund Balances			\$	53,398		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIRE EQUIPMENT

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

			Variance with Final Budget
	Original &		Positive
	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,000	\$ 921	\$ (79)
Investment income	10		(10)
Total Revenues	1,010	921	(89)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Public safety	2,500	-	2,500
Total Expenditures	2,500		2,500
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,490)	921	2,411
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	-	1,070	1,070
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	1,070	1,070
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (1,490)	1,991	\$ 3,481
Beginning fund balances		(1,991)	
Ending Fund Balances		\$ -	

Notes to Other Supplementary Information

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARKS & RECREATION

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						iance with al Budget
	Or	iginal &]	Positive
	Fina	al Budget		Actual	(N	Negative)
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$	560,000	\$	612,454	\$	52,454
Investment income		2,300		36,035		33,735
Contributions		-		554		554
Other revenue		13,000		48,936		35,936
Total Revenues		575,300		697,979		122,679
Expenditures Current:						
Culture and recreation		543,000		77,428		465,572
Total Expenditures		543,000		77,428		465,572
•			-	,		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		32,300		620,551		588,251
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers (out)		-		(232,629)		(232,629)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(232,629)		(232,629)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	32,300		387,922	\$	355,622
Beginning fund balances				730,130		
Ending Fund Balances			\$	1,118,052		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAW ENFORCEMENT FORFEITURES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original & Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	35,000	\$	-	\$	(35,000)	
Intergovernmental		-		16,432		16,432	
Investment income		200		912		712	
Total Revenues		35,200		17,344		(17,856)	
Expenditures Current:							
Public safety		33,750		26,523		7,227	
Total Expenditures		33,750		26,523		7,227	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	1,450		(9,179)	\$	(10,629)	
Beginning fund balances				38,302			
Ending Fund Balances			\$	29,123			

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL EVENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

					iance with al Budget
	Or	iginal &		F	ositive
	Fina	al Budget	Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues					
Other income	\$	194,000	\$ 202,620	\$	8,620
Total Revenues		194,005	202,620		8,615
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		192,000	156,706		35,294
Public works		2,000	19,934		(17,934) *
Total Expenditures		194,000	176,640		35,294
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		5	25,980		43,909
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	5	25,980	\$	43,909
Beginning fund balances			(11,069)		
Ending Fund Balances			\$ 14,911		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

^{*} Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MUNICIPAL COURT SECURITY

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

					ance with al Budget	
	Ori	ginal &	Positive			
	Fina	l Budget	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues			_			
Fines and forfeitures	\$	10,000	\$ 11,047	\$	1,047	
Investment income		80	994		914	
Total Revenues		10,080	12,041		1,961	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public service		4,500	 629		3,871	
Total Expenditures		4,500	 629		3,871	
Paranuas Oras (Under) Ermandituras		5,580	11,412		5,832	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		3,360	 11,412		3,632	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers (out)		(15,000)	 (4,500)		10,500	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(15,000)	(4,500)		10,500	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(9,420)	6,912	\$	16,332	
Beginning fund balances			22,529			
Ending Fund Balances			\$ 29,441			

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MUNICIPAL COURT TECHNOLOGY

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Revenues Positive Final Budget Actual Positive (Negative) Fines and forfeitures \$ 9,000 \$ 9,167 \$ 167 Investment income 25 966 941 Total Revenues 9,025 10,133 1,108 Expenditures Current: Total Expenditures 5 26,000 9,288 16,712 Public service 26,000 9,288 16,712 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 26,000 9,288 16,712 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (16,975) 845 17,820 Beginning fund balances (16,975) 845 17,820 Beginning fund balances 30,242 \$ 31,087 \$ 31,087							ance with al Budget
Revenues Fines and forfeitures \$ 9,000 \$ 9,167 \$ 167 Investment income 25 966 941 Total Revenues 9,025 10,133 1,108 Expenditures 26,000 9,288 16,712 Public service 26,000 9,288 16,712 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (16,975) 845 17,820 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (16,975) 845 \$ 17,820 Beginning fund balances \$ 30,242		Oı	riginal &		Positive		
Fines and forfeitures \$ 9,000 \$ 9,167 \$ 167 Investment income 25 966 941 Total Revenues Expenditures Current: Public service 26,000 9,288 16,712 Total Expenditures 26,000 9,288 16,712 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (16,975) 845 17,820 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (16,975) 845 \$ 17,820 Beginning fund balances \$ (16,975) 845 \$ 17,820		Fin	al Budget		Actual	(Negative)	
Investment income 25 966 941	Revenues						
Expenditures 9,025 10,133 1,108 Expenditures Current: Public service 26,000 9,288 16,712 Total Expenditures 26,000 9,288 16,712 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (16,975) 845 17,820 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (16,975) 845 \$ 17,820 Beginning fund balances 30,242	Fines and forfeitures	\$	9,000	\$	9,167	\$	167
Expenditures Current: 26,000 9,288 16,712 Public service 26,000 9,288 16,712 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (16,975) 845 17,820 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (16,975) 845 \$ 17,820 Beginning fund balances \$ 30,242	Investment income		25		966		941
Current: Public service 26,000 9,288 16,712 Total Expenditures 26,000 9,288 16,712 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (16,975) 845 17,820 Net Change in Fund Balances (16,975) 845 \$ 17,820 Beginning fund balances 30,242	Total Revenues		9,025		10,133		1,108
Current: Public service 26,000 9,288 16,712 Total Expenditures 26,000 9,288 16,712 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (16,975) 845 17,820 Net Change in Fund Balances (16,975) 845 \$ 17,820 Beginning fund balances 30,242					_		
Public service 26,000 9,288 16,712 Total Expenditures 26,000 9,288 16,712 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (16,975) 845 17,820 Net Change in Fund Balances (16,975) 845 \$ 17,820 Beginning fund balances 30,242	Expenditures						
Total Expenditures 26,000 9,288 16,712 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (16,975) 845 17,820 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (16,975) 845 \$ 17,820 Beginning fund balances 30,242	Current:						
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (16,975) 845 17,820 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (16,975) 845 \$ 17,820 Beginning fund balances 30,242	Public service		26,000		9,288		16,712
Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (16,975) 845 \$ 17,820 Beginning fund balances 30,242	Total Expenditures		26,000		9,288		16,712
Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (16,975) 845 \$ 17,820 Beginning fund balances 30,242					_		
Beginning fund balances 30,242	Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(16,975)		845		17,820
Beginning fund balances 30,242					_		
	Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(16,975)		845	\$	17,820
Ending Fund Balances \$ 31,087	Beginning fund balances				30,242		
	Ending Fund Balances			\$	31,087		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIRE TRAINING

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Origi	nal &			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Final 1	Budget	1	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,050	\$	3,800	\$	2,750
Investment income		25		125		100
Total Revenues		1,075		3,925		2,850
<u>Expenditures</u>						
Current:						
Public safety		2,000		5,814		(3,814) *
Total Expenditures		2,000		5,814		(3,814)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(925)		(1,889)		(964)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(925)		(2,959)	\$	(2,034)
Beginning fund balances				6,991		
Ending Fund Balances			\$	4,032		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

^{*} Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOMELAND SECURITY GRANT

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						ance with al Budget	
	Orig	inal &			Positive		
	Final	Budget	1	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Investment income	\$	7	\$	38	\$	31	
Total Revenues		7		38		31	
Expenditures Current:							
Public safety				2,067		(2,067)	
Total Expenditures				2,067		(2,067) *	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		7		(2,029)		(2,036)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	7		(2,029)	\$	(2,036)	
Beginning fund balances				2,029			
Ending Fund Balances			\$	-			

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

^{*} Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RETIREE MEDICAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						nriance with anal Budget	
		C	riginal &		Positive		
		Fi	nal Budget	Actual	((Negative)	
Revenues							
Donations and fundrais	sers	\$	1,600,000	\$ -	\$	(1,600,000)	
Investment income			-	221		221	
	Total Revenues		1,600,000	221		(1,599,779)	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government			1,600,000	 -		1,600,000	
	Total Expenditures		1,600,000			1,600,000	
Net Ch	ange in Fund Balances	\$		221	\$	221	
Beginning fund balances	Ending Fund Balances			\$ 221			

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

^{*} Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CANINE

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original	&			Fina	ance with al Budget ositive	
	Final Budg	get	A	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Other revenue	\$	-	\$	1,981	\$	1,981	
Investment income		2		93		91	
Total Revenues		2		2,074		2,072	
Expenditures Current:							
Public safety		250		1,833		(1,583)	
Total Expenditures		250		1,833		(1,583) *	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ ((248)		241	\$	489	
Beginning fund balances				2,668			
Ending Fund Balances			\$	2,909			

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

^{*} Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE TRAINING

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	0.1	. 10		Fina	ance with al Budget	
	_	ginal &		Positive		
	Final	Budget	 Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues						
Investment income	\$	3	\$ 120	\$	117	
Other revenue		1,500	4,707		3,207	
Total Revenues		1,503	4,827		3,324	
<u>Expenditures</u>						
Current:						
Public safety		1,503	2,757		(1,254) *	
Total Expenditures		1,503	2,757		(1,254)	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			2,070		2,070	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	2,070	\$	2,070	
Beginning fund balances			_			
Ending Fund Balances			\$ 2,070			

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

^{*} Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE EQUIPMENT

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						ance with al Budget	
	Ori	Original &				ositive	
	Fina	1 Budget		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues			•				
Intergovernmental	\$	1,000	\$	19,192	\$	18,192	
Investment income		5		156		151	
Total Revenues		1,005	-	19,348		18,343	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety		1,500		-		1,500	
Total Expenditures		1,500		-		1,500	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(495)		19,348		19,843	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(495)		19,348	\$	19,843	
Beginning fund balances				1,001			
Ending Fund Balances			\$	20,349			
G							

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRUANCY PREVENTION & DIVERSION

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

					ance with al Budget
	O	riginal &		P	ositive
	Fin	al Budget	Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	10,000	\$ 10,978	\$	978
Investment income		80	1,096		1,016
Total Revenues		10,080	12,074		1,994
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		10,080	12,074		1,994
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	10,080	12,074	\$	1,994
Beginning fund balances			25,036		
Ending Fund Balances			\$ 37,110		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MUNICIPAL JURY

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						nce with Budget
	Ori	ginal &			Pos	sitive
	Fina	1 Budget	A	ctual	(Negative)	
Revenues	•					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	150	\$	219	\$	69
Investment income		2		22		20
Total Revenues		152		241		89
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		152		241		89
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	152		241	\$	89
Beginning fund balances				500		
Ending Fund Balances			\$	741		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL THF PARK

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						nce with Budget
	Orig	inal &	Positive			
	Final	Budget	Ac	tual	(Negative)	
Revenues						
Other income	\$	100	\$	-	\$	(100)
Investment income		-		2		2
Total Revenues		100		2		(98)
<u>Expenditures</u>						
Current:						
General government		100		-		100
Total Expenditures		100		-		100
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				2		2
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$			2	\$	2
Beginning fund balances				65		
Ending Fund Balances			\$	67		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TASWA RESERVE

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Investment income	\$ 2,500	\$ 34,857	\$ 32,357
Total Revenues	2,500	34,857	32,357
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	130,115	61,502	(68,613) *
Total Expenditures	130,115	61,502	(68,613)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(127,615)	(26,645)	(36,256)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	475,000	557,952	82,952
Transfers (out)	(253,091)	(90,813)	162,278
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	221,909	467,139	245,230
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 94,294	440,494	\$ 208,974
Beginning fund balances		798,530	
Ending Fund Balances		\$ 1,239,024	

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

^{*} Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARK DEDICATION

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

					iance with al Budget
	Oı	riginal &		I	Positive
	Fin	al Budget	Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues					
Other income	\$	75,000	\$ -	\$	(75,000)
Investment income		400	 1,859		1,459
Total Revenues		75,400	 1,859		(73,541)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	75,400	1,859	\$	(73,541)
Beginning fund balances			 55,731		
Ending Fund Balances			\$ 57,590		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						nce with Budget
	Ŭ	inal &			Po	sitive
Revenues	Final	Budget	A	ctual	(Ne	gative)
Investment income	\$	15	\$	141	\$	126
Total Revenues		15		141		126
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	15		141	\$	126
Beginning fund balances				4,236		
Ending Fund Balances			\$	4,377		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FEDERAL RELIEF

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

						riance with nal Budget
	O	riginal &				Positive
	Fir	nal Budget	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues				_		
Investment income	\$	100	\$	98,081	\$	97,981
Total Revenues		100		98,081		97,981
				_		
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		1,391,057		978,505		412,552
Community services		735,820		171,345		564,475
Public works		747,588		488,083		259,505
Total Expenditures		2,874,465		1,637,933		1,236,532
				_		
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(2,874,365)		(1,539,852)	\$	1,334,513
Beginning fund balances				4,135,123		
Ending Fund Balances			\$	2,595,271		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROJECT PARTICIPATION

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Thai baaget		(reguire)
Investment income	\$ -	\$ 40,782	\$ 40,782
Other revenue	1,000	-	(1,000)
Total Revenues	1,000	40,782	39,782
Expenditures			
Capital outlay	1,391,057	1,399,971	(8,914) *
Total Expenditures	1,391,057	1,399,971	(8,914)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,390,057)	(1,359,189)	30,868
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers (out)	560,582	-	(560,582)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	560,582		(560,582)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (829,475)	(1,359,189)	\$ (529,714)
Beginning fund balances Ending Fund Balances		2,325,038 \$ 965,849	

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

^{*} Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	riginal & al Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues				4
Franchise and local taxes	\$ 625,000	\$ 1,077,288	\$	452,288
Investment income	 300	16,646		16,346
Total Revenues	 625,300	 1,093,934		468,634
Expenditures Current	265,000	104 920		170 170
Public safety	 365,000	 194,830		170,170
Total Expenditures	 365,000	 194,830		170,170
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 260,300	899,104		638,804
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	31,515		31,515
Transfers (out)	(187,200)	(425,612)		(238,412) *
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(187,200)	(394,097)		(206,897)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 73,100	505,007	\$	431,907
Beginning fund balances Ending Fund Balances		\$ 25,000 530,007		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

^{*} Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL INTEREST & SINKING FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

					riance with
	Ori	ginal & Final			nal Budget Positive
	`	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Property tax	\$	1,773,844	\$ 1,834,511	\$	60,667
Intergovernmental		-	356,100		356,100
Investment income		2,000	 85,627		83,627
Total Revenues		1,775,844	2,276,238		500,394
Expenditures					
Debt Service:					
Principal		3,180,702	2,419,429		761,273
Interest and fiscal charges		1,089,914	 1,117,209		(27,295)
Total Expenditures		4,270,616	3,536,638		733,978
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,494,772)	 (1,260,400)		1,234,372
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in		1,674,070	 2,404,921		730,851
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,674,070	2,404,921		730,851
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(820,702)	1,144,521	\$	1,965,223
Beginning fund balance			986,458		
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 2,130,979		

Notes to Supplementary Information

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

September 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds					
		Police	S	ister		
		Seizure	(City		Total
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	75,415	\$	137	\$	75,552
Total Assets		75,415		137		75,552
Net Position						
Restricted for organizations						
and other governments		75,415		137		75,552
Total Liabilities	\$	75,415	\$	137	\$	75,552

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Custodia			
	I	Police	Sister		
	S	eizure	 City		Total
Additions			 		
Contributions	\$	19,743	\$ 9,060	\$	28,803
Total Additions	'	19,743	9,060		28,803
Deductions					
		17,000	24 646		41 450
Intergovernmental		16,833	 24,646		41,479
Total Deductions		16,833	 24,646		41,479
Change in Net Position		2,910	(15,586)		(12,676)
Beginning net position		72,505	15,723		88,228
Ending Net Position	\$	75,415	\$ 137	\$	75,552



COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

September 30, 2023

	Denison Business and Industrial Corporation	Denison Community Investment Corporation*	Denison Public Library Endowment Fund	Total
Assets	Corporation	Corporation		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,263,803	\$ 313,183	\$ 42,264	\$ 6,619,250
Investments	2,024,894	240,000	-	2,264,894
Restricted assets - cash	-	18,531	-	18,531
Retricted assets - investments	-	-	655,749	655,749
Receivables, net	511,167	5,448	-	516,615
Intergovernmental receivable	965,895	-	-	965,895
Notes receivable, current	-	147,896	-	147,896
Total Current Assets	9,765,759	725,058	698,013	11,188,830
Note receivable, noncurrent	-	1,002,904	-	1,002,904
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable	6,019,261	-	-	6,019,261
Net depreciable capital assets	339,294		<u> </u>	339,294
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,358,555	1,002,904		7,361,459
Total Assets	16,124,314	1,727,962	698,013	18,550,289
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable and				
accrued liabilities	42,192	-	-	42,192
Escrow payable	-	18,530	-	18,530
Accrued interest payable	303,969	-	-	303,969
Compensated absences - current	7,811	-	-	7,811
Debt due within one year	346,630	-	-	346,630
	700,602	18,530		719,132
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences - noncurrent	70,296	-	-	70,296
Debt due in more than one year	4,524,845	-	-	4,524,845
	4,595,141	-	-	4,595,141
Total Liabilities	5,295,743	18,530		5,314,273
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	1,183,111	-	-	1,183,111
Restricted				
Debt service	13,222	-	-	13,222
Unrestricted	9,632,238	1,709,432	698,013	12,039,683
Total Net Position	\$ 10,828,571	\$ 1,709,432	\$ 698,013	\$ 13,236,016

*Note: As of December 31, 2022

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

			Program Revenues						
					Operating		Capital		
			C	Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		
Component Units									
Governmental Activities									
Business and Industrial	\$	1,331,931	\$	361,759	\$	186,790	\$	-	
Public Library Endowment Fund		54,868		-		10,224		-	
Total Governmental Activities		1,386,799		361,759		197,014			
Business-Type Activities									
Community Investment		14,784		-		-		-	
Total Business-Type Activities		14,784		-		-			
Total Component Units	\$	1,401,583	\$	361,759	\$	197,014	\$	-	
	_		_				_		

General Revenues:

Sales taxes

Investment income (losses)

Gain (loss) on sale of assets

Other revenues

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Beginning Net Position

Ending Net Position

*Note: For the year ended December 31, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Denison Denison Denison						
Βι	asiness and	C	ommunity	Pub	olic Library		
	Industrial	Ir	nvestment	En	dowment		
	Corporation	Corporation*			Fund		Total
\$	(782 282)	\$		\$		\$	(792 292)
Ф	(783,382)	Ф	-	Ф	- (44 (44)	Ф	(783,382)
	(702.202)				(44,644)		(44,644)
	(783,382)				(44,644)		(828,026)
	-		(14,784)		-		(14,784)
	-		(14,784)		-		(14,784)
\$	(783,382)	\$	(14,784)	\$	(44,644)	\$	(842,810)
	2,713,519		-		-		2,713,519
	309,394		942		72,726		383,062
	(1,284,914)		-		-		(1,284,914)
	2,591		43,345		55		45,991
	1,740,590		44,287		72,781		1,857,658
	957,208		29,503		28,137		1,014,848
	9,871,363		1,679,929		669,876		12,221,168
\$	10,828,571	\$	1,709,432	\$	698,013	\$	13,236,016



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	151
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City and well-being have changed over time.	s financial performance
Revenue Capacity	154
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant property tax.	ant local revenue source,
Debt Capacity	161
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	City's current levels of
Demographic and Economic Information	166
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader under within which the City's financial activities take place.	erstand the environment
Operating Information	168
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it	•



NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)
(accrual basis of accounting)

2014	\$ 26,183,653 284,879 1,251,676	\$ 27,720,208	\$ 17,361,833	3,361,574	\$ 20,723,407		\$ 43,545,486 284,879	4,613,250	\$ 48,443,615
2015	\$ 26,366,449 \$ 315,807 2,058,721	\$ 28,740,977	\$ 17,614,946	3,399,905	\$ 21,014,851		\$ 43,981,395 \$ 315,807	5,458,626	\$ 49,755,828
2016	\$ 35,036,127 481,114 1,024,406	\$ 36,541,647	\$ 17,690,856	3,199,098	\$ 20,889,954		\$ 52,726,983 481,114	4,223,504	\$ 57,431,601
2017	\$ 37,132,818 501,914 (364,665)	\$ 37,270,067	\$ 17,982,620	3,285,060	\$ 21,267,680		\$ 55,115,438 501,914	2,920,395	\$ 58,537,747
2018	\$ 37,495,796 773,847 (51,283)	\$ 38,218,360	\$ 18,227,222	3,693,557	\$ 21,920,779		\$ 55,723,018 773,847	3,642,274	\$ 60,139,139
2019	\$ 37,535,804 1,645,398 (3,251,881)	\$ 35,929,321	\$ 18,465,710	5,973,273	\$ 24,438,983		\$ 56,001,514 1,645,398	2,721,392	\$ 60,368,304
2020	\$ 38,828,612 1,305,137 (1,912,786)	\$ 38,220,963	\$ 21,327,908	4,777,839	\$ 26,105,747		\$ 60,156,520 1,305,137	2,865,053	\$ 64,326,710
2021	\$ 40,778,772 7,155,833 (529,620)	\$ 47,404,985	\$ 19,181,636	8,338,628	\$ 27,520,264		\$ 59,960,408 7,155,833	7,809,008	\$ 74,925,249
2022	\$ 42,830,735 10,233,014 2,625,984	\$ 55,689,733	\$ 23,173,107 591,281	6,855,817	\$ 30,620,205		\$ 66,003,842 10,824,295	9,481,801	\$ 86,309,938
2023	\$ 44,569,881 7,587,649 8,472,403	\$ 60,629,933	\$ 28,828,601	4,842,514	\$ 33,671,115		\$ 73,398,482 7,587,649	13,314,917	\$ 94,301,048
,	Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	Total governmental activities net position	Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted	Unrestricted Total business-type	activities net position	Primary government Net investment in	capital assets Restricted	Unrestricted	government net position

City of Denison, Texas CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

•	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Expenses Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 9,116,744	\$ 6,417,612	\$ 4,690,211	\$ 4,979,074	\$ 5,675,190	\$ 5,592,849	\$ 6,217,065	\$ 5,243,230	\$ 4,368,406	\$ 4,435,657
Public safety	17,421,835	13,218,099	11,977,539	11,807,727	12,903,441	11,341,795	11,552,027	10,918,408	9,790,527	10,211,949
Community services	6,748,665	6,815,721	6,532,744	6,396,781	5,776,713	4,055,461	4,288,512	4,124,284	3,708,493	3,536,025
Public works	7,400,109	6,227,422	6,101,920	6,849,224	6,804,281	6,324,708	6,157,746	4,953,880	5,524,477	6,092,200
Interest on long-term debt	1,174,944	1,061,659	1,030,163	651,586	506,897	538,988	489,753	305,847	239,722	208,340
Total governmental activities expenses	41,862,297	33,740,513	30,332,577	30,684,392	31,666,522	27,853,801	28,705,103	25,545,649	23,631,625	24,484,171
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	15.167.342	12.062.253	10.834.046	10.164.849	10.545.353	9.771.531	9.557,924	9.456.049	9,350,407	8,633,070
Total business-type activities expenses	15,167,342	12,062,253	10,834,046	10,164,849	10,545,353	9,771,531	9,557,924	9,456,049	9,350,407	8,633,070
Total primary government expenses	\$ 57,029,639	\$ 45,802,766	\$ 41,166,623	\$ 40,849,241	\$ 42,211,875	\$ 37,625,332	\$ 38,263,027	\$ 35,001,698	\$ 32,982,032	\$ 33,117,241
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 250,721	\$ 241,737	\$ 310,850	\$ 1,231,546	\$ 1,418,334	\$ 1,243,624	\$ 1,214,347	\$ 901,405	\$ 1,038,224	\$ 1,288,598
Public safety	2,994,313	1,356,310	1,200,216	910,917	1,829,812	2,353,054	1,860,847	2,237,545	2,230,118	1,503,310
Community services	2,239,177	2,453,643	2,118,081	1,652,774	1,688,766	1,446,762	1,405,039	1,170,975	1,084,003	1,100,612
Public works	7,103,629	6,157,608	5,821,317	5,654,494	5,410,774	5,394,334	5,178,881	4,948,606	4,882,630	4,709,727
Operating grants and contributions	1,525,739	949,989	912,461	1,668,713	449,370	819,419	224,280	1,199,819	533,356	789,741
Capital grants and contributions	19,192	3,913,306	5,260,875	1	1	1	272,525	ı	ı	1
Total governmental activities program revenues	14,132,771	15,072,593	15,623,800	11,118,444	10,797,056	11,257,193	10,155,919	10,458,350	9,768,331	9,391,988
•										
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewer	18,968,067	16,903,891	14,518,795	13,736,756	12,783,394	12,555,348	11,925,469	11,035,471	10,874,750	9,890,510
Operating grants and contributions	204,482			25,375						
Total business-type activities program										
revenues	19,172,549	16,903,891	14,518,795	13,762,131	12,783,394	12,555,348	11,925,469	11,035,471	10,874,750	9,890,510
Total primary government program										
revenues	\$ 33,305,320	\$ 31,976,484	\$ 30,142,595	\$ 24,880,575	\$ 23,580,450	\$ 23,812,541	\$ 22,081,388	\$ 21,493,821	\$ 20,643,081	\$ 19,282,498

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

	2023	2023	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Net (Expenses) Revenue Governmental activities	\$ (27,729,526)	\$ (18,667,920)	\$ (14,708,777)	\$ (19,565,948)	\$ (20,869,466)	\$ (16,596,608)	\$ (18,549,184)	\$ (15,087,299)	\$ (13,863,294)	\$ (15,092,183)
Business-type activities	4,005,207	4,841,638	3,684,749	3,597,282	2,238,041	2,783,817	2,367,545	1,579,422	1,524,343	1,257,440
Total primary government net expense	\$ (23,724,319)	\$ (13,826,282)	\$ (11,024,028)	\$ (15,968,666)	\$ (18,631,425)	\$ (13,812,791)	\$ (16,181,639)	\$ (13,507,877)	\$ (12,338,951)	\$ (13,834,743)
General Revenues and Other Changes										
in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 16,696,399	\$ 13,263,057	\$ 12,248,777	\$ 11,069,151	\$ 10,049,035	\$ 8,861,579	\$ 8,507,756	\$ 7,669,631	\$ 7,170,676	\$ 6,793,411
Sales taxes	8,140,375	7,924,179	6,437,969	6,112,237	5,710,960	5,591,271	5,148,801	4,717,022	4,417,481	4,154,796
Franchise and local taxes	2,757,728	2,419,078	2,032,350	1,760,562	1,974,020	1,936,874	1,788,815	1,837,245	1,861,481	1,965,979
Other revenues	795,431	1,013,301	712,483	719,271	624,662	735,762	859,401	625,210	32,325	375,221
Investment earnings	1,257,389	147,480	95,150	126,053	216,726	163,508	105,995	45,826	143,629	33,241
Gain on sale of capital assets	1	1	1	1	1	1	50,000	1	1	1
Transfers	3,022,404	1,971,499	2,304,170	2,070,316	5,024	1,539,284	2,023,317	1,687,361	1,258,471	1,225,000
Total governmental activities	32,669,726	26,738,594	23,830,899	21,857,590	18,580,427	18,828,278	18,484,085	16,582,295	14,884,063	14,547,648
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	2,068,107	229,802	33,938	139,798	285,187	108,868	33,498	28,985	25,572	13,976
Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(45,943)	1	1
Transfers	(3,022,404)	(1,971,499)	(2,304,170)	(2,070,316)	(5,024)	(1,539,284)	(2,023,317)	(1,687,361)	(1,258,471)	(1,225,000)
Total business-type activities	(954,297)	(1,741,697)	(2,270,232)	(1,930,518)	280,163	(1,430,416)	(1,989,819)	(1,704,319)	(1,232,899)	(1,211,024)
Total primary government	\$ 31,715,429	\$ 24,996,897	\$ 21,560,667	\$ 19,927,072	\$ 18,860,590	\$ 17,397,862	\$ 16,494,266	\$ 14,877,976	\$ 13,651,164	\$ 13,336,624
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 4,940,200	\$ 8,070,674	\$ 9,122,122	\$ 2,291,642	\$ (2,289,039)	\$ 2,231,670	(660,699)	\$ 1,494,996	\$ 1,020,769	\$ (544,535)
Business-type activities	3,050,910	3,099,941	1,414,517	1,666,764	2,518,204	1,353,401	377,726	(124,897)	291,444	46,416
Total primary government	\$ 7,991,110	\$ 11,170,615	\$ 10,536,639	\$ 3,958,406	\$ 229,165	\$ 3,585,071	\$ 312,627	\$ 1,370,099	\$ 1,312,213	\$ (498,119)

Note: City of Denison Texas first applied GASB Statement No.34 in fiscal year 2002. Source: Audited city financials

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

						Bi	ngo and	
Fiscal	Property	Franchise	Sales	Ho	tel/Motel	Mixe	d Beverage	
Year	Tax	Tax	Tax		Tax		Tax	Total
2014	\$ 6,793,411	\$ 1,475,585	\$ 4,154,796	\$	435,366	\$	55,028	\$ 12,914,186
2015	\$ 7,192,805	\$ 1,441,300	\$ 4,417,481	\$	368,846	\$	51,335	\$ 13,471,767
2016	\$ 7,471,696	\$ 1,383,876	\$ 4,562,899	\$	409,558	\$	43,811	\$ 13,871,840
2017	\$ 8,507,756	\$ 1,371,528	\$ 5,148,801	\$	371,452	\$	45,835	\$ 15,445,372
2018	\$ 8,616,569	\$ 1,457,997	\$ 5,553,586	\$	477,341	\$	48,112	\$ 16,153,605
2019	\$ 9,507,352	\$ 1,458,202	\$ 6,330,200	\$	422,336	\$	54,922	\$ 17,773,011
2020	\$ 10,844,770	\$ 1,580,769	\$ 6,112,237	\$	356,235	\$	63,095	\$ 18,957,106
2021	\$ 11,896,581	\$ 1,567,922	\$ 6,571,066	\$	501,901	\$	73,292	\$ 20,610,762
2022	\$ 12,671,887	\$ 1,697,506	\$ 7,277,734	\$	668,781	\$	84,439	\$ 22,400,347
2023	\$ 16,566,948	\$ 1,594,218	\$ 8,140,375	\$	1,077,288	\$	86,222	\$ 27,465,051

City of Denison, Texas

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

2014	111,432 26,461 1,358,671 5,590,148 7,086,712	3,365,871 399,939 250,138 (11,919)
20	\$ 27.	8 8
2015	86,063 - 1,781,095 6,168,066 8,035,224	1,848,023 514,828 220,142 (16,858) 2,566,135
	8 8	e e
2016	\$ 113,434 - 1,706,012 5,743,218 \$ 7,562,664	\$ 10,853,153 674,417 277,204 (21,824) \$ 11,782,950
2017	109,918 - 1,706,012 6,187,054 8,002,984	\$ 13,890,862 728,932 247,863 (2,127) \$ 14,865,530
 	8 - 2 - 8	
2018	88,498 - 751,725 6,857,817 7,698,040	2,385,232 877,138 245,622 (260,195) 3,247,797
	& &	& &
2019	327,573 - 386,981 6,251,513 6,966,067	\$ 1,645,398 935,347 235,516 (75,058) \$ 2,741,203
	& &	e e
2020	\$ 252,330 - 474,294 5,884,269 \$ 6,610,893	\$ 10,245,490 848,620 238,796 (755) \$ 11,332,151
	008 000 04 	
2021	\$ 468,408 1,100,000 206,162 7,852,604 \$ 9,627,174	\$ 24,114,680 1,229,356 269,715 (8,421) \$ 25,605,330
2022	\$ 145,090 2,420,594 109,433 8,860,243 \$ 11,535,360	\$ 19,444,409 1,397,391 202,445 (50,863) \$ 20,993,382
2023	\$ 98,168 873,216 109,433 11,363,069 \$ 12,443,886	\$ 17,287,481 2,479,553 212,107 (9,801) \$ 19,969,340
'		
	General Fund Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total general fund	All Other Governmental Funds Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total all other governmental funds

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 27,465,051	\$ 23,621,868	\$ 20,701,674	\$ 18,890,254	\$ 17,686,489	\$ 16,324,904	\$ 15,470,740	\$ 14,225,726	\$ 13,479,894	\$ 12,897,439
Licenses, permits, and fees	967,994	1,200,857	884,066	767,573	607,804	523,420	512,456	304,911	261,607	280,531
Operating contributions	150,554	164,160	•	1,334,468	797,349	25,900	224,280	406,300	79,525	72,329
Capital contributions	1	1	1	1	445,540	1,587,038	793,519	793,519	1	ı
Intergovernmental	2,353,450	5,242,697	6,497,050	•	•	•	•	•	453,831	717,412
Charges for services	10,748,437	8,409,915	8,076,671	8,637,896	9,560,848	9,321,868	8,889,643	8,448,748	8,448,544	8,458,972
Fines and forfeitures	444,478	436,013	475,924	316,459	400,547	601,428	456,094	568,599	543,089	520,751
Investment earnings	1,257,389	152,395	95,150	126,053	216,726	163,508	105,995	45,826	32,325	33,241
Other revenues	794,877	861,086	961,836	803,623	624,662	735,762	859,401	774,822	543,241	774,833
Total Revenues	44,182,230	40,088,991	37,692,371	30,876,326	30,339,965	29,283,828	27,312,128	25,568,451	23,842,056	23,755,508
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	9,751,017	8,463,973	4,607,099	4,260,806	5,256,116	5,496,424	5,545,323	4,686,707	4,156,486	4,844,552
Public safety	14,446,850	12,685,967	11,344,112	11,350,803	11,618,750	10,467,072	10,597,386	10,023,933	9,643,623	9,506,635
Community services	6,778,201	6,523,281	6,283,141	6,252,363	6,468,070	3,974,436	6,765,751	4,152,743	6,292,975	6,379,924
Public works	7,513,213	7,583,127	5,596,970	6,231,492	6,382,160	5,740,187	5,751,542	5,420,051	2,317,968	2,677,186
Capital outlay	7,150,054	12,174,572	5,730,452	3,013,046	2,399,460	16,041,273	1,930,282	744,496	3,318,030	2,790,311
Debt Service:										
Principal retirement	4,534,085	3,859,021	3,078,280	2,733,212	2,656,495	2,387,944	1,787,351	1,159,923	1,094,496	955,440
Interest and fiscal changes	1,417,218	1,303,933	733,247	507,397	531,477	550,687	395,015	258,196	281,184	257,640
Bond issuance costs	1	100,000	161,203	174,909	1	30,194	139,812	53,508	1	1
Total Expenditures	51,590,638	52,693,874	37,534,504	34,524,028	35,312,528	44,688,217	32,912,462	26,499,557	27,104,762	27,411,688
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)										
Expenditures	(7,408,408)	(12,604,883)	157,867	(3,647,702)	(4,972,563)	(15,404,389)	(5,600,334)	(931,106)	(3,262,706)	(3,656,180)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Bond issuance	1,140,000	4,600,000	12,295,000	8,750,000	1	1,000,000	7,350,000	7,475,000	1	1,435,000
Payments on refunding bonds	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Net bond premium and discounts	1	1	1,366,013	1,024,909	1	1	117,671	1	1	1
Lease issuance	2,827,118	3,150,511	1,100,000	1	1,887,500	790,378	1	463,000	1,600,000	582,000
Subscription issuance	28,511									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	274,859	167,621	104,973	1	1	1	50,000	50,000	1	1
Transfers, net	3,022,404	1,982,989	2,304,170	2,070,316	1,846,493	2,019,378	1,645,934	1,687,361	1,258,471	1,225,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7,292,892	9,901,121	17,170,156	11,845,225	3,733,993	3,809,756	9,163,605	9,675,361	2,858,471	3,242,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ (115,516)	\$ (2,703,762)	\$ 17,328,023	\$ 8,197,523	\$ (1,238,570)	\$ (11,594,633)	\$ 3,563,271	\$ 8,744,255	\$ (404,235)	\$ (414,180)
Debt service as percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	13.6%	12.7%	12.0%	9.4%	10.2%	10.3%	7.8%	5.8%	5.8%	4.9%
Source: Andited city financials										

City of Denison, Texas

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year		Real	S S	Real & Non Real Property	ý	Less:	Total	Total Direct	Actual	Taxable Value as a
Ended Sept. 30		Residential Property		Commercial Property	Personal Property	Productivity Loss & Homestead Cap	Assessed Value	Tax Rate	Taxable Value	Percentage of Assessed Value
2014	€	531,789,823	↔	536,927,831	\$ 303,858,382	(19,543,229)	\$ 1,353,032,807	0.653377	\$ 1,052,058,806	%92.22
2015	8	544,960,592	8	633,865,861	\$ 311,895,598	(24,957,931)	\$ 1,465,764,120	0.653377	\$ 1,107,802,263	75.58%
2016	€	568,909,108	₩	684,004,866	\$ 334,436,044	(26,132,144)	\$ 1,561,217,874	0.653377	\$ 1,181,434,177	75.67%
2017	€	644,858,864	₩	712,430,939	\$ 321,533,002	(49,001,553)	\$ 1,629,821,252	0.643377	\$ 1,325,736,786	81.34%
2018	8	708,301,353	₩	773,117,625	\$ 311,424,971	(47,844,376)	\$ 1,744,999,573	0.633377	\$ 1,429,444,394	81.92%
2019	€	823,905,532	₩	829,016,556	\$ 318,085,182	(64,664,017)	\$ 1,906,343,253	0.633377	\$ 1,573,456,675	82.54%
2020	€	1,126,702,143	₩	853,672,408	\$ 225,156,269	(85,085,553)	\$ 2,120,445,267	0.652034	\$ 1,755,957,532	82.81%
2021	€	1,340,477,872	₩	912,838,829	\$ 249,517,819	(54,067,910)	\$ 2,448,766,610	0.652034	\$ 2,075,252,425	84.75%
2022	&	1,816,597,289	↔	\$ 1,067,090,454	\$ 328,905,930	(198,934,492)	\$ 3,013,659,181	0.652034	\$ 2,591,719,375	86.00%
2023	€	2,181,599,617	₩	\$ 1,194,217,025	\$ 360,756,024	(235,704,359)	\$ 3,500,868,307	0.652034	\$ 2,973,223,377	84.93%
Source:		yson County Ap	prai	sal District - Ceı	tified Grand Tota	Grayson County Appraisal District - Certified Grand Totals Reports As of Certification	fication			

Notes: Property is reassessed at least every three years.

Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Residential: includes single family, vacant lots, acreage, farm and ranch, and minerals

Commercial: includes real property, industrial and utilities

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	C	City Direct Rates		Ov	erlapping Rate	es
Fiscal Year Ended	Operating/ General	General Obligation Debt	Total	Denison Independent School	Grayson	Grayson County Junior
Sept. 30	Rate	Service	Direct	District	County	College
2014	0.581121	0.072256	0.653377	1.499200	0.490900	0.181610
2015	0.569980	0.083397	0.653377	1.499200	0.490900	0.181500
2016	0.575883	0.077494	0.653377	1.499200	0.490900	0.181400
2017	0.578521	0.064856	0.643377	1.499200	0.473719	0.181300
2018	0.530791	0.102586	0.633377	1.499200	0.460366	0.181200
2019	0.521438	0.111939	0.633377	1.499200	0.441810	0.177334
2020	0.556902	0.095132	0.652034	1.397550	0.416429	0.171752
2021	0.544451	0.107583	0.652034	1.322230	0.376700	0.171067
2022	0.554667	0.097367	0.652034	1.289500	0.339000	0.168053
2023	0.576537	0.075497	0.652034	1.162500	0.305100	0.145991

Source: Grayson County Appraisal District - Tax Rates

Notes: Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Denison.

City of Denison, Texas

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

				2023				2014	
		Tax	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of	Таха	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of
Taxpayer	Type of Business		Value	Rank	Taxable Value		*Value	Rank	Taxable Value
UHS of Texoma Inc. (Texoma Medical C Medical Facility	al C Medical Facility	↔	202,199,779	1	%08.9	↔	78,111,257	1	7.42%
Universal Health Services	Medical Facility	\$	55,124,475	2	1.85%	\$	25,500,000	7	2.42%
Ruiz Food Products, Inc.	Food Processing	\$	36,353,331	3	1.22%	\$	12,371,301	∞	1.18%
Grayson Properties LP	Housing Development	\$	26,000,000	4	0.87%	\$	14,213,009	^	1.35%
Ruiz Food Products, Inc.	Food Processing	&	24,251,565	Ŋ	0.82%	&	ı	n/a	0.00%
Spectrum Brands INC	Manufacturing	&	22,359,997	9	0.75%	&	21,959,056	3	2.09%
Union Pacific Railroad Co	Railroad	↔	21,914,773	^	0.74%	\$	20,755,190	4	1.97%
Oncor Electric Delivery Co LLC	Electric Provider	↔	20,540,250	8	%69.0	\$	12,125,239	6	1.15%
MFT RGV1 LLC	Housing Development	&	18,244,690	6	0.61%	8	ı	n/a	0.00%
Denison Walker Properties LLC	Housing Development	↔	17,000,000	10	0.57%	\$	ı	n/a	0.00%
Caterpillar Global Mining	Manufacturing	\$	ı	n/a	%00.0	\$	17,263,200	Ŋ	1.64%
Covenant Denison Holdings LLC	Housing Development	\$	ı	n/a	%00.0	\$	14,511,522	9	1.38%
Wal-Mart Stores Inc #03521	Large Retailer	8	ı	n/a	%00.0	8	8,983,049	10	0.85%
Top Ten Taxpayers Total:		€	443,988,860		14.93%	\$	225,792,823		21.46%
City-Wide Total Taxable Value:		€	2,973,223,377			↔	1,052,058,806		

Source: Grayson Central Appraisal District - Top Ten Taxpayers

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended		Total Tax Levy for	Collected v			llections in absequent	Total Collecti	ions to Date
Sept. 30	I	Fiscal Year	Amount	% of Levy	-	Years	Amount	% of Levy
2014	\$	6,691,394	\$ 6,548,938	97.87%	\$	130,760	\$ 6,679,697	99.83%
2015	\$	7,055,238	\$ 6,927,406	98.19%	\$	116,495	\$ 7,043,901	99.84%
2016	\$	7,501,037	\$ 7,381,352	98.40%	\$	106,919	\$ 7,488,271	99.83%
2017	\$	8,309,353	\$ 8,164,388	98.26%	\$	127,085	\$ 8,291,473	99.78%
2018	\$	8,688,391	\$ 8,542,962	98.33%	\$	123,287	\$ 8,666,249	99.75%
2019	\$	9,520,567	\$ 9,349,717	98.21%	\$	142,872	\$ 9,492,589	99.71%
2020	\$	10,811,380	\$ 10,579,942	97.86%	\$	193,999	\$ 10,773,941	99.65%
2021	\$	11,779,085	\$ 11,544,648	98.01%	\$	181,202	\$ 11,725,850	99.55%
2022	\$	12,737,290	\$ 12,494,778	98.10%	\$	127,841	\$ 12,622,619	99.10%
2023	\$	15,924,647	\$ 15,573,481	97.79%	\$	-	\$ 15,573,481	97.79%

Source: Grayson County Tax Assessor and Collector:

Recap & Standings Report.

Tax Roll & Levy Annual Report.

City of Denison, Texas
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities General	Governmental Activ	Activ	ities			Jo	Certificates	Business- General	Business-Type Activities eneral	ities		Total	Percentage	
Obligation Bonds		Lease	Notes Payable	Tax	Issuance		of Obligation	Obligation Bonds	Lease Liabilities	Issuance	Issuance	Primary Government	of Personal Income	Per Canita*
							6							
5,041,618 \$	•	970,311	\$	1,435,000	\$		17,924,299	\$ 1,021,100	\$ 17,756	•	•	\$ 28,883,705	%9	\$ 1,271
4,481,172 \$ 2		2,264,737	\$ -	1,240,000	\$ (23,369,865	\$ 1,006,391	\$ 9,110	•		\$ 34,744,565	%2	\$ 1,517
3,905,726 \$ 2		2,376,817	\$.	1,040,000	\$ (23,896,855	\$ 991,682	· •	· •		\$ 41,959,040	%6	\$ 1,790
3,209,084 \$ 2		2,004,263	\$ 1,550,000 \$	840,000	379,873	73 \$	26,767,548	\$ 897,773	· \$	\$ (34,527)	\$ (31,507)	\$ 50,289,797	10%	\$ 2,126
2,556,200 \$ 2,		2,455,635	\$ 1,389,000 \$	635,000	341,245	45 \$	31,090,022	\$ 748,800	\$ 353,968	\$ (31,506)	\$ 1,455,795	\$ 55,364,141	%6	\$ 2,271
2,082,400 \$ 3,8		3,813,038	\$ 1,220,000 \$	425,000	302,617	17 \$	31,573,621	\$ 3,457,600	\$ 305,632	\$ (13,032)	\$ 2,088,699	\$ 58,351,958	10%	\$ 2,323
1,702,400 \$ 3,1.		3,145,568	\$ 1,050,000 \$	215,000	1,288,898	\$ 86	29,844,363	\$ 7,127,600	\$ 256,652	\$ (11,729)	\$ 2,505,124	\$ 67,664,517	11%	\$ 2,722
1,307,200 \$ 4,7.		4,741,284	\$ 000,088 \$		- \$ 2,562,340	40 \$	42,284,830	\$ 6,312,800	\$ 488,818	\$ (10,426)	(10,426) \$ 4,314,297	\$ 93,956,318	15%	\$ 3,838
e'9 \$ 009' <u>2</u> 66		6,396,833	\$ 000'602 \$		- \$ 2,401,468	\$ 89	62,626,289	\$ 5,489,400	\$ 625,196	\$ (9,122)	\$ 6,393,329	\$ 119,421,709	19%	\$ 4,743
6,500 \$ 6,5		6,118,133	\$ 236,000 \$		\$	\$	102,090,000	\$ 5,484,400	\$ 325,364	· \$	· •	\$ 150,539,497	24%	\$ 5,617

Sources: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

					Less			% of Net Bonded Debt	Net	Bonded
Fiscal	Estimated	Assessed	Gross	D	ebt Service		Net	to Assessed	D	ebt per
Year	Population	Value	Bonded Debt		Funds	В	onded Debt	Value	(Capita
2014	22,722	\$ 1,353,032,807	\$ 25,715,000	\$	6,139	\$	25,708,861	1.90%	\$	1,131
2015	22,907	\$ 1,465,764,120	\$ 30,285,000	\$	108,000	\$	30,177,000	2.06%	\$	1,317
2016	23,447	\$ 1,561,217,874	\$ 39,167,644	\$	207,881	\$	38,959,763	2.50%	\$	1,662
2017	23,654	\$ 1,629,821,252	\$ 46,801,568	\$	224,608	\$	46,576,960	2.86%	\$	1,969
2018	24,380	\$ 1,744,999,573	\$ 49,741,249	\$	280,132	\$	49,461,117	2.83%	\$	2,029
2019	25,118	\$ 1,906,343,253	\$ 50,937,621	\$	628,365	\$	50,309,256	2.64%	\$	2,003
2020	24,860	\$ 2,120,445,267	\$ 60,718,902	\$	962,085	\$	59,756,817	2.82%	\$	2,404
2021	24,479	\$ 2,448,766,610	\$ 80,960,000	\$	1,409,597	\$	79,550,403	3.25%	\$	3,250
2022	25,179	\$ 3,013,659,181	\$ 102,900,000	\$	986,455	\$	101,913,545	3.38%	\$	4,048
2023	26,800	\$ 3,500,868,307	\$ 143,560,000	\$	1,867,737	\$	141,692,263	4.05%	\$	5,287

Sources: Assessed Value obtained from the Grayson County Appraisal District
Gross Bonded Debt obtained from the Schedule of Bonds Payable and Total Bonds for Fiscal Year.
Debt Service Figures Obtained from Financial Statements.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Governmental Subdivision	G	ross Bonded Debt	Percentage of Debt Applicable to Area	ity Share of Overlapping Debt
Denison Independent School District	\$	206,600,000	75.13%	\$ 155,218,580
Grayson County	\$	43,125,000	15.02%	\$ 6,477,375
Grayson County JCD	\$	16,610,000	15.02%	\$ 2,494,822
Pottsboro Independent School District	\$	63,262,000	4.99%	\$ 3,156,774
Sherman Independent School District	\$	413,235,000	0.54%	\$ 2,231,469
	\$	742,832,000		\$ 169,579,020
City of Denison				\$ 42,639,733
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$ 212,218,753
Ratio of overlapping bonded debt to taxable assessed valuation (valued at 100% of market value)				6.06%
Per capita overlapping bonded debt				\$ 8,428

Source: "Texas Municipal Report" as of September 30, 2023, prepared by the Municipal Advisory Council.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Denison. This process recognizes that, when considering the City of Denison's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using the taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping government's taxable assessed value that is within the City of Denison's boundaries and dividing it by the overlapping government's total taxable assessed value.

City of Denison, Texas LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2014	2015		2016				2018	7()19	2020		2021	2	022	20	2023
Tax Rate Limit	\$ 2.50 \$ 2.50	\$ 2.	50 8	\$ 2.50 \$	\$	2.50	&	\$ 2.50	\$	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.50	<u> </u> -	\$ 2.50	\$	\$ 2.50	\$	2.50
Current Tax Rate	0.653377 0.653377	0.6533	1	0.653377		0.643377		0.633377	0.6	0.633377	0.652034	1	0.652034	0.0	0.652034	0.652034	52034
Available Tax Rate \$ 1.84662 \$ 1.84662 \$ 1.84662 \$	\$ 1.84662	\$ 1.846	62 ====================================	3 1.84662	↔	1.85662	&	\$ 1.86662	\$ 1	.86662	\$ 1.86662 \$ 1.84797	97 	\$ 1.84797 \$ 1.84797	\$		\$ 1.84797	84797

Note: There is no direct debt limitation in the City Charter or under state law. The City operates under a Home Rule Charter (Article XI, Section 5, Texas Constitution), that limits the maximum tax rate, for all city purposes, to \$2.50 per \$100 assessed valuation. Administratively, the Attorney General of the State of Texas will permit allocation of \$1.50 of the \$2.50 maximum tax rate for general obligation debt service.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

Fiscal Year	Total Revenues ^a	ss: Operating Expenses b	et Available Revenue c]	Debt S Principal	Servi	ce Interest	Times Coverage
		 1	 		<u> </u>			
2014	\$ 9,890,510	\$ 6,965,274	\$ 2,925,236	\$	1,060,000	\$	675,713	1.69
2015	\$ 10,874,750	\$ 7,746,416	\$ 3,128,334	\$	976,000	\$	615,713	1.97
2016	\$ 11,035,471	\$ 7,521,650	\$ 3,513,821	\$	1,111,000	\$	941,888	1.71
2017	\$ 11,925,469	\$ 7,535,900	\$ 4,389,569	\$	1,370,000	\$	796,903	2.03
2018	\$ 12,555,348	\$ 8,744,362	\$ 3,810,986	\$	1,580,819	\$	1,002,773	1.48
2019	\$ 12,555,811	\$ 7,351,257	\$ 5,204,554	\$	1,807,250	\$	1,199,012	1.73
2020	\$ 13,791,147	\$ 7,707,087	\$ 6,084,060	\$	2,053,900	\$	1,341,347	1.79
2021	\$ 14,507,497	\$ 7,868,881	\$ 6,638,616	\$	2,382,400	\$	1,246,767	1.83
2022	\$ 16,939,915	\$ 8,541,625	\$ 8,398,290	\$	2,698,700	\$	1,741,110	1.89
2023	\$ 19,098,382	\$ 11,378,579	\$ 7,719,803	\$	3,362,000	\$	2,739,334	1.27

Notes: a Total Revenues does not include non-operating revenues.

b Operating Expenses only, no transfers or depreciation.

c Includes Principal and Interest

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population ¹	Personal Income	r Capita ncome 2	Median Age 3	Grade School Enrollment 4 (DISD figures only)	Unemployment Rate ⁵
2014	22,722	\$ 507,473,148	\$ 22,334	41.8	2,215	5.70%
2015	22,907	\$ 473,716,760	\$ 20,680	41.8	2,600	4.10%
2016	23,447	\$ 492,036,702	\$ 20,985	39.5	2,555	3.60%
2017	23,654	\$ 528,288,436	\$ 22,334	41.8	2,610	3.00%
2018	24,380	\$ 614,229,720	\$ 25,194	39.5	2,675	3.50%
2019	25,118	\$ 633,802,494	\$ 25,233	39.5	2,660	2.90%
2020	24,860	\$ 625,825,640	\$ 25,174	39.5	3,250	3.90%
2021	24,479	\$ 617,678,607	\$ 25,233	39.5	3,250	3.80%
2022	25,179	\$ 650,021,064	\$ 25,816	40.7	4,674	4.00%
2023	26,800	\$ 847,121,200	\$ 31,609	40.1	4,868	4.30%

Sources:

- Estimated based on demographic data obtained from the Denison Development Alliance and/or US Census Bureau
- $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Estimated~based~on~demographic~data~obtained~from~the~Denison~Development~Alliance~and/or~US} \\ {\rm Census~Bureau} \end{array}$
- Estimated based on demographic data obtained from the Denison Development Alliance and/or US Census Bureau
- 4 Denison ISD Human Resources Department.
- 5 U.S. Department of Labor: http://www.bls.gov/lau/#tables (Unemployment Rates for Metropolitan Areas> Sherman Denison Statistical Area)

City of Denison, Texas

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

				2023			2014	
					Percentage			Percentage
			No. of		of Total City	No. of		of Total City
Name of Employer	Location	Product	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Texoma Medical Center	5016 US Hwy 75 S	Health Care Services	4,000	П	14.93%	1,375	П	6.05%
Ruiz Foods	2410 Texoma Drive	El Monterey Frozen Foods	1,100	2	4.10%	850	3	3.74%
Walmart	4636 US Hwy 75 S	Large Retailer	006	3	3.36%	n/a	n/a	n/a
CIGNA	4636 US Hwy 75 S	Insurance Claims Processing	800	4	2.99%	1,000	2	4.40%
Denison Independent School District	1201 S Rusk	Education - Public Schools	722	D	2.69%	624	4	2.75%
Spectrum Brands - Kwikset	2600 TX-91	Manufacturing	320	9	1.19%	n/a	n/a	n/a
Grayson College	6101 Grayson Dr	Education - College	312	^	1.16%	230	8	1.01%
City of Denison	300 W Main St	Government Agency	303	8	1.13%	310	^	1.36%
Caterpillar Inc	6101 Grayson Dr	Manufacturing	250	6	0.93%	417	D	1.84%
Champion Cooler Corporation	1724 S Scullin Ave	Manufacturing	220	10	0.82%	220	6	%26.0
Novo 1 Contact Center	2415 S Austin Ave	Customer Sales & Service	n/a	n/a	n/a	408	9	1.80%
Denison Industries	22 Fielder Dr	Aluminum Castings	n/a	n/a	n/a	210	10	0.92%
		Total Employment Above:	8,927		33.31%	5,644		24.84%
		Total Estimated Population:	26,800			22,722		

Source: Denison Development Alliance (DDA) website.

City of Denison, Texas

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Full-time	Equivalent Er	Full-time Equivalent Employees for Fiscal Year	iscal Year			
Function / Program	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General government	25	26	27	27	30	31	31	46	43	50
Cemetery	9	гO	Ŋ	Ŋ	гO	4	4	гO	Ŋ	гO
Library	17	12	12	12	14	14	14	10	11	11
Municipal Court	3	8	33	4	4	4	4	Ŋ	8	က
Police & Communications	26	28	09	22	58	09	09	92	72	72
Fire (& EMS)	35	31	62	29	61	61	61	26	09	63
Emergency Medical Services	28	31	ı	ı	0	0	0	0	0	0
Animal Control	7	2	2	2	2	2	8	8	8	က
Public Works	28	51	44	44	43	43	43	35	40	41
Parks and Recreation	15	17	28	28	32	34	34	19	21	22
Water and Sewer Systems	51	55	63	28	56	58	58	89	72	75
11	295	292	306	296	305	311	312	312	330	345

Source: Employee Services Division

Notes: An FTE is determined by converting the hours worked by all employees (both full-time & part-time) under that function/program into the hours equivalent to a full-time worker. An FTE is considered to 2,080 hours (8 hr per day x 5 work days x 52 weeks) for the fiscal year.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAM City of Denison, Texas Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Public Safety Municipal Court										

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function/Program Public Safety Municipal Court Number of cases filed	9,035	5,455	5,852	5,248	3,748	3,567	2,779	3,906	4,637	5,030
Police Physical Arrests Traffic Violations	2,215	1,873	1,994 9,595	1,809	1,197	848 6,672	802	1,411	1,591	1,645
Fire Number of Incidents/Responses ¹	3,992	5,150	4,931	5,413	5,557	5,386	5,048	6,040	5,083	4,887
Animal Control Number of calls	2,826	3,224	3,612	2,609	2,537	3,208	2,670	2,256	2,317	2,300
Public Works Streets maintained (miles)	172.1	172.6	173.2	173.2	174.7	175.3	175.3	175.3	184.5	194.3
Water and Wastewater New connections Annual gallons of water pumped* Miles of water mains maintained	22 1,645,984 217.1	38 1,660,087 219.1	92 1,641,722 219.1	161 1,476,599 221.2	177 1,687,602 223.5	184 1,590,020 223.9	236 1,595,928 228.8	200 1,819,915 228.8	395 1,904,940 261.9	265 1,949,830 268.9

Source: City Departments

Notes: 1. FY2009 is first year that fire engines were sent out with ambulance runs.

Beginning with FY2015 totals include both fire and medical responses.

*in thousands

Indicators are not available for the general government function

City of Denison, Texas
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program Public Safety	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
rouce Stations Patrol Units	1 12	1 13	1 13	1 13	1 13	1 15	1 15	1 15	1 15	1 15
Fire Stations	3	8	3	8	8	ε	ε	ε	8	e
Public Works Streets (miles)	172.1	172.6	173.2	173.2	174.7	175.3	175.3	175.3	184.5	194.3
Parks and Recreation Parks (acreage) Number of playgrounds	348.2 14	348.2 14	338.1 12	338.1 13	400	565.6	565.6	587.7	587.7	587.7 16
Water and Wastewater Water main (miles) Sewer mains (miles) Storm drainage (miles)	217.1 198.6 11.2	219.1 200.0 11.8	219.1 200.1 11.8	221.2 200.6 12.1	223.5 201.9 13.1	223.9 202.3 13.7	228.8 205.7 13.7	228.8 205.7 13.7	261.9 206.8 14.5	268.9 211.6 14.5

Source: City departments

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE (Unaudited)

VALUATION, EXEMPTIONS, AND GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

2022 Tax Year Market Valuation			\$	3,736,572,666
Logo				
Less: Productivity Loss	\$	56,872,740		
Homestead Cap	\$	178,831,619		
Exemption DP - Disabled	\$	5,856,151		
Exemption OV65 - Over 65	\$	34,820,566		
Exemption DV - Disabled Veterans	\$	40,811,920		
Exemption EX - Exempt Property	\$	351,506,085		
Exemption FR	\$	88,084,343		
Exemption AB	\$	4,257,785		
Exemption PC	\$	295,996		
Exemption PPV	\$	18,040		
Exemption SO	\$	1,994,044	\$	763,349,289
2022 Tay Veer Tayahla Accessed Valueties			¢.	2 072 222 277
2022 Tax Year Taxable Assessed Valuation			\$	2,973,223,377
General Obligation Debt Payable from Ad Valorem Taxes			\$	137,735,000
Less: Self-supporting Debt (Combination Tax & Revenue Certi-	ficates of Ob	ligation)	\$	111,102,400
Net General Obligation Debt Payable from Ad Valorem Taxe	es		\$	26,632,600
General Obligation Interest and Sinking Fund as of Septemb	er 30, 2023		\$	1,867,737
Ratio General Obligation Tax Debt to Taxable Assessed Valu	ation			0.90%
2023 Estimated Population				26,800
Per Capita Taxable Assessed Valuation			\$	110,941
Per Capita Net General Obligation Debt Payable f	rom Ad Va	lorem Taxes	\$	5,139

Source: Grayson County Appraisal District - Certified Roll (As of Certification)

TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATIONS BY CATEGORY Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2023			2022		2021		2020		2019	
Category		Amount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
Real-Residential Single-Family	\$	1,815,160,243	56.50%	\$	1,522,844,203	47.40%	\$ 1,133,893,145	45.30%	\$ 980,421,588	44.45% \$	857,100,275	43.49%
Real-Residential Mobile Home	↔	13,968,723	0.43%	↔	11,527,025	0.36%	\$ 7,519,041	0.30%	\$ 8,712,362	0.40%	5,494,764	0.28%
Real-Other Improvements	↔	4,485,452	0.14%	↔	3,724,816	0.12%	\$ 2,691,682	0.11%	\$ 1,962,181	\$ %60.0	1,720,187	0.09%
Real-Residential, Multi-Family	↔	171,456,350	5.34%	↔	132,057,722	4.11%	\$ 92,301,122	3.69%	\$ 47,629,635	2.16% \$	40,188,925	2.04%
Real-Vacant Lots/Tracts	\$	87,670,711	2.73%	↔	78,749,757	2.45%	\$ 54,203,712	2.17%	\$ 43,440,787	1.97% \$	37,310,013	1.89%
Real-Acreage Farm and Ranch	\$	57,260,461	1.78%	€	45,486,631	1.42%	\$ 29,575,726	1.18%	\$ 28,809,461	1.31% \$	22,723,871	1.15%
Real-Undeveloped Land	↔	31,791,739	8 %66.0	↔	22,207,135	%69:0	\$ 20,293,444	0.81%	\$ 15,726,129	0.71% \$	13,524,591	%69:0
Real-Commercial	↔	705,341,878	21.96%	↔	635,489,645	19.78%	\$ 528,720,010	21.12%	\$ 463,682,675	21.02% \$	425,900,291	21.61%
Real-Industrial	↔	53,811,889	1.68%	↔	53,403,968	1.66%	\$ 52,307,766	2.09%	\$ 51,634,507	2.34% \$	47,668,977	2.42%
Real and Intangible Personal, Utilities	\$	67,706,196	2.11%	↔	57,715,021	1.80%	\$ 50,926,474	2.03%	\$ 44,394,936	2.01% \$	42,870,428	2.18%
Tangible Personal, Commercial	↔	165,279,649	5.14%	↔	133,916,391	4.17%	\$ 124,502,423	4.97%	\$ 118,580,027	5.38% \$	108,174,038	5.49%
Tangible Commercial, Industrial	↔	178,543,183	5.56%	↔	186,565,429	5.81%	\$ 156,382,156	6.25%	\$ 175,380,263	7.95% \$	158,207,243	8.03%
Tangible Personal, Mobile Homes	↔	693,935	0.02%	\$	679,317	0.02%	\$ 395,099	0.02%	\$ 410,071	0.02% \$	449,928	0.02%
Tangible Personal, Other	↔	355,781,910	11.07%	↔	319,978,541	%96.6	\$ 241,513,652	9.65%	\$ 217,191,078	9.85% \$	207,200,656	10.51%
Real Property, Inventory	\$	27,620,347	0.86%	\$	8,248,072	0.26%	\$ 7,609,068	0.30%	\$ 7,555,120	0.34% \$	2,473,083	0.13%
Total Appraised Value		3,736,572,666	116.31%		3,212,593,673	100.00%	2,502,834,520	100.00%	2,205,530,820	100.00%	1,971,007,270	100.00%
Less: Total Exemptions/Reductions		235,704,359			198,934,492		54,067,910		85,085,553		64,664,017	
Taxable Assessed Value	8	3,500,868,307	~~	\$	3,013,659,181	- 11	\$ 2,448,766,610	- 11	\$ 2,120,445,267	\$	1,906,343,253	
			1					•				

City of Denison, Texas

TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATIONS BY CATEGORY (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2018		2017		2016			2015		2014	
Category		Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	,	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
Real-Residential Single-Family	\$	734,358,391	40.96% \$	667,525,220	39.76%	\$ 587,302,253	37.00%		566,235,637	\$ %86.28	559,623,842	40.77%
Real-Residential Mobile Home	8	6,280,213	0.35% \$	4,401,753	0.26%	\$ 4,029,401	0.25% \$		3,982,701	0.27% \$	3,886,979	0.28%
Real-Other Improvements	\$	1,540,512	\$ %60.0	1,466,787	0.09%	\$ 1,336,417	\$ %80.0		1,514,841	0.10%	1,458,822	0.11%
Real-Residential, Multi-Family	\$	35,344,836	1.97% \$	30,576,020	1.82%	\$ 30,076,264	1.89% \$		31,909,976	2.14% \$	29,691,769	2.16%
Real-Vacant Lots/Tracts	\$	33,165,813	1.85% \$	33,787,863	2.01%	\$ 28,284,957	1.78% \$		28,829,301	1.93% \$	30,121,292	2.19%
Real-Acreage Farm and Ranch	\$	22,095,042	1.23% \$	21,078,706	1.26%	\$ 21,390,265	1.35% \$		21,688,398	1.45% \$	15,379,772	1.12%
Real-Undeveloped Land	\$	12,479,957	0.70% \$	10,539,000	0.63%	\$ 9,711,330	0.61% \$		8,950,434	\$ %09.0	6,625,957	0.48%
Real-Commercial	\$	381,817,579	21.30% \$	353,777,915	21.07%	\$ 336,482,483	21.20% \$		312,816,944	\$ 20.98% \$	305,451,398	22.25%
Real-Industrial	\$	51,460,502	2.87% \$	53,673,514	3.20%	\$ 52,798,639	3.33% \$		38,837,036	2.61% \$	37,498,437	2.73%
Real and Intangible Personal, Utilities	8	39,250,234	2.19% \$	49,086,040	2.92%	\$ 48,097,814	3.03%		44,869,875	3.01% \$	44,544,120	3.25%
Tangible Personal, Commercial	8	69'996'66	5.58% \$	98,977,449	2.90%	\$ 93,540,112	5.89%		94,281,026	6.32% \$	92,536,831	6.74%
Tangible Commercial, Industrial	8	163,816,357	9.14% \$	167,041,409	6.95%	\$ 186,369,686	11.74% \$		165,902,052	11.13% \$	160,374,293	11.68%
Tangible Personal, Mobile Homes	\$	452,794	0.03% \$	429,433	0.03%	\$ 423,919	0.03%		413,726	0.03%	424,896	0.03%
Tangible Personal, Other	8	205,980,645	11.49% \$	184,973,399	11.02%	\$ 186,363,033	11.74% \$		169,408,224	11.36% \$	83,953,423	6.12%
Real Property, Inventory	\$	4,834,381	0.27% \$	1,488,297	%60.0	\$ 1,143,445	0.07%	_	1,081,880	0.07%	1,004,205	0.07%
Total Appraised Value		1,792,843,949	100.00%	1,678,822,805	100.00%	1,587,350,018	100.00%		1,490,722,051	100.00%	1,372,576,036	100.00%
Less: Total Exemptions/Reductions		47,844,376		49,001,553		26,132,144			24,957,931		19,543,229	
Taxable Assessed Value	\$	1,744,999,573	\$	1,629,821,252		\$ 1,561,217,874	\$		1,465,764,120	\$	1,353,032,807	

Source: Grayson County Central Appraisal District certified taxable assessed values

VALUATION AND GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT HISTORY Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended 9/30	Estimated Population	Certified Assessed Valuation	A V	Taxable Assessed aluation er Capita	-	Net G.O. Fax Debt utstanding at End of Year*	Ratio of Net G.O. Tax Debt to Taxable Assessed Valuation	Net O.O. Tax Debt Per Capita
2014	22,722	\$ 1,353,032,807	\$	59,547	\$	5,435,000	0.40%	\$ 239
2015	22,907	\$ 1,465,764,120	\$	63,988	\$	4,925,000	0.34%	\$ 215
2016	23,447	\$ 1,561,217,874	\$	66,585	\$	4,400,000	0.28%	\$ 188
2017	23,654	\$ 1,629,821,252	\$	68,903	\$	3,860,000	0.24%	\$ 163
2018	24,380	\$ 1,744,999,573	\$	71,575	\$	3,305,000	0.19%	\$ 136
2019	25,118	\$ 1,906,343,253	\$	75,896	\$	5,540,000	0.29%	\$ 221
2020	24,860	\$ 2,120,445,267	\$	85,295	\$	8,825,000	0.42%	\$ 355
2021	24,479	\$ 2,448,766,610	\$	100,035	\$	7,605,000	0.31%	\$ 311
2022	25,179	\$ 3,013,659,181	\$	119,689	\$	6,480,000	0.22%	\$ 257
2023	26,800	\$ 3,500,868,307	\$	130,629	\$	6,480,000	0.19%	\$ 242

Sources: Certified Assessed Valuation obtained from the Grayson County Appraisal District

Notes: * Does not include self-supporting debt

TAX RATE LEVY AND COLLECTION HISTORY

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Interest and					% of Total Tax
Fiscal	Tax	General	9	Sinking	Total		urrent Tax	% of Levy	Collections
Year	Rate	Fund		Fund	Tax Levy	(Collections	Collected	to Tax Levy
2014	\$ 0.653377	\$ 0.581121	\$	0.072256	\$ 6,691,394	\$	6,679,697	97.87%	99.83%
2015	\$ 0.653377	\$ 0.569980	\$	0.083397	\$ 7,055,238	\$	7,043,901	98.19%	99.84%
2016	\$ 0.653377	\$ 0.575883	\$	0.077494	\$ 7,501,037	\$	7,488,271	98.41%	99.83%
2017	\$ 0.643377	\$ 0.578521	\$	0.064856	\$ 8,309,353	\$	8,291,473	99.78%	99.78%
2018	\$ 0.633377	\$ 0.530791	\$	0.102586	\$ 8,688,391	\$	8,666,249	99.75%	99.75%
2019	\$ 0.633377	\$ 0.521438	\$	0.111939	\$ 9,520,567	\$	9,492,589	99.71%	99.71%
2020	\$ 0.652034	\$ 0.556902	\$	0.095132	\$ 10,811,380	\$	10,773,941	99.65%	99.65%
2021	\$ 0.652034	\$ 0.554667	\$	0.097367	\$ 11,779,085	\$	11,725,850	99.55%	99.55%
2022	\$ 0.652034	\$ 0.554667	\$	0.097367	\$ 12,737,290	\$	12,622,619	99.10%	99.10%
2023	\$ 0.652034	\$ 0.576537	\$	0.075497	\$ 15,924,647	\$	15,573,481	97.79%	97.79%

Source: Grayson County Tax Assessor & Collector Recap & Standings Report

INTEREST AND SINKING FUND BUDGET PROJECTION September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Tax Supported Debt Service Requirements, Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2023	\$	3,430,414
Tax Supported Other Fees & Payments	\$	33,920
Interest and Sinking Fund, September 30, 2023 \$ 986,4	55	
Budgeted Interest and Sinking Fund Tax Levy \$ 4,270,6	16	
Budgeted Interest for Interest and Sinking Fund \$ 75,0	00	
	\$	5,332,071
Estimated Balance, September 30, 2023	\$	1,867,737

MUNICIPAL SALES TAX HISTORY

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Economic velopment	City of Denison	 Total Collected	% of Ad Valorem Tax Levy	Ac	quivalent of I Valorem Fax Rate	Per apita
2014	\$ 1,383,599	\$ 4,154,796	\$ 5,538,395	82.77%	\$	0.540793	\$ 244
2015	\$ 1,483,577	\$ 4,450,730	\$ 5,934,307	84.11%	\$	0.549569	\$ 259
2016	\$ 1,561,591	\$ 4,684,773	\$ 6,246,364	83.27%	\$	0.483293	\$ 266
2017	\$ 1,719,068	\$ 5,157,204	\$ 6,876,272	82.75%	\$	0.532416	\$ 291
2018	\$ 1,860,856	\$ 5,582,867	\$ 7,443,723	85.67%	\$	0.542642	\$ 305
2019	\$ 1,903,653	\$ 5,710,960	\$ 7,614,613	79.98%	\$	0.506579	\$ 303
2020	\$ 2,037,412	\$ 6,112,237	\$ 8,149,650	75.38%	\$	0.491505	\$ 328
2021	\$ 2,190,355	\$ 6,571,066	\$ 8,761,421	74.41%	\$	0.485177	\$ 358
2022	\$ 2,425,911	\$ 7,277,734	\$ 9,703,645	76.18%	\$	0.496739	\$ 385
2023	\$ 2,750,375	\$ 8,251,124	\$ 11,001,499	69.08%	\$	0.450456	\$ 411

CASH AND INVESTMENTS FOR PRIMARY GOVERNMENT September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Type of Investment		
Cash on Hand	0.01%	\$ 6,625
Savings and Checking Accounts	53.88%	\$ 44,394,381
Money Market Accounts	1.74%	\$ 1,434,244
Governmental Pool Accounts	43.39%	\$ 35,754,827
Certificates of Deposit	0.98%	\$ 806,126
	100.00%	\$ 82,396,203





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Denison, Texas:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Denison, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Denison, Texas basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2024.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Denison, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Denison, Texas internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Denison, Texas' internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that

a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2023-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Denison, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully,

BrooksWatson & Co., PLLC

14950 Heathrow Forest Pkwy | Ste 530

Brook Watson & Co.

Houston, TX 77032

March 15, 2024